MASON Industries, inc

manufacturers of noise and vibration control products and seismic restraint systems



MASON INDUSTRIES, INC.

SEISMIC MANUAL

SEISMIC RESTRAINT GUIDELINES For SUSPENDED PIPING, DUCTWORK, ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS and FLOOR & ROOF MOUNTED EQUIPMENT

Twelfth Edition, March 2020



MASON INDUSTRIES, INC.

350 Rabro Drive • Hauppauge, NY 11788 • 631/348-0282 • FAX 631/348-0279 2101 W. Crescent Ave., Suite D • Anaheim, CA 92801 • 714/535-2727 • FAX 714/535-5738 Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com

INTRODUCTION TO THE MARCH 2020 EDITION OF THE MASON SEISMIC MANUAL

The March 2020 edition of the Mason Industries Seismic Manual includes our **OSHPD Approved Seismic Re**straint Guidelines for Suspended Piping, Ductwork, and Electrical Systems OPA-0349 and also includes our Seismic Restraint Guidelines for Floor and Roof Mounted Equipment, which has been updated.

The **Seismic Restraint Guidelines for Suspended Piping, Ductwork, and Electrical Systems** is unchanged from the original OSHPD approval. In California all hardware sizes and installation details are valid without additional review on all OSHPD and DSA projects permitted under CBC 2001, 2007 and 2010. The actual bracing requirements for piping, ductwork and conduit must meet the requirements included in the appropriate code cycle and anchor bolt design and selection must be updated to meet the latest code requirements.

New OPM pre-approvals are required on 2013 CBC or newer OSHPD and DSA projects. Refer to FM55A, B, & C and FM67-72 for current OPM pre-approved products. Products will be added as testing is completed and they are OPM approved

OSHPD pre-approvals are also an excellent source of certification for other projects in California and projects outside of California since they are an independent government agency's certification of a product's seismic capacity, based on test results that have been developed, reviewed and approved by the Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development, the California state agency responsible for hospital construction.

New pre-approvals for 2013 CBC or newer OSHPD projects will be assigned an OPM number. Unlike OPA approvals, OSHPD will not assign OPM approvals to individual products but will instead require those products to be included in a distribution system bracing manual or specific equipment bracing standard. For OPM pre-approval consideration OSHPD is requiring a new series of tests based on the cyclic testing methods in Factory Mutual FM-1950 standard for fire sprinkler bracing.

Mason Industries has completed this testing on seismic bracing products included in our new seismic bracing manual for distribution systems. The Mason Industries Seismic Restraint Guidelines for Suspended Distribution Systems is pre-approved by OSHPD for 2013 CBC and 2016 CBC projects as OPM-0043-13. This manual is very specific and includes products and designs that may far exceed the requirements on typical commercial projects. In addition to the distribution systems included in the manual the approval pages and capacities of our solid braces, cable braces and rod bracing can be used when submitting calculations on suspended equipment bracing on a project by project basis. Several pages that include our seismic bracket approvals have been included in the FM section of this manual for reference.

The testing of isolation hangers, restrained isolators and seismic snubbers is not included in FM-1950 and requires significant modification to provide results that are acceptable to OSHPD. The end result of these tests is a listing of strength and stiffness values for each product. These values will be used to determine the acceptance of product on a particular project and included in a distribution system standard or equipment bracing standard.

On equipment with OSP approvals the isolator and restraint products used on a project must have an equivalent stiffness/weight ratio to those isolation products used in the equipment certification tests, and the strength required to handle the actual project seismic requirements. Mason can provide data to qualify our products on OSP approved equipment, regardless of the particular manufacturer of the isolators or braces used in the OSP testing.

While isolator testing is in progress Mason will provide test results and calculations for submittal and approval on a project by project basis on all isolation and bracing products.

The **Seismic Restraint Guidelines for Floor and Roof Mounted Equipment** includes some original information as well as some valuable new information including:

Z-1011 Seismic Snubber Specification (FM36) includes the revised specification for the new OSHPD Approved Z-1011 Seismic Snubbers.

Z-1011 Seismic Snubbers (FM55A to 55C) includes all information on the Z-1011 Seismic Snubber, wincluding submittals, dimensions, and OSHPD certified Load Rating.

MASON INDUSTRIES, INC.

SEISMIC RESTRAINT GUIDELINES For SUSPENDED PIPING, DUCTWORK and ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS



Special Note for Engineers Specifying These Guideline:

These guidelines provide general seismic restraint requirements and details for suspended piping, ductwork and electrical systems. Prior to installation, the support and seismic restraint locations shall be verified by the engineer responsible for the design of the structure. Any deviation from the information presented shall be resolved in accordance with standard engineering practice and be approved by the enforcement agency.

These guidelines may be used for any seismic horizontal acceleration input up to 2.0g. However, component sizes are based on Allowable Stress Design (ASD). Building Codes (i.e. 1997 UBC, 2000 IBC, etc.) are changing to Strength Design based acceleration inputs. To use these guidelines for Strength Design acceleration inputs, divide the seismic horizontal acceleration by the appropriate factor stated in the applicable code to reduce it to an ASD based input. For example, if design is based on the 1997 Uniform Building Code, divide the seismic horizontal acceleration input Fp, as determined in Section 1632, by 1.4 and use the resulting acceleration in these guidelines. (e.g. If Fp = 2.1g based on 1997 UBC, use Fp = 2.1g/1.4 = 1.5g in these guidelines.)

Recommended Specification:

All suspended *piping, ductwork, conduit and cable trays** shall be provided with seismic sway braces in accordance with the Mason Industries Seismic Restraint Guidelines for Suspended Piping, Ductwork and Electrical Systems and the *applicable codes***. Seismic sway braces shall consist of galvanized steel aircraft cables or steel angles/channels. Steel aircraft cables shall be prestretched to establish a certified minimum modulus of elasticity. Cables braces shall be designed to resist seismic tension loads and steel braces shall be designed to resist both tension and compression loads with a minimum safety factor of 2. Brace end connections shall be steel assemblies that swivel to the final installation angle. Do not mix cable and steel braces to brace the same system. Steel angles or strut channels, when required, shall be clamped to the threaded hanger rods at the seismic sway brace locations utilizing a minimum of two ductile iron clamps. The bracing system shall have an Anchorage Preapproval "OPA" Number from OSHPD in the State of California verifying its capability to resist seismic forces. Cable brace assemblies shall be Type SCB, steel brace assemblies shall be Type SCB and multiple anchor load distribution brackets shall be Type SLDB all as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.

*Modify to meet scope of engineer's responsibility. **Modify to include all applicable codes.

	MASON INDUSTRIES, Inc. Manufacturers of Vibration Control Products 350 Rabro Drive Hauppauge, NY 11788 631/348-0282 FAX 631/348-0279 Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com	APPROVED California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development FIXED EQUIPMENT ANCHORAGE OPA-0349 August 5, 2002
Page 2	Dhiru Mali Structural Engineer California SE No. 2811	Bill Staehlin (916) 654-3362

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page(s)
General Notes	4 to 16
Design Procedure for Individually Supported Systems	17 to 20
Design Procedure for Trapeze Supported Systems	21 to 25
Layout of Seismic Bracing	26 to 29
"12 Inch Rule" For Pipes, Conduits or Cable Trays	30
"12 Inch Rule" For Ductwork	31
Hilti Kwik Bolt Anchors	32 to 33
SSRF Bracket Selection Guide	34
SSB Bracket Selection	35
Seismic Restraint Guidelines for Individually Supported Systems	A1 to A4
Vertical Rod Stiffener Guidelines for Individually Supported Systems	B1
Minimum Size of SCBH, SCB and SSB	B2
Seismic Restraint Details for Individually Supported Pipe/Conduit	C1 to C13
Seismic Restraint Guidelines for Individual/Trapeze Supported Systems	D1 to D4
Vertical Rod Stiffener Guidelines for Individual/Trapeze Supported Systems	E1 to E2
Trapeze Support Member Guidelines	E3
Upper Support Member Guidelines for Suspended Rectangular/Oval Ductwork	E4
Seismic Restraint Details for Trapeze Supported Pipe/Conduit	F1 to F9
Seismic Restraint Details for Trapeze Supported Rectangular/Oval Ductwork	F10 to F18
Seismic Restraint Details for Round Ductwork	F19 to F27
Seismic Restraint Details for Trapeze Supported Cable Trays	F28 to F39
Vertical Rod Stiffener Details	G1 to G2
Seismic Cable Brace (SCB) or Seismic Solid Brace (SSB) Attachment Details	H1 to H13
Required Clearance Details for SCBH/SSB Attachment to Duct	H14
Hardware Tightening Requirements	H15
Support Rod Guidelines for Seismic Solid Brace (SSB) Locations	K1 to K4
Support Rod Attachment Details	L1 to L6
Pipe and Conduit Weights	M1 to M3
Duct Weights	N1 to N10
Pipe Risers	R1
Components	X1 to X11
Floor and Roof Mounted Equipment	FM1 to FM102



GENERAL NOTES

- These guidelines are designed to meet the requirements of the California Code of Regulations (CCR), Chapter 16 for essential facilities, the 1997 Uniform Building Code (Refer to Page 15), the 1996 Building Officials Code Administration, the 1997 Southern Building Code Congress International and any other horizontal acceleration input. They address seismic sway bracing for suspended pipe, duct or electrical systems and vertical risers for up to a five-story building. Riser supports must be engineered individually for six story and higher buildings.
- 2. For California hospitals submitted prior to November 1, 2002 and designed in accordance with the 1998 CCR, all restraints and their anchorages must be capable of restraining horizontal accelerations as follows. For nonstructural components:

Fp = Seismic Horizontal Force = Z x 1 x Cp x Wp Z = Zone Factor = 0.3 for Zone 3, 0.4 for Zone 4 I = Importance Factor = 1.5 for Essential Facilities Cp = Horizontal Force Factor = 0.75 for Mechanical/Electrical Systems Wp = Operating Weight of Pipe, Duct and/or Electrical Systems <u>Therefore, Fp = 0.34g for Zone 3, 0.45g for Zone 4</u>

Note: The Engineer of Record shall determine the horizontal acceleration for non-California hospital projects when using these guidelines.

3. A complete description on how to use these guidelines is provided on pages 17 to 29. It includes specific examples for both using the enclosed details/ charts and layout of bracing for individual and trapeze supported systems.

Notes on Seismic Bracing:

- 1. These guidelines list installations, which may be exempt from bracing. However, the engineer of record shall be responsible for determining whether to allow the exceptions.
- 2. Each straight pipe, duct or electrical run with two or more supports requires a minimum of two transverse braces (perpendicular to the run). (Option: A longitudinal brace on the opposite side of an elbow or tee may act as a transverse brace. Refer to the layout examples detailed on pages 26 to 29.)
- 3. Each straight pipe, duct or electrical run requires a minimum of one longitudinal brace (parallel to the run). (Option: A transverse brace on the opposite side of an elbow or tee can sometimes act as a longitudinal brace. Refer to the layout examples detailed on pages 26 to 29.)

	MASON INDUSTRIES, Inc. Manufacturers of Vibration Control Products 350 Rabro Drive Hauppauge, NY 11788 631/348-0282 FAX 631/348-0279 Info@Mason-Ind.com	APPROVED California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development FIXED EQUIPMENT ANCHORAGE OPA-0349 August 5, 2002
Page 4	Dhiru Mali Structural Engineer California SE No. 2811	Bill Staehlin (916) 654-3362

- 4. Transverse and longitudinal brace shall be installed up to 45 degrees or 1(Vert.): 1(Horiz.) brace angle ratio from horizontal. Brace spacing or maximum weight per foot (meter) can be reduced to allow up to 1.5:1 or 2:1 brace angle ratios. Consult Mason Industries for braces installed at an angle higher than a 2:1 ratio.
- 5. Seismic bracing may consist of solid bracing designed to accept loads in tension and compression or cable bracing designed to accept tension loads only. Each brace method requires a vertical hanger at or within 4" (*102 mm*) of their attachment to the mechanical or electrical system. The vertical hanger may or may not require stiffening or additional anchorage to the structure (Refer to Notes on Supports).
- 6. Do not mix solid bracing with cable bracing in the same direction on any run of a mechanical or electrical system.
- 7. Do not brace a system to two different parts of a building, which may act differently in response to an earthquake. For example, avoid connecting a transverse brace to a wall and a longitudinal brace to a floor or roof at the same brace location.
- 8. Systems with significant thermal motion shall be designed on a case by case basis by a professional engineer familiar with both seismic loading and thermal expansion.
- 9. Seismic brace requirements for individually supported and trapeze supported systems including maximum transverse and longitudinal spacing; aircraft cable and solid brace member size; and attachment to the building structure are tabulated in Section A and D, respectively.
- 10. Seismic brace requirements for a trapeze supported system in Section D are based on the maximum total weight per foot (meter). In addition, the maximum total weight per foot (meter) in Section D can be used to determine seismic brace requirements for individually supported systems. Note: If the load on the trapeze is not equally distributed to each support rod, the maximum total weight per foot (meter) used to determine longitudinal brace requirements must be equal to 2 times the maximum loaded rod.
- 11. All components supported by a trapeze member must be clamped or bolted down to the trapeze. Pipes set in rollers or other thermal expansion supports only require clamping at seismic brace locations designed to prevent uplift but allow for thermal motion. Friction connections must have approved or tested values, such as strut nuts and bolts torqued to manufacturer's requirements.
- 12. Multiple or stacked trapezes that share support rods must be braced independently from one another. Each section of threaded rod between trapezes and/or the building structure is subject to vertical stiffening requirements of pages E1 or E2 (Refer to Notes on Supports).



- 13. Vertical drops from suspended systems to equipment (or flexible connectors where applicable) may be braced using the transverse and longitudinal braces in this manual. *Note:* Do not exceed 1/2 of the maximum brace spacing as measured from the seismic brace to the equipment of flexible connector when bracing vertical drops. (Refer to Layout of the Seismic Braces, page 29)
- 14. Any system which crosses a building separation or seismic joint must be designed accommodate 2 times the joint width displacements or as specified by the engineer of record for approval by the enforcement agency.

Notes on Supports:

- 1. Where the seismic brace system incorporates the use of a threaded vertical hanger and designed to carry gravity loads only, additional anchorage and/or stiffening may be required as detailed. General support of pipe, duct and electrical systems to carry gravity loads shall be determined by the engineer of record and/or mechanical, plumbing or electrical code requirements. The use of "C-Clamps" designed to attach threaded rod to one side of a steel beam flange shall not be used unless they are provided with a restraining strap or hook to the opposite beam flange. Pipe clevis shall be provided with pipe insulation protection shields o protect the insulation as per MSS-SP-69. When insulation is removed to facilitate the installation of pipe clamps or other hardware, the mechanical engineer shall provide details for the re-insulation of the pipe.
- 2. Support rod capacity and its anchorage to the structure is an important part of a solid bracing system. Solid braces shall not be attached to existing systems or support rods designed for gravity loads unless they are checked for increased tension loads. Section K of these guidelines tabulates the seismic tension load applied to the support rod at solid brace locations.
- Threaded vertical hanger rods where seismic sway bracing is attached may require stiffening. A 3. vertical rod stiffener can be done two ways. One way is with a steel angle cut to the appropriate length attached to the threaded rod with a minimum of two Seismic Rod Clamps (Mason type SRC). The second way is with strut channel cut to the appropriate length and attached to the threaded rod with a minimum of two Strut Channels (Mason type UCC). Maximum spacing will be as tabulated on pages B1, E1, E2, X5 and X5C. Installation of the threaded vertical hanger rod, with or without a stiffener, must conform to the details on pages G1 and G2 including maximum distance to the clamp from each end. Vibration isolation hangers (neoprene, spring, or combination of the two) must be installed within 3/8" (10 mm) of the structure with a vertical limit stop 1/4" (6 mm) from the underside of the hanger housing. Page B1 tabulates the maximum unbraced rod length (the maximum length of the rod allowed *without* a stiffener) and the maximum braced rod length (the maximum length of the rod allowed *with* a stiffener) for up to 24" (610 mm) diameter pipe (or the tabulated maximum weight per foot (meter) of an individually supported system). Pages E1 and E2 tabulate the same information for trapeze supported systems. Page E1 is based on SCB/SSB size and rod diameter, and page E2 is based on maximum total weight.

MASON INDUSTRIES, Inc. Manufacturers of Vibration Control Products350 Rabro Drive Hauppauge, NY 11788 631/348-0282 FAX 631/348-02792101 W. Crescent Ave., Suite D Anaheim, CA 92801 714/535-2727 FAX 714/535-5738Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com		APPROVED California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development FIXED EQUIPMENT ANCHORAGE OPA-0349 August 5, 2002	
Page 6	Dhiru Mali Structural Engineer California SE No. 2811	Bill Staehlin (916) 654-3362	

- 4. Vibration isolation hangers at seismic sway brace locations must be installed with the top of the hanger housing flush with the structural support surface. In the case of combination spring and neoprene hangers (Mason type PC30N), a space of up to 3/8" (*10 mm*) between the top of the hanger housing and the structure due to the deflection of the neoprene element is acceptable, as detailed throughout these guidelines.
- 5. Trapeze supports shall consist of steel angles, back to back channels, or 12 gauge (*2.7 mm*) single or double channel strut. Determine trapeze size based on load and spacing between vertical supports on page E3. Threaded rods shall attach to the trapeze with nuts and washers on both the top and bottom.

Notes on Seismic Cable Bracing:

- 1. Cables shall be prestretched galvanized 7x19 strand core aircraft cable with no limit to their installed length. *Note:* Horizontal accelerations defined in general note 2 or by applicable code must be multiplied by 2 if non-prestretched cable is used.
- 2. Cables shall be installed such that the only visible slack is that due to cable sag. Cables shall not support gravity loads.
- 3. Cables shall be attached to both the mechanical/electrical system and the structure using the seismic cable brace components (Mason Type SCB (H,V). Refer to pages X1, X2 and X3).
- 4. The SCB cable bolts shall be installed per the torque requirements tabulated on pages X1, X2 and X3.
- 5. The SCBH component can be used for attachment directly to the threaded vertical hanger rod used for supporting system gravity loads as detailed in Sections C and F.
- 6. The SCBV component can be used for attachment to steel beams in lieu of bolting or welding as detailed on page H12. Note: Installation of the SCBV must be perpendicular to the steel beam.

Notes on Seismic Solid Bracing:

1. Solid bracing members shall be steel angle or 12 gauge (*2.7 mm*) channel strut. The charts in sections A and D tabulate the minimum solid brace size based on a maximum solid brace length of 9'-6" (*2.9 m*). The chart on page X4 allows for a different solid brace member size if the maximum installed length is 5'-0" (*1.5 m*) or 14'-6" (*4.4 m*).



- Solid brace members shall be attached to both the mechanical/electrical system and the structure using the seismic solid brace components (Mason Type SSB (U) or SSBS. Refer to pages X4 and X11).
- 3. As stated in "Notes on Supports", the support rod attachment at seismic solid brace locations must be designed to accept the seismic tension load tabulated in Section K in addition to the gravity load.

Notes on Seismic Attachment to the Building Structure:

- 1. Attachment to the building structure is the determining factor in the design of seismic sway bracing. Lightweight structures may limit the maximum spacing between seismic braces. The engineer of record shall determine the maximum allowable seismic loads for the building structure.
- 2. Attachment to four different types of structures is addressed separately. Attachment to a minimum 6" (*152 mm*) thick, 3000 psi (*20680 kPa*) stone aggregate concrete slab using expansion anchors; a minimum 3000 psi (*20680 kPa*) lightweight concrete filled metal deck using expansion anchors; a steel structure using bolts, welds or seismic clamps (Mason Type SCBV only, Refer to page X3.) or a wood structure with Lag Screws. Attachments not addressed or detailed must be engineered on an individual job basis subject to approval by the enforcement agency. *Note:* The engineer of record shall determine which attachment details in Section H of this manual are acceptable for steel structures.
- 3. Expansion anchors shall be ITW Ramset/Trubolt Wedge Anchors for 3000 psi (20680 kPa) stone aggregate concrete slabs and 3000 psi (20680 kPa) stone aggregate or lightweight concrete filled decks installed in accordance with ICBO Report ER-1372/1997, Tables 7, 8, 9 and 14. When expansion anchors are used, 50 percent of alternate bolts in a group shall be tension tested or torque tested to the test values tabulated on page X8. Testing shall be done in the presence of the project inspector and a report of the test results shall be submitted to the enforcement agency. If any anchors fail, the enforcement agency shall determine the additional testing requirements. *Note:* This is not a standard UBC, BOCA or SBCCI requirement and may not be required for commercial buildings.
- 4. All welded connections shall be minimum 70xx electrode welds. *Note:* This is not a standard UBC, BOCA or SBCCI requirement and may not be required for commercial buildings. Charts support the use of 60xx electrode welds on Non-OSHPD/DSA projects.

	MASON INDUSTRIES, Inc. Manufacturers of Vibration Control Products 350 Rabro Drive Hauppauge, NY 11788 631/348-0282 FAX 631/348-0279 Info@Mason-Ind.com	APPROVED California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development FIXED EQUIPMENT ANCHORAGE OPA-0349 August 5, 2002
Page	Dhiru Mali Structural Engineer California SE No. 2811	Bill Staehlin (916) 654-3362

- Metal decks shall be minimum 20 gauge (0.9mm) with a maximum 3" (76 mm) flute and minimum 6" (152mm) total thickness from bottom of flute to top of concrete fill. Concrete fill shall be minimum 3000 psi (20680 kPa) lightweight concrete. Note: Metal decks with minimum 3000 psi (20680 kPa) stone aggregate concrete fill may use the lightweight concrete deck charts.
- 6. Concrete attachments are based on specified anchor bolts or inserts. Substitution of alternate anchors must be approved by Mason Industries (and the enforcement agency where applicable) on a job by job basis.
- 7. For structures with concrete waffle slabs use the stone aggregate concrete slab charts while following the minimum edge distance requirements of the expansion anchors and/or inserts. Seismic Cable Brace, Mason Type SCB, Seismic Solid Brace, Mason Type SSB, and Seismic Solid Brace Strut Anchor Mason Type SSB components may be attached to the side of the vertical potion of the waffle as long as the brace angle ratio of the SCB or SSB relative to the surface of the concrete does not exceed 2:1.
- 8. When installing drilled-in anchors in existing non-prestressed reinforced concrete, use care and caution to avoid cutting or damaging reinforcing bars. When installing them in existing prestressed concrete, locate the prestressed tendons by using a non-destructive method and avoid cutting or damaging the tendons during installation.
- 9. Seismic Load Distribution Brackets shall be installed where (2) or (4) bolts are required for attachment to a concrete slab or deck. (Mason Type SLDB. Refer to pages X9 and X10).
- Lag screws shall be installed into a wood structure with regard to minimum edge and end distances tabulated on Page H13. Wood must have a minimum specific gravity of 0.35, which includes Douglas Fir, Pine and Redwood. The Structural Engineer of Record shall verify wood specific gravity, connection detail and capability of structure to resist seismic loads indicated on page H13.

Notes on Suspended Piping:

- 1. Seismic restraints are required for the following installations:
 - A. All fuel oil, gas, medical gas, compressed air, vacuum and other potentially hazardous piping systems unless specifically excepted by the engineer of record.
 - B. All piping 11/4" (*32 mm*) nominal diameter and larger located in boiler, mechanical equipment and refrigeration mechanical rooms.
 - C. All other piping 21/2" (64 mm) nominal diameter and larger.



Exception:

All piping suspended by individual hanger rods 12" (*305 mm*) or less as measured from the top of the pipe to the bottom of the support where the hanger is attached. If the 12" (*305mm*) limit is exceeded by any hanger in the run, seismic bracing is required for the run. *Note:* A single support location that meets the requirement of this exception does not constitute a seismic sway brace location.

The exception also applies for trapeze supported systems if the distance as measured from the point of attachment to the trapeze to the point of attachment to the structure is less than 12" (*305 mm*). *Note:* If directional changes or offsets to equipment connections do not allow for flexibility of the trapezed system (e.g. long offsets or flexible connectors) then the system must be braced regardless of pipe diameter or distance to the structure if the combined weight per foot (*meter*) of all items is greater than 10 lbs/ft (*14.9 kg/m*).

Page 30 of these guidelines details the "12 inch Rule" for suspended piping.

In addition, to meet the 1997 Uniform Building Code CBC/2001, all of the following conditions must also be satisfied:

- 1. Lateral motion of piping will not cause damaging impact with surrounding systems (e.g. other pipe, duct, equipment, sprinkler heads etc.) or cause loss of system vertical support.
- 2. Piping must be made of ductile material with ductile connections (e.g. welded steel pipe, brazed copper pipe, etc.)
- 3. Vertical support connections cannot develop moments (e.g. swivel joints, eye bolts, vibration isolation hangers, etc.)
- 2. Steel and copper pipe with welded or brazed connections shall be braced at the spacings shown in these guidelines. Transverse brace spacing shall not exceed 50 feet (*15.2 m*) up to 0.25g, 40 feet (*12.2 m*) up to 1.0g, and 20 feet (*6.1 m*) up to 2.0g. Maximum longitudinal spacing shall not exceed 80 feet (*24.4 m*) up to 1.0g, and 40 feet (*12.2 m*) up to 2.0g. Steel and copper pipe with screwed connections brace spacing shall not exceed 1/2 the spacing listed in these guidelines. All pipe must be considered full of water when determining seismic brace requirements unless specifically engineered otherwise.
- Cast iron pipe (no hub pipe) brace spacings shall not exceed 1/2 the spacings listed in note 2 above. In addition, braces shall be installed at each side of a change in direction of 90° or more. Cast iron pipe shall be considered full of water when determining weight.
- 4. Piping with grooved pipe assemblies UL listed for Standard 213 shall be braced at spacings not to exceed those listed in note 2 above. Non-UL listed grooved pipe assemblies brace spacings shall not exceed 1/2 the spacings listed in note 2 above.

MASON INDUSTRIES, Inc. Manufacturers of Vibration Control Products350 Rabro Drive Hauppauge, NY 11788 631/348-0282 FAX 631/348-02792101 W. Crescent Ave., Suite D Anaheim, CA 92801 714/535-2727 FAX 714/535-5738 Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com		APPROVEDCalifornia Office of Statewide Health Planning and DevelopmentFIXED EQUIPMENT ANCHORAGE OPA-0349OPA-0349	
Page 10	Dhiru Mali Structural Engineer California SE No. 2811	Bill Staehlin (916) 654-3362	

- 5. For PVC, PVDF, FRP and other specialty piping, brace spacings shall not exceed 1/2 the spacings listed in note 2 above. Braces can be selected for the actual pipe weight at these spacings.
- 6. Gas, fuel oil, vacuum, medical gas and compressed air piping brace spacings shall not exceed the maximum spacings listed in note 2 above. Piping constructed other than those listed in note 2 must follow the requirements of notes 3, 4 and 5.
- 7. Transverse restraints for insulated pipe shall be installed on clevis, J-Hanger or roller hanger supports sized to fit over insulation inserts and on trapeze supports where the insulation insert is supported by the trapeze and the clamp is sized to fit over the insulation insert.
- 8. Longitudinal restraints for all pipes shall be attached directly to the pipe using a pipe clamp hanger or a standard pipe clamp within 4" (*102 mm*) of a vertical support. Where required, insulation shall be installed over the pipe clamp so the pipe clamp is in direct contact with the pipe. The Engineer of Record is responsible for determining and detailing if a special clamp is required to prevent breaking the vapor barrier for chilled water systems.
- 9. The pipe weights tabulated in Section A are based on schedule 40 steel pipe for up to 12" (305 mm) diameter, schedule 30 steel pipe for 14" (356 mm) to 18" (457 mm) diameter and schedule 20 for 20" (508 mm) and 24" (610 mm) diameters. Weights also include water and insulation. Verify the maximum weight per foot (meter) listed in the column next to pipe size when determining seismic brace requirements tabulated in Section A. Section M of these guidelines tabulates the weight per foot (meter) for steel, copper, PVC and cast iron pipe.

Notes on Suspended Ductwork:

- 1. Seismic restraints are required for the following installations:
 - A. All ductwork containing hazardous gases or exhaust unless specifically excepted by the engineer of record.
 - B. All rectangular and square ducts 6 square feet (*0.56 m2*) and larger in cross sectional area and round ducts 28" (*711 mm*) and larger in diameter.

Exception:

All ducts suspended by hanger straps 12" (*305 mm*) or less in length as measured from top of the duct to the point of attachment to the structure. Hangers must be attached within 2" (*51 mm*) of the top of the duct with a minimum of two #10 sheet metal screws. If any hanger in the run exceeds the 12" (*305 mm*) limit, seismic bracing is required for the run. *Note:* A single support location that meets the requirements of this exception does not constitute a seismic sway brace location.



The exception also applies for trapeze supported systems if the distance as measured from the point attachment to the trapeze to the point of attachment to the structure is less than 12" (*305 mm*). Note: If directional changes or offsets to equipment connections do not allow for flexibility of the trapezed system (e.g. long offsets or flexible connectors) then the system must be braced regardless of duct size or distance to the structure if the combined weight per foot (meter) of all items is greater than 10 lbs/ft (*14.9 kg/m*).

Page 31 of these guidelines details the "12 Inch Rule" for ductwork.

In addition, to meet the 1997 Uniform Building Code CBC/2001, all of the following conditions must be satisfied:

- 1. Lateral motion of ductwork will not cause damaging impact with surrounding systems (e.g. other ducts, pipes, equipment, sprinkler heads etc.) or cause loss of system vertical support.
- 2. Ductwork must be made of ductile material with ductile connections.
- 3. Vertical support connections cannot develop moments (e.g. swivel joints, eye bolts, vibration isolation hangers, etc.)
- 2. Ductwork conforming to SMACNA standards, including but not limited to duct construction and joint connections, shall be braced at a maximum transverse spacing of 40 feet (*12.2 m*) up to 0.25g, 30 feet (*9.1 m*) up to 1.0g, and 20 feet (*6.1 m*) up to 2.0g. Maximum longitudinal spacing shall be 80 feet (*24.4 m*) at 0.25g, 60 feet (*18.3 m*) up to 1.0g, and 40 feet (*12.2 m*) up to 2.0g.
- 3. Ductwork constructed of non-ductile materials or non-ductile connections, such as specialty plastic or fiberglass ductwork, shall be braced at 1/2 the spacings listed in note 2 above.
- 4. Rectangular and oval ductwork shall be stiffened at seismic brace locations with a trapeze support member sized to carry the gravity load of the ductwork; a minimum of (2) threaded vertical hanger rods and an upper support member over top of the duct. The trapeze and upper support members must be fastened to the ductwork with #10 sheet metal screws spaced at maximum 12" (*305mm*) centers. Refer to Pages E3 and E4 for sizing of the trapeze and upper support members.
- 5. Multiple ducts may be combined in a single framed and braced based on the combined duct weight.
- 6. Wall penetrations may be considered transverse brace locations where duct is tightly blocked unless smoke dampers are installed in the wall.



- 7. Floor penetrations of vertical duct may be considered transverse and longitudinal brace locations where duct is tightly blocked and the distance from the floor penetration to the inside of the 90 degree turn horizontal is less than 2 duct widths. Floor penetrations may be considered transverse brace locations where duct is tightly blocked unless smoke dampers are installed in the floor.
- 8. Devices mounted in-line and rigidly attached to the ductwork at both ends must be braced independently from the ductwork if the unit weight is 50 lbs (*23 kg*) or greater <u>or</u> the unit weighs between 20 lbs (*9 kg*) and 49 lbs (*22 kg*) and is separated from the duct with a flexible connector. Flexible connections between the device and associated pipings should be provided <u>or</u> the unit is attached to braced piping, and flexible piping connectors are not used.
- 9. Section N of these guidelines tabulates duct weight per foot (*meter*) for rectangular and round ductwork of different sizes and gages.
- 10. If a 2 piece rod is used to support ductwork, minimum engagement of the rod shall be 1/3 of the coupling nut length. Rods shall be run up tight in the coupling nut.

Notes on Suspended Electrical Systems:

- 1. Seismic braces are required for the following installations:
 - A. All conduit 21/2" (64 mm) trade size and larger.
 - B. All cable trays with weights greater than 10 lbs/ft (14.9 kg/m).

Exception:

All conduit or cable trays suspended by individual hanger rods 12" (*305 mm*) or less as measured from the to of the conduit or cable tray to the bottom of the support where the hanger is attached. However, if any hanger in the run exceeds the 12" (*305 mm*) limit, seismic bracing is required for the run. Note: A single support location that meets the requirements of this exception does not constitute a seismic sway brace location.

The exception also applies for trapeze supported systems if the distance as measured from the point of attachment to the trapeze to the point of attachment to the structure is less than 12" (305 mm). Note: If directional changes or offsets to equipment connections do not allow for flexibility of the trapezed system (e.g. long offsets or flexible connectors) then the system must be braced regardless of conduit size or distance to the structure if the combined weight per foot (*meter*) of all items is greater than 10 lbs/ft (14.9 kg/m).

Page 30 of these guidelines details the "12 Inch Rule" for suspended electrical systems.



In addition, to meet the 1997 Uniform Building Code CBC/2001, all of the following conditions must be satisfied:

- 1. Lateral motion of electrical system will not cause damaging impact with surrounding systems (e.g. other electrical systems, ducts, pipes, equipment, etc.) or cause loss of system vertical support.
- 2. Electrical system must be made of ductile material with ductile connections.
- 3. Vertical support connections cannot develop moments (e.g. swivel joints, eye bolts etc.)
- 2. Conduits and cable trays shall be braced at the spacings shown in these guidelines. Transverse brace spacing shall not exceed 50 feet (*15.2 m*) up to 0.25g, 40 feet (*12.2 m*) up to 1.0g, and 20 feet (*6.1 m*) up to 2.0g. Maximum longitudinal spacing shall not exceed 80 feet (*24.4 m*) up to 1.0g, and 40 feet (*12.2 m*) up to 2.0g.
- Transverse restraints for conduit or cable trays shall be installed at general support locations. Connection of the restraint to the support shall be at the support rod connection to the hanger or cable tray.
- 4. Longitudinal restraints for conduits shall be attached directly to the conduit using a pipe clamp hanger or a standard pipe clamp within 4" (*102 mm*) of a vertical support. Longitudinal restraints for cable trays shall be at the support rod connection to the cable tray.
- 5. The charts in Section A or D may be used to determine seismic restraint components and their anchorage for conduits or cable trays. Section M of these guidelines tabulates the weight per foot *(meter)* of steel conduit with maximum conductor fill.

Notes on Vertical Risers:

- 1. Vertical pipe, duct or electrical systems supported at each floor up to a five story building shall be considered seismically braced if the penetration through each floor is tightly packed. Refer to Page R1 for support details.
- Vertical risers in an open shaft must be attached to the supports with connections sized to accept the horizontal seismic loads. Support spacing shall not exceed 40 feet (*12.2 m*) up to 0.25g, 30 feet (*9.1 m*) up to 1.0g and 20 feet (*6.1 m*) up to 2.0g. Supports and connections must be engineered on a job by job basis subject to approval by the enforcement agency.
- 3. Vertical cast iron pipe risers attached with shield and clamp assemblies must be stiffened at the connection points of any unsupported section of pipe. Refer to Page R1 for stiffening details.

MASSON INDUSTRIES, Inc. Manufacturers of Vibration Control Products350 Rabro Drive Hauppauge, NY 11788 631/348-0282 FAX 631/348-02792101 W. Crescent Ave., Suite D Anaheim, CA 92801 714/535-2727 FAX 714/535-5738 Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com		APPROVED California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development FIXED EQUIPMENT ANCHORAGE OPA-0349 August 5, 2002	
Page 14	Dhiru Mali Structural Engineer California SE No. 2811	Bill Staehlin (916) 654-3362	

1997 Uniform Building Code

As defined in the 1997 Uniform Building Code 2001 CBC, Chapter 16, Section 1632/1632A, the seismic horizontal force, Fp, may be calculated using the following formula:

$$F_{p} = \frac{a_{p} C_{a} I_{p}}{R_{p}} \left(1 + 3 \frac{h_{x}}{h_{r}}\right) W_{p}$$

Except that: F_p shall not be less than 0.7 $C_a I_p W_p$ and need not be more than 4 $C_a I_p W_p$. Where:

W_p = Operating Weight of Pipe, Duct and/or Electrical System

- a_p = Component Amplification Factor
 - = 1.0 for Suspended Piping, Ductwork or Electrical Systems.
- R_p = Component Response Modification Factor
 - = 3.0 for Suspended Piping, Ductwork or Electrical Systems.
 - = 1.5 for installations using concrete anchors with an embedment length-to-diameter ratio less 8. (e.g. a 1/2" (*13 mm*) diameter concrete anchor embedded less 4" (*104 mm*))
- I_p = Importance Factor

1.5 for Essential Facilities such as Hospitals, Fire or Police Stations, etc., hazardous facilities and life-safety systems.

1.0 for all other Occupancies. Refer to 1997 UBC Table 16-K.

- C_a = Seismic Coefficient derived from the Seismic Zone, Soil Properties and Proximity to Known Earthquake Faults summarized in 1997 UBC Tables 16-I, 16-Q and 16-S.
- h_x = Element or Component Attachment Elevation with respect to grade. H_x shall not be taken less than 0.0.

 h_r = Structure Roof Elevation with respect to grade.

Example:

Piping is suspended on the 1st floor of a 50 foot (15.2 m) high, 3-story office building. The piping is actually suspended from the 2nd floor which has an elevation of 15 feet (4.6 m) from grade. The building is located in Seismic Zone 3 on Soil Type SD which results in a Seismic Coefficient, $C_a = 0.36$.

$$F_{p} = \frac{a_{p} C_{a} I_{p}}{R_{p}} \left(1 + 3 \frac{h_{x}}{h_{r}}\right) W_{p} = \frac{(1.0)(0.36)(1.0)}{3.0} \left(1 + 3 \frac{15}{50}\right) W_{p} = 0.23 W_{p} = 0.23 g$$



2000 International Building Code

As defined in the 2000 International Building Code, Chapter 16, Section 1621, the seismic horizontal force, F_p, may be calculated using the following formula:

$$F_{p} = \frac{0.4 a_{p} S_{DS} I_{p}}{R_{p}} \left(1 + 2 \frac{z}{h}\right) W_{p}$$

Except that F_p shall not be less than 0.3 $S_{DS}\ I_p\ W_p$ and need not be more than 1.6 $S_{DS}\ I_p\ W_p$ Where:

- W_p = Operating Weight of Pipe, Duct and/or Electrical System
- a_p = Component Amplification Factor
 - = 1.0 for Suspended Piping and Ductwork.
 - = 2.5 for Suspended Bus Ducts, Conduits and Cable Trays.
- R_p = Component Response Modification Factor
 - = 5.0 for Suspended Bus Ducts, Conduits and Cable Trays.
 - = 3.5 for Suspended High Deformability Piping Systems such as welded steel pipe or brazed/soldered copper pipe.
 - = 2.5 for Suspended Ductwork and Limited Deformability Piping Systems such as piping with screwed fittings.
 - 1.5 for installations using concrete anchors with an embedment length-to-diameter ratio less than 8. (e.g. a 1/2 (*13 mm*) diameter concrete anchor embedded less than 4" (*102 mm*)).
 - = 1.25 for Suspended Low Deformability Piping Systems such as cast iron pipe.
- I_p = Importance Factor
 - = 1.5 for Essential Facilities such as Hospitals, Fire or Police Stations, etc., hazardous facilities and life-safety systems.
 - = 1.0 for all other Occupancies. Refer to 2000 IBC Section 1621.1.6.
- S_{DS} = The Design Spectral Response Acceleration at short periods. = 2/3 S_{MS}
- S_{MS} = The Maximum Considered Earthquake Spectral Accelerations for short periods. = $F_a \times S_s$
- S_s = The Mapped Spectral Response Acceleration at Short Periods.
- F_a = The Site Coefficient as a function of Site Class (soil conditions) and Mapped Spectral Accelerations. Refer to 2000 IBC Table 1615.1.2.
- z = Element or Component Attachment Elevation with respect to grade. z shall not be taken less than 0.0 or greater than h.
- h = Structure Roof Elevation with respect to grade.

	MASON INDUSTRIES, Inc. Manufacturers of Vibration Control Products350 Rabro Drive Hauppauge, NY 11788 631/348-02822101 W. Crescent Ave., Suite D Anaheim, CA 92801 714/535-2727 FAX 631/348-0279FAX 631/348-0279FAX 714/535-5738 Info@Mason-Ind.com	APPROVED California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development FIXED EQUIPMENT ANCHORAGE OPA-0349 August 5, 2002
Page 15A	Dhiru Mali Structural Engineer California SE No. 2811	Bill Staehlin (916) 654-3362

 $\begin{array}{l} {\sf F}_p \text{ shall not be taken less than, } 0.7 \ {\sf C}_a \ {\sf I}_p \ {\sf W}_p = 0.7(0.36)(1.0) \ {\sf W}_p = 0.26g \\ {\sf F}_p \text{ shall not be greater than, } \qquad 4.0 \ {\sf C}_a \ {\sf I}_p \ {\sf W}_p = 4.0(0.36)(1.0) \ {\sf W}_p = 1.44g \\ \end{array}$

Therefore, $F_p = 0.26g$

For use in this manual we can convert the result from Design Strength to Allowable Stress Design by dividing the result by 1.4, $F_p = 0.26g / 1.4 = 0.19g$

For installations using concrete anchors installed with an embedment length-to-diameter ratio less than 8, also defined as shallow concrete anchors, the component Response Factor, $R_p = 1.5$, therefore for the same example.

$$F_{p} = \frac{a_{p} C_{a} I_{p}}{R_{p}} \left(1 + 3 \frac{h_{x}}{h_{r}}\right) W_{p} = \frac{(1.0)(0.36)(1.0)}{1.5} \left(1 + 3 \frac{15}{50}\right) W_{p} = 0.46 W_{p} = 0.46g$$

Comparing this value with the minimum and maximum F_p equations previously calculated gives, $F_p = 0.46g$. Again, converting to Allowable Stress Design fo use in this manual, $F_p = 0.46g / 1.4 = 0.33g$

Consider the same example, if the piping is suspended from the roof,

$$F_{p} = \frac{a_{p} C_{a} I_{p}}{R_{p}} \left(1 + 3 \frac{h_{x}}{h_{r}}\right) W_{p} = \frac{(1.0)(0.36)(1.0)}{3.0} \left(1 + 3 \frac{50}{50}\right) W_{p} = 0.48 W_{p} = 0.48g$$

Compare this value with the minimum and maximum F_p equations previously calculated gives, F_p = 0.48 / 1.4 = 0.35g

For shallow concrete anchor installations,

$$F_{p} = \frac{a_{p} C_{a} I_{p}}{R_{p}} \left(1 + 3 \frac{h_{x}}{h_{r}}\right) W_{p} = \frac{(1.0)(0.36)(1.0)}{1.5} \left(1 + 3 \frac{50}{50}\right) W_{p} = 0.96 W_{p} = 0.96g$$

Comparing this value with the minimum and maximum F_p equations previously calculated gives, F_p = 0.96g / 1.4 = 0.69g

This example can be summarized as follows for use with this manual.

Office Building Level	Horizontal Acceleration Fp	Fp For Shallow Concrete Anchor Installations
1st Floor	0.19g	0.33g
2nd Floor	0.24g	0.48g
3rd Floor	0.35g	0.69g



Example:

Piping with screwed fittings is suspended on the 1st floor of a 50 foot (*15.2m*) high, 3-story office building. The piping is actually suspended from the 2nd floor, which has an elevation of 15 feet (*4.6m*) from the grade. The building is located where the value of S_s is 1.00 and the site class is D.

$$S_{DS} = 2/3 S_{MS} = 2/3 F_a \times S_s = 2/3(1.1)(1.00) = 0.73$$

$$F_{p} = \frac{0.4 a_{p} S_{DS} I_{p}}{R_{p}} \left(1 + 2 \frac{z}{h}\right) W_{p} = \frac{(0.4)(1.0)(0.73)}{2.5} \left(1 + 2 \frac{15}{50}\right) W_{p} = 0.19g$$

 F_p shall not be taken less than, 0.3 $S_{DS} I_p W_p = 0.3(0.73(1.0)W_p = 0.22g$ F_p shall not be greater than, 1.6 $S_{DS} I_p W_p = 1.6(0.73(1.0)W_p = 0.17g$ Therefore, $F_p = 0.22g$

For use in this manual we can convert the result from Design Strength to Allowable Stress Design by dividing the result by 1.4, $F_p = 0.22g / 1.4 = 0.16g$.

For Installation using concrete anchors installed with an embedment length-to-diameter ratio less than 8, also defined as shallow concrete anchors, the Component Response Factor, Rp= 1.5, therefore for the same example

$$F_{p} = \frac{0.4 a_{p} S_{DS} I_{p}}{R_{p}} \left(1 + 2 \frac{Z}{h}\right) W_{p} = \frac{(0.4)(1.0)(0.73)}{1.5} \left(1 + 2 \frac{15}{50}\right) W_{p} = 0.31g$$

Comparing this value with the minimum and maximum F_p equations previously calculated gives, $F_p = 0.31g$. Again, converting to Allowable Stress Design for use in this manual, $F_p = 0.31g / 1.4 = 0.22g$.

Consider the same example, if the piping is suspended from the roof,

$$F_{p} = \frac{0.4 a_{p} S_{DS} I_{p}}{R_{p}} \left(1 + 2 \frac{z}{h}\right) W_{p} = \frac{(0.4)(1.0)(0.73)}{2.5} \left(1 + 2 \frac{50}{50}\right) W_{p} = 0.35g$$

Comparing this value with the minimum and maximum $F_{\rm p}$ equations previously calculated gives, F_{p} = 0.35g / 1.4 = 0.25g.

This example can be summarized as follows for use with this manual.

Office Building Level	Horizontal Acceleration F _p	F _p For Shallow Concrete Anchor Installations
1 st Floor	0.16g	0.22g
2 nd Floor	0.19g	0.31g
3 rd Floor	0.25g	0.42g



DESIGN PROCEDURE FOR INDIVIDUALLY SUPPORTED SYSTEMS

Selection charts are available for each of the following attachment methods and types of structures:

- 1. Expansion anchors into a 3000 psi (20.68 MPa), stone aggregate concrete slab.
- 2. Expansion anchors into a 3000 psi (20.68 MPa), lightweight concrete filled metal deck.
- 3. Bolted or welded direct to structural steel.
- 4. Lag screw into a wood structure.

Design Procedure:

- Step 1. Select the Seismic Restraint Guideline for the actual attachment method or type of structure listed above. These charts show anchorage requirements, size of seismic cable brace (SCB) or seismic solid brace (SSB) or seismic strut brace (SSBS), cable or solid brace size and maximum brace spacing for different pipe sizes or maximum weight per foot (*meter*). (Ref. Pages A1 to A4)
- Step 2. Select the Rod Stiffener Guidelines for Individually Supported Systems. This chart defines the maximum unbraced rod length, maximum braced rod length and maximum spacing between each seismic rod clamp (SRC) or strut clamp (UCC). (Ref. Page B1)
- Step 3. Check the minimum size of SCBH, SCB, SSBS and SSB. An increase in size may be required if a larger clevis is used on insulated pipe, etc. (Ref. Page B2)
- Step 4. Select the Supported Rod Attachment Guideline, which coincides with the Seismic Restraint Guideline selected in Step 1 if using seismic solid braces. Each chart defines the seismic tension load applied to the support rod at the seismic solid brace location. (Ref. Pages K1 to K4)

The following summary can be used for easy reference.

Structure or Attachment Type	Seismic Restraint Guidelines	Rod Stiffener Guidelines	Minimum SCBH, SCB SSB and SSBS Size	Support Rod Attachment Guidelines at SSB and SSBS Locations
1	A1	B1	B2	K1
2	A2	B1	B2	K2
3	A3	B1	B2	K3
4	A4	B1	B2	K4

SEISMIC RESTRAINT/SUPPORT GUIDELINES



DESIGN PROCEDURE FOR INDIVIDUALLY SUPPORTED SYSTEMS (continued)

Step 5. Select the appropriate seismic restraint details.

The following summary can be used for easy reference.

SEISMIC RESTRAINT DETAILS						
Support TypeTransverse BraceAlternate Transverse BraceLongitudinal BraceRod Stiffener						
Type SCB Cable	Spring Isolated	C1	C2	C3	G1, G2	
Brace System	Rigidly Supported	C4	C5	C6	G1, G2	
Type SBB Solid Brace System	Rigidly Supported	C7	C8	C9	G1, G2	

Step 6. Select the appropriate attachment details.

The following summary can be used for easy reference.

	RESTRAINT DETAILS			Support
Structure or	SCB/SSB/SSBS	Rod		
Attachment	Direct	2 Bolt	4 Bolt	Attachment
Туре	Attachment	Attachment	Attachment	Details
1	H1	H2	H3	L1
2	H4	H5	H6	L2, L3
3	H7 to H12			L4 to L6
4	H13			L1 to L6

SEISMIC RESTRAINT/SUPPORT GUIDELINES



DESIGN PROCEDURE FOR INDIVIDUALLY SUPPORTED SYSTEMS (example)

The design procedure is used to select the appropriate guidelines and details for a particular type of structure, attachment method and support type as listed below:

Structure: 3000 psi (*20.86 MPa*) concrete filled metal deck. Restraint Type: Seismic Cable Brace (SCB) Restraint Attachment: Expansion Anchors Support Attachment: Refer to project specifications for attachments designed to accept gravity loads.

A. From the design procedure on page 17, the structure/attachment type for seismic attachment is #2.

B. Follow step 1 through 6 as listed in the design procedure.

From the Seismic Restraint/Support Guidelines summary on page 17:

Step 1. Select the Seismic Restraint Guideline for structure/attachment #2, sheet A2.

Step 2. Select the Rod Stiffener Guideline on sheet B1.

Step 3. Select the Minimum SCBH, SCB, SSB and SSBS size on sheet B2.

Step 4. Support Rod Attachment Guideline is not required when using seismic cable bracing.

From the Seismic Restraint Details summary on page 18

Step 5. For the spring isolated/SCB cable brace system select:

- a. Sheets C1 and C2 for transverse braces.
- b. Sheet C3 for longitudinal braces.
- c. Sheet G1 for rod bracing details.

From the Attachment Details summary on page 18

Step 6. For seismic structure/attachment #2 select:

- a. Sheet H4 for SCB direct attachment.
- b. Sheet H5 for SCB (2) bolt attachment.
- c. Sheet H6 for SCB (4) bolt attachment.
- d. All applicable L sheets.



DESIGN PROCEDURE FOR INDIVIDUALLY SUPPORTED SYSTEMS (example continued)

There are a number of choices available to suit a variety of project requirements and field conditions. The selected guidelines and details are used to determine restraint size, anchorage and vertical rod stiffening requirements for the following pipeline with the project requirements and field conditions listed below:

Seismic Acceleration Input: 0.5 g Pipe Size: 8" (*203 mm*) diameter steel pipe filled with water Support Rod Diameter: 7/8" (*22 mm*) Support Rod Length: 72" (*1829 mm*) Restraint Type: SCBH attached to support rod at clevis, SCB attached to structure. Maximum Brace Angle Ratio: 1:1 Restraint Spacing: Maximum Allowed

From Sheet A2 (A2m), for 8" (203mm) pipe and 0.5g seismic input:

- a. Maximum trans. Brace spacing = 40 feet (12.2 m).
- b. Maximum long. Brace spacing = 50 feet (15.2 m).
- c. Use SCBH-2 attached to support rod at clevis.
- d. Use SCB-2 attached to structure
- e. Cable Diameter = 3/16" (5 mm)
- f. Use (2) 5/8" (*16 mm*) dia. With 5" (*127 mm*) embed. ITW Ramset/Red Head Trubolt Wedge exp. anchors for attachment to the structure.
- g. Use an SLDB-2000 anchor bracket for the SCB attachment to the structure.

From Sheet B1 (B1m), for 8 in. (203 mm) pipe at 0.5g seismic input:

h. The 72" (1829 mm) long rod must be braced with a 11/2" x 11/2" x 1/4" (38 x 38 x 6 mm) angle and (3) SRC 1-1/2 rod clamps.

From Sheet B2:

i. An SCBH-2 will fit the 7/8" (*22 mm*) rod used to support the 8" (*203 mm*) pipe.

	MASON INDUSTRIES, Inc. Manufacturers of Vibration Control Products 350 Rabro Drive Hauppauge, NY 11788 631/348-0282 FAX 631/348-0279 Info@Mason-Ind.com
Page	Ol. mel.
20	Dhiru Mali Structural Engineer California SE No. 2811



Bill Staehlin (916) 654-3362

DESIGN PROCEDURE FOR TRAPEZE SUPPORTED SYSTEMS

Selection charts are available for each of the following attachment methods and types of structures:

- 1. Expansion anchors into a 3000 psi (20.68 MPa), stone aggregate concrete slab.
- 2. Expansion anchors into a 3000 psi (20.68 MPa), lightweight concrete filled metal deck.
- 3. Bolted or welded direct to structural steel.
- 4. Lag screws into a wood structure.

Design Procedure:

- Step 1. Select the Seismic Restraint Guideline for the actual attachment method or type of structure listed above. These charts show anchorage requirements, size of SCB, SSB, or SSBS and cable or solid brace size for maximum system weight per foot (*meter*). (Ref. Pages D1 to D4)
- Step 2. Select the Rod Stiffener Guidelines for Trapeze Supported Systems. Each chart defines the maximum unbraced rod length, maximum braced rod length and maximum spacing between each seismic rod clamp (SRC) or strut clamp (UCC). (Ref. Pages E1 and E2)
- Step 3. Select the Trapeze Support Guidelines. These charts define the maximum allowable uniform load for different trapeze support spans. (Ref. Page E3)
- Step 4. Select the Upper Support Member Guideline for Rectangular/Oval Duct (Not required for round duct.) These charts define upper support member sizes for each SCH/SSB size and upper support extension (Ref. Page E4)
- Step 5. Select the Support Rod Attachment Guideline which coincides with the Seismic Restraint Guideline selected in Step 1 if using seismic solid braces. Each chart defines the seismic tension load applied to the support rod at the seismic solid brace location. (Ref. Pages K1 to K4)

The following summary can be used for easy reference.

Structure or Attachment Type	Seismic Restraint Guidelines	Rod Stiffener Guidelines	Trapeze Support Guidelines	Top Brace Member Guidelines for Rect./Oval Ductwork Only	Support Rod Attachment Guidelines at SSB Locations
1	D1	E1 & E2	E3	E4	K1
2	D2	E1 & E2	E3	E4	K2
3	D3	E1 & E2	E3	E4	K3
4	D4	E1 & E2	E3	E4	K4

SEISMIC RESTRAINT/SUPPORT GUIDELINES



DESIGN PROCEDURE FOR TRAPEZE SUPPORTED SYSTEMS (continued)

Step 6. Select the appropriate seismic restraint details.

The following summary can be used for easy reference.

SEISMIC RESTRAINT DETAILS						
Mechanical or Electrical System	Seismic Brace System	Support Type	All Direction Brace	Transverse Brace	Longitudinal Brace	Rod Stiffener
	Type SCB Cable Brace System	Spring Isolated	F1	F2	F3	G1, G2
Piping or Conduit		Rigidly Supported	F4	F5	F6	G1, G2
	Type SSB/SSBS Solid Brace System	Rigidly Supported	F7	F8	F9	G1, G2
Rectangular or Oval Ductwork	Type SCB Cable Brace System	Spring Isolated	F10	F11	F12	G1, G2
		Rigidly Supported	F13	F14	F15	G1, G2
	Type SSB/SSBS Solid Brace System	Rigidly Supported	F16	F17	F18	G1, G2
Round Ductwork	Type SCB Cable Brace System	Spring Isolated	F19	F20	F21	G1, G2
		Rigidly Supported	F22	F23	F24	G1, G2
	Type SSB/SSBS Solid Brace System	Rigidly Supported	F25	F26	F27	G1, G2
Electrical _ Cable Tray	Type SCB Cable Brace System	Rigidly Supported	F28	F29	F30	G1, G2
	Type SSB/SSBS Solid Brace System	Rigidly Supported	F31	F32	F33	G1, G2

Step 7. Select the appropriate attachment details.

The following summary can be used for easy reference.

ATTACHMENT DETAILS						
	RESTRAINT DETAILS			Support		
Structure or	SCB/SSB/SSBS	Rod				
Attachment	Direct	2 Bolt	4 Bolt	Attachment		
Туре	Attachment	Attachment	Attachment	Details		
1	H1	H2	H3	L1		
2	H4	H5	H6	L2, L3		
3	H7 to H13			L4 to L6		
4	H13			L1 to L6		



DESIGN PROCEDURE FOR TRAPEZE SUPPORTED SYSTEMS (example)

The design procedure is used to select the appropriate guidelines and details for a particular type of structure, attachment method and support type as listed below:

Mechanical/Electrical System: Rectangular Ductwork Structure: Stone aggregate concrete slab Restraint Type: Seismic Solid Brace (SSB or SSBS) Restraint Attachment: Expansion Anchors Support type: Rigid Support Rod Support Attachment: Steel Beam Clamp

A. From the design procedure on page 21 the structure/attachment type for seismic attachment is #1

B. Follow steps 1 through 7 as listed in the design procedure.

From the Seismic Restraint/Support Guidelines summary on page 22:

- Step 1. Select the Seismic Restraint Guideline for structure/attachment #1, sheet D1.
- Step 2. Select the Rod Stiffener Guideline sheet E1.
- Step 3. Select the Trapeze Support Guideline sheet E3.
- Step 4. Select the Top Brace Member Guideline if bracing Rect./Oval Duct, sheet E4.
- Step 5. Select the Support Rod Attachment Guideline at SSB/SSBS Locations for structure/ attachment #1, sheet K1.

From the Seismic Restraint details summary on page 22:

Step 6. For rectangular duct, rigidly supported SSB/SSBS solid brace system select:

- a. Sheet F16 for all directional braces.
- b. Sheet F17 for transverse braces.
- c. Sheet F18 for longitudinal braces.
- d. Sheet G1 or G2 for rod bracing details.

From the Attachment Details summary on page 22:

Step 7. For structure/attachment #1, select:

- a. Sheet H1 for SSB/SSBS direct attachment.
- b. Sheet H2 for SSB (2) bolt attachment.
- c. Sheet H3 for SSB (4) bolt attachment.
- d. All applicable L sheets.



DESIGN PROCEDURE FOR TRAPEZE SUPPORTED SYSTEMS (example continued)

There are a number of choices available to suit a variety of project requirements and field conditions. The selected guidelines and details are used to determine restraint size, anchorage and vertical rod stiffening requirements for the following ductwork with the project requirements and field conditions as listed below:

Seismic Acceleration Input: 1.0g Duct Size: 70" x 60" x 18 gage (*1778 x 1524 x 1.2 mm*). Support Rod Diameter: To be determined in Section K at SSB Locations only. Support Rod Length: 84" (*2134 mm*). Restraint Type: SSB attached to the upper support member and the structure. Brace Angle Ratio: 1:1 Restraint Spacing: Maximum allowed, 30 feet (*9.1m*) trans. and 60 feet (*18.3m*) long. Trapeze Span: 72" (*1829 mm*). Trapeze Support Spacing: 6 ft. (*1.8m*). Top Brace Extension: 3" (*76 mm*).

Determine the Maximum Weight of the Duct:

From Sheet N6 (N6m):

a. Weight of the duct is 50 lbs/ft (74.4 kg/m).

From Sheet D1 (D1m), for a maximum weight of 73 lbs/ft (*109 kg/m*) at 1.0g seismic acceleration input and 30 ft. (*9.1m*) transverse brace spacing:

- b. Use SSB-3 for attachment to the top brace member and the structure.
- c. Minimum brace size is $4 \times 4 \times 1/4$ " (*102 x 102 x 6 mm*) steel angle.
- d. Use (4) 5/8" (*16 mm*) dia. with 51/8" (*130mm*) embed. ITW Ramset/Red Head Trubolt wedge expansion anchors for attachment to the structure.
- e. Use an SLDB-4000 anchor bracket for the SSB attachment to the structure.





DESIGN PROCEDURE FOR TRAPEZE SUPPORTED SYSTEMS (example continued)

From Sheet K1 (K1m), for SSB-3:

- f. Minimum support rod diameter is 3/4". (19 mm).
- g. The attachment of the support rod to the structure must be capable of accepting the gravity load in addition to the seismic tension load of 2200 lbs. (*998 kg*).

From Sheet E1 (E1m), when using an SSB-3 and a 3/4" (19 mm) diameter support rod:

 h. The 84" (*2134 mm*) long rod must be braced with a 11/2 x 11/2 x 1/4" (*38 x 38 x 6 mm*) steel angle and (3) SRC-11/2 rod clamps.

From Sheet E3 (E3m):

- i. The actual load on the trapeze at 6 ft. (*1829 mm*) support spacing is : 50 lbs/ft x 6 ft. of pipe = 300 lbs. (*74 kg/m x 1.8m of pipe = 133.2 kg*)
- j. For a 72" span, use a 15/8 x 15/8 x 12ga (*41 x 41 x 2.7 mm*) strut with an allowable uniform load of 560 lbs. (*254 kg*).

From Sheet E4 (E4m):

k. For a 3" (*76 mm*) top brace extension with an SSB-3, use a 15/8 x 15/8 x 12ga double strut. (*41 x 41 x 2.7 mm* double strut)





LAYOUT OF SEISMIC BRACES

The next few pages outline a procedure for the seismic brace layout of pipes, ducts and conduits. Transverse and longitudinal braces indicated throughout are detailed in Section C for Individually Supported Systems and Section F for Trapeze Supported Systems. A transverse and longitudinal brace indicated at the same support points are defined as all directional braces for trapeze supported systems.

Step 1. Separate the layout of the system into individual straight runs. A straight run is defined as a section of pipe, duct or conduit between changes in direction. If an offset(s) occurs between changes of direction it may be neglected if the distance perpendicular to the run is less than the maximum offset length tabulated below.

STEEL PIPE OR CONDUIT

Pipe Diameter	Max. Offset Length ft (m)		
in (<i>mm</i>)	0.25g	0.5g	1.0g
1¼ to 2 (<i>35 to 50</i>)	4 (1.2)	2 (0.6)	1 (<i>0.3</i>)
2½ to 3 (65 to 75)	8 (2.4)	4 (<i>1.2</i>)	2 (0.6)
4 to 5 (100 to 125)	10 (<i>3</i>)	6 (<i>1.8</i>)	3 (0.9)
6 (<i>150</i>)	10 (<i>3</i>)	10 (<i>3</i>)	5 (<i>1.5</i>)
8 (200)	10 (<i>3</i>)	10 (<i>3</i>)	7 (2.1)
10 to 12 (250 to 300)	10 (<i>3</i>)	10 (<i>3</i>)	9 (<i>2.7</i>)
14 to 24 (350 to 600)	10 (<i>3</i>)	10 (<i>3</i>)	10 (<i>3</i>)

COPPER PIPE				
Pipe Diameter	Max. Offset Length ft (m)			
in (<i>mm</i>)	0.25g	0.5g	1.0g	
2½ to 3 (65 to 75)	2 (0.6)	1 (<i>0.3</i>)	0	
4 to 5 (100 to 125)	4 (<i>1.2</i>)	2 (0.6)	1 (<i>0.3</i>)	
6 (<i>150</i>)	8 (<i>2.4</i>)	4 (<i>1.2</i>)	2 (0.6)	
8 (<i>200</i>)	10 (<i>3</i>)	8 (<i>2.4</i>)	4 (<i>1.2</i>)	
10 (<i>250</i>)	10 (<i>3</i>)	10 (<i>3</i>)	5 (1.5)	
12 (<i>300</i>)	10 (<i>3</i>)	10 (<i>3</i>)	6 (<i>1.8</i>)	

The above Offset Charts are limited to pipe with welded, soldered, brazed or UL listed grooved joints.

Ductwork maximum offset length is 2 times the duct width. Pipe with screwed joints, cast iron pipe and PVC pipe maximum offset length is 2 feet (0.6 m) or as tabulated above.



LAYOUT OF SEISMIC BRACES (continued)

Step 2. Each straight run must be braced in the transverse direct (perpendicular to the run) at each end.



Step 3. Add transverse braces, if required, to limit the spacing(s) to the maximum spacing indicated in sections A and D.



LAYOUT OF SEISMIC BRACES (continued)

Step 4. Each straight run must be braced in the longitudinal direction (parallel to the run) with at least one brace. Transverse braces within the maximum offset length discussed in Step 1 may be used in additional to or in lieu of independent longitudinal braces. The length of pipe around a 90° turn (indicated as 'P' below) longitudinally braced from a transverse brace = 0.9L-0.5T-A, where:

L = Longitudinal Brace spacing (From Section A or D)

- T = The distance between Transverse Braces
- A = Offset Length



Step 5. Multiple changes in direction may be treated as one complete system. Straight runs greater than the maximum offset length require 2 transverse braces. Straight runs less than the maximum offset length may require as few as one or no braces. (See layout below)



LAYOUT OF SEISMIC BRACES (continued)

Step 6. Vertical drops to equipment must be protected with a transverse brace at the final support point before the vertical drop. The distance from the transverse brace to the drop must be within the maximum offset length of the system. The length of the system braced from the transverse brace to the flexible connector is equal to 1/2 of the maximum transverse brace spacing indicated in sections A and D. If this distance is greater than 1/2 of the maximum transverse brace spacing, an additional brace is required at the end of the vertical drop by attaching to the floor.



Note: Length of system braced = 1/4 max. brace spacing for 2" to 3" (*51 to 76 mm*) dia. copper pipe. Additional brace at floor is required for 11/2" (*38 mm*) dia. and smaller copper pipe, and 1" (*25 mm*) dia. and smaller steel pipe, unless specific analysis is approved by the enforcement agency.

Step 7. If seismic braces installed at a 1:1 brace angle ratio from horizontal are intermixed with 1.5:1 or 2:1 brace angle ratios, and the installer opts to reduce the brace spacing as instructed on pages A1 to A4, the layout shall be as follows.



"12 INCH RULE" FOR PIPES, CONDUITS OR CABLE TRAYS



Note 1: Refer to Page 10, note 1 and page 13, note 1 for additional requirements of the "12 inch Rule". Note 2: For tightening requirements of bolts, nuts and strut nuts reference H15.

I I	MASON INDUSTRIES, Inc. Manufacturers of Vibration Control Products 350 Rabro Drive Hauppauge, NY 11788 631/348-0282 FAX 631/348-0279 Info@Mason-Ind.com	APPROVED California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development FIXED EQUIPMENT ANCHORAGE OPA-0349 August 5, 2002
Page 30	Dhiru Mali Structural Engineer California SE No. 2811	Bill Staehlin (916) 654-3362




HILTI KWIK BOLT 3 ANCHORS

Allowable brace spacing in charts A2 & D2 are based on Ramset/Redhead Trubolt expansion anchors or approval equal. The following Hilti Kwik Bolt 3 anchors are approved equals.

PREAPPROVED: RAMSI	ET/REDHEAD TRUBOLT	APPROVED EQUAL: HILTI KWIK BOLT 3				
ANCHOR TYPE	ANCHOR Ø X EMBED	ANCHOR TYPE	ANCHOR Ø X EMBED			
RAMSET/REDHEAD TRUBOLT	1/2 x 3	HILTI KWIK-BOLT 3	1/2 x 31/2			
RAMSET/REDHEAD TRUBOLT	5/8 x 5	HILTI KWIK-BOLT 3	5/8 x 4			

Note: For use with CBC-2001, Kwik Bolt 3 embedment lengths must be increased to 8x the anchor diameter, or Rp = 1.5 must be used in calculating anchor loads.



HILTI KWIK BOLT TZ ANCHORS

Allowable brace spacing in charts A2 & D2 are based on Ramset/Redhead Trubolt expansion anchors or approval equal. The following Hilti Kwik Bolt TZ anchors are approved equals.

PREAPPROVED: RAMSI	ET/REDHEAD TRUBOLT	APPROVED EQUAL: HILTI KWIK BOLT TZ				
ANCHOR TYPE	ANCHOR Ø X EMBED	ANCHOR TYPE	ANCHOR Ø X EMBED			
RAMSET/REDHEAD TRUBOLT	1/2 x 3	HILTI KWIK-BOLT TZ	1/2 x 31/4			
RAMSET/REDHEAD TRUBOLT	5/8 x 5	HILTI KWIK-BOLT TZ	5/8 x 4			

Note: For use with CBC-2001, Kwik Bolt 3 embedment lengths must be increased to 8x the anchor diameter, or Rp = 1.5 must be used in calculating anchor loads.



	9/0 10111
Concrete Deck Cross Section	
s	

- 5/0" MINI *

Hilti Kwik Bolt TZ Spacing Requirements											
Anchor Diameter	Minimum Allowable										
(in)	Spacing (S) ** (in)										
1/2	93/4										
5/8	12										

* Reference ICBO ESR-1917, Figure 5



SSRF BRACKET SELECTION

The SSRF bracket as shown on X4A can be used as the lowest bracket attachment of a solid brace to a suspended piping or trapeze system as describe below:

INDIVIDUALLY SUPPORTED SYSTEMS

Max Dia (in)	Max. Pipe Max. Pipe Diameter Weight (in) (<i>mm</i>) (lbs/ft) (<i>kg/m</i>)		Rod Diameter (in)	Retrofit Bracket Size	Minimum Allowable Brace Angle	Maximum Allowable Brace Angle	
5	51	6.2	9.2	3/8-16 UNC	SSRF-1	0.7:1	2:1
3	76	12.1	18.0	1/2-13 UNC	SSRF-1	0.5:1	2:1
5	127	26.6	39.5	5/8-11 UNC	SSRF-2	0.5:1	2:1
10	254	80.2	119.3	3/4-10 UNC	SSRF-2	0.5:1	2:1

The SSRF brackets indicated above can be used on pipe systems braced at the spacings shown on pages A1-A4.

Support rods must have rod bracing with a rod clamp within 1" 25mm of each end of the rod.

TRAPEZE SUPPORTED SYSTEMS

Reference	d Rod	Retrofit	Minimum	Maximum
Trapeze Wei	ght Diameter	Bracket	Allowable	Allowable
(lbs/ft) (<i>kg/</i>	<i>m</i>) (in)	Size	Brace Angle	Brace Angle
9 1	3 3/8-16 UNC 25 1/2-13 UNC 54 5/8-11 UNC 54 3/4-10 UNC	SSRF-1	0.5:1	2:1
17 2		SSRF-1	0.5:1	2:1
36 5		SSRF-2	0.5:1	2:1
36 5		SSBF-2	0.5:1	2:1

The SSRF brackets indicated above can be used on any combination of trapeze weight per food, g level and maximum brace spacing as shown in a row of the "Maximum Weight per Foot" charts on pages D1-D4 whose weight at 40 ft brace spacing and 1.0 g is equal to or less than the weight in the chart above.

The trapeze brace selections are valid for support rods carrying 70% or less of the total trapeze load.

General Notes:

Brace angles listed are Rise : Run.

Use of the SSRF bracket on pipe sizes and trapeze weights greater than those listed above must be designed and submitted for approval on a project by project basis.



SSB BRACKET SELECTION

The SSB bracket as shown on X4B can be used as the structure attachment bracket of a solid brace to a suspended piping or trapeze system as described below:

INDIVIDUALLY SUPPORTED SYSTEM

Max. Pipe Diameter	Max. Pipe Weight	Anchor Diameter	SSB Bracket		
(in) (<i>mm</i>)	(IDS/ft) (<i>Kg/m</i>)	(in)	Size		
5 127	26.6 39.5	1/2 <i>13</i>	SSB-1		
8 <i>203</i>	55.1 <i>82.0</i>	5/8 <i>13</i>	SSB-2		

The SSB brackets indicated above can be used on pipe systems braced at the spacings shown on pages A1-A4.

TRAPEZE SUPPORT	TRAPEZE SUPPORTED SYSTEMS											
Referenced	Anchor	SSB										
Trapeze Weight	Diameter	Bracket										
(lbs/ft) (<i>kg/m</i>)	(in)	Size										
17 25	1/2 <i>13</i>	SSB-1										
36 54	5/8 <i>13</i>	SSB-2										

The SSB brackets indicated above can be used on any combination of trapeze weight per food, g level and maximum brace spacing as shown in a row of the "Maximum Weight per Foot" charts on pages D1-D4 whose weight at 40 ft brace spacing and 1.0 g is equal to or less than the weight in the chart above and whose required anchor diameter matches that of the SSB.

General Notes:

Use of the SSB bracket on pipe sizes and trapeze weights greater than those listed above must be designed and submitted for approval on a project by project basis.





INDIVIDUALLY SUPPORTED SYSTEMS

SEISMIC RESTRAINT **GUIDELINES**

MINIMUM 3000 PSI STONE AGGREGATE CONCRETE SLAB



EXPANSION ANCHORS

	Maximum Brac					ing (ft)	r	Optior	n 1	Option 2		Concrete		e
Pipe	Weight	0.2	Fa		50 50	LUaus	0a		Cable	SSB/	Minimum		Anchors	<u> </u>
Dia.	per Foot	0.2	Sy I	0.0	by I	1.	ug	SCB	Dia.	SSBS	Brace Size	Qty.	Dia.	Embed.
(in)	(lbs)	Trans.	Long.	Trans.	Long.	Trans.	Long.	Size	(in)	Size	(in)	Req'd	(in)	(in)
1	2.8	50	80	40	80	40	80	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	21/4
11/4	3.8	50	80	40	80	40	80	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	21/4
11/2	4.5	50	80	40	80	40	80	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	21/4
2	6.2	50	80	40	80	40	68	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	41/8
21/2	9.1	50	80	40	80	40	61	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	41/8
3	12.1	50	80	40	80	40	46	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	41/8
4	18.3	50	80	40	60	30	30	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	41/8
5	26.6	50	80	40	42	21	21	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	41/8
6	34.8	50	80	40	50	25	25	SCB-2	3/16	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	5/8	51/8
8	55.1	50	80	40	52	26	26	SCB-2	3/16	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	2	5/8	51/8
10	80.2	50	72	36	36	18	18	SCB-2	3/16	SSB-3	L3 x 3 x 1/4	2	5/8	51/8
12	109.0	50	80	40	40	20	20	SCB-3	1/4	SSB-3	L4 x 4 x 1/4	4	5/8	51/8
14	122.0	50	72	36	36	18	18	SCB-3	1/4	SSB-4	L4 x 4 x 1/4	4	5/8	51/8
16	150.0	50	56	28	28	14	14	SCB-3	1/4	SSB-4	L4 x 4 x 1/4	4	5/8	51/8
18	190.0	44	44	22	22	11	11	SCB-3	1/4	SSB-4	L4 x 4 x 1/4	4	5/8	51/8
20	214.0	50	72	36	36	18	18	SCB-4	3/8	SSB-4	L4 x 4 x 1/4	4	5/8	51/8
24	289.0	50	52	26	26	13	13	SCB-4	3/8	SSB-4	L4 x 4 x 1/4	4	5/8	51/8

*Maximum braced spacing for up to 1:1 brace angle from horizontal.

For up to 1.5:1 brace angle from horizontal, divide braced rod length by 1.67; for 2:1 brace angle, divide by 2.33. Example: For 3" diameter pipe at 0.5 g input and 1.5:1 brace angle ratio, the maximum transverse spacing = 40/1.67 = 23 ft. For maximum brace spacing at 'g' forces other than those listed, divide the 1g spacing by the desired 'g' force. Example: For a 0.74g input for 12" diameter pipe, transverse brace spacing = 20/0.74 = 27 ft. (Note: Transverse and longitudinal brace spacing shall not exceed those stated in the general notes.)

Special Note: The Structural Engineer of Record shall verify the seismic loads applied by the SCB/SSB/SSBS to the structure are acceptable. Refer to Pages H1, H2 and H3 for the maximum seismic loads.

NOTES:

Anchorage is based on attachment with an ITW Ramset/Red Head Trubolt Wedge Anchor, ICBO Report ER-1372/2000, Table 3, 4 and 5, embedded headed stud or J-bolt of equal embedment or approved equal.

Where (2) anchors are specified, the SCB, SSB or SSBS w/SLDB-2000 is required for attachment to structure. (Ref. Page H2 and X9)

Where (4) anchors are specified, the SCB or SSB w/SLDB-4000 is required for attachment to structure. (Ref. Page H3 and X10)

An increase in SCB or SSB size may be required to accommodate the cross bolt or support rod. (Ref. Page B2) All SSB brace members tabulated are steel angle. Factory 12ga formed channel strut may be in lieu of steel angle.

All SSBS brace members tabulated are 12ga strut channel.



SEISMIC RESTRAINT GUIDELINES

INDIVIDUALLY SUPPORTED SYSTEMS

MINIMUM 20,680 kPa STONE AGGREGATE CONCRETE SLAB



EXPANSION ANCHORS

	Maximum Brace Spacing (<i>m</i>) for Specified Seismic 'a' Loads						÷	Optior	Option 1		Option 2		Concrete	
Pipe Dia.	Weight	0.2	5g	0.	5g	1.	0g	SCB	Cable Dia	SSB/ SSBS	Minimum Brace Size	Otv.	Dia.	Fmbed.
(<i>mm</i>)	(kg)	Trans.	Long.	Trans.	Long.	Trans.	Long.	Size	(<i>mm</i>)	Size	(mm)	Req'd	(<i>mm</i>)	(mm)
25	4.1	15.2	24.4	12.2	24.4	12.2	24.4	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	57
32	5.6	15.2	24.4	12.2	24.4	12.2	24.4	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	57
38	6.6	15.2	24.4	12.2	24.4	12.2	24.4	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	57
51	9.2	15.2	24.4	12.2	24.4	12.2	20.7	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	105
64	13.5	15.2	24.4	12.2	24.4	12.2	18.6	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	105
76	18.0	15.2	24.4	12.2	24.4	12.2	14.0	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	105
102	27.3	15.2	24.4	12.2	18.3	9.1	9.1	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	105
127	39.5	15.2	24.4	12.2	12.8	6.4	6.4	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	105
152	51.8	15.2	24.4	12.2	15.2	7.6	6.4	SCB-2	5	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	16	130
203	82.0	15.2	24.4	12.2	15.8	7.9	7.9	SCB-2	5	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	2	16	130
254	119.3	15.2	21.9	11.0	11.0	5.5	5.5	SCB-2	5	SSB-3	L76 x 76 x 6	2	16	130
305	162.2	15.2	24.4	12.2	12.0	6.1	6.1	SCB-3	6	SSB-3	L102 x 102 x 6	4	16	130
356	181.5	15.2	21.9	11.0	11.0	5.5	5.5	SCB-3	6	SSB-4	L102 x 102 x 6	4	16	130
406	222.6	15.2	17.1	8.5	8.5	4.3	4.3	SCB-3	6	SSB-4	L102 x 102 x 6	4	16	130
457	282.7	13.4	13.4	6.7	6.7	3.4	3.4	SCB-3	6	SSB-4	L102 x 102 x 6	4	16	130
508	317.7	15.2	21.9	11.0	11.0	5.5	5.5	SCB-4	10	SSB-4	L102 x 102 x 6	4	16	130
610	430.1	15.2	15.8	7.9	7.9	4.0	4.0	SCB-4	10	SSB-4	L102 x 102 x 6	4	16	130

*Maximum braced spacing for up to 1:1 brace angle from horizontal.

For up to 1.5:1 brace angle from horizontal, divide braced rod length by 1.67; for 2:1 brace angle, divide by 2.33. Example: For 76 mm diameter pipe at 0.5 g input and 1.5:1 brace angle ratio, the maximum transverse spacing = 12.2/1.67 = 7.3 m.

For maximum brace spacing at 'g' forces other than those listed, divide the 1g spacing by the desired 'g' force. Example: For a 0.74g input for 305mm diameter pipe, transverse brace spacing = 6.1/0.74 = 8.2m. (Note: Transverse and longitudinal brace spacing shall not exceed those stated in the general notes.)

Special Note: The Structural Engineer of Record shall verify the seismic loads applied by the SCB/SSB/SSBS to the structure are acceptable. Refer to Pages H1, H2 and H3 for the maximum seismic loads.

NOTES:

Anchorage is based on attachment with an ITW Ramset/Red Head Trubolt Wedge Anchor, ICBO Report ER-1372/2000, Table 3, 4 and 5, embedded headed stud or J-bolt of equal embedment or approved equal.

Where (2) anchors are specified, the SCB, SSB or SSBS w/SLDB-2000 is required for attachment to structure. (Ref. Page H2 and X9)

Where (4) anchors are specified, the SCB or SSB w/SLDB-4000 is required for attachment to structure. (Ref. Page H3 and X10)

An increase in SCB, SSB or SSBS size may be required to accommodate the cross bolt or support rod. (Ref. Page B2) All SSB brace members tabulated are steel angle. Factory 2.7mm formed channel strut may be in lieu of steel angle. All SSBS brace members tabulated are 12ga strut channel. (Ref. page X4)

	MASON INDUSTRIES, Inc. Manufacturers of Vibration Control Products 350 Rabro Drive Hauppauge, NY 11788 631/348-0282 FAX 631/348-0279 Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com	APPROVED California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development FIXED EQUIPMENT ANCHORAGE OPA-0349 August 5 2002
Page A1m	Dhiru Mali Structural Engineer California SE No. 2811	Bill Staehlin (916) 654-3362

INDIVIDUALLY SUPPORTED SYSTEMS

SEISMIC RESTRAINT **GUIDELINES**

MINIMUM 3000 PSI LIGHTWEIGHT CONCRETE DECK



EXPANSION ANCHORS

	Max	Maximum Brace Spacing (ft) for Specified Seismic (g' Loads)					÷	Optior	ו 1	C	Option 2	Concrete		
Pipe	Weight	0.2	5a		5a	LUAUS 1	0a		Cable	SSB/	Minimum	F	Anchors	;
Dia.	per Foot (lbs)	Trans.	l ona.	Trans.	l ona.	Trans.	l ona.	SCB Size	Dia. (in)	SSBS Size	Brace Size (in)	Qty. Rea'd	Dia. (in)	Embed. (in)
1	2.8	50	<u>20119</u>	40	20.19. 80	40	20119.	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	3
11/4	3.8	50	80	40	80	40	80	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	3
11/2	4.5	50	80	40	80	40	80	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	3
2	6.2	50	80	40	80	40	60	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	3
21/2	9.1	50	80	40	80	40	41	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	3
3	12.1	50	80	40	62	31	31	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	3
4	18.3	50	80	40	40	20	20	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	3
5	26.6	50	56	28	28	14	14	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	3
6	34.8	50	64	32	32	16	16	SCB-2	3/16	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	5/8	5
8	55.1	50	80	40	50	25	25	SCB-2	3/16	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	2	5/8	5
10	80.2	50	68	34	34	17	17	SCB-2	3/16	SSB-3	L3 x 3 x 1/4	2	5/8	5
12	109.0	50	80	40	40	20	20	SCB-3	1/4	SSB-3	L4 x 4 x 1/4	4	5/8	5
14	122.0	50	72	36	36	18	18	SCB-3	1/4	SSB-4	L4 x 4 x 1/4	4	5/8	5
16	150.0	50	56	28	28	14	14	SCB-3	1/4	SSB-4	L4 x 4 x 1/4	4	5/8	5
18	190.0	44	44	22	22	11	11	SCB-3	1/4	SSB-4	L4 x 4 x 1/4	4	5/8	5
20	214.0	50	52	26	26	13	13	SCB-4	3/8	SSB-4	L4 x 4 x 1/4	4	5/8	5
24	289.0	36	36	18	18	9	9	SCB-4	3/8	SSB-4	L4 x 4 x 1/4	4	5/8	5

*Maximum braced spacing for up to 1:1 brace angle from horizontal.

For up to 1.5:1 brace angle from horizontal, divide braced rod length by 1.68; for 2:1 brace angle, divide by 2.38. Example: For 3" diameter pipe at 0.5 g input and 1.5:1 brace angle ratio, the maximum transverse spacing = 40/1.68 = 23 ft. For maximum brace spacing at 'g' forces other than those listed, divide the 1g spacing by the desired 'g' force. Example: For a 0.74g Input for 12" diameter pipe, transverse brace spacing = 20/0.74 = 27 ft. (Note: Transverse and longitudinal brace spacing shall not exceed those stated in the general notes.)

Special Note: The Structural Engineer of Record shall verify the seismic loads applied by the SCB/SSB/SSBS to the structure are acceptable. Refer to Pages H4, H5 and H6 for the maximum seismic loads.

NOTES:

Anchorage is based on attachment with an ITW Ramset/Red Head Trubolt Wedge Anchor, ICBO Report ER-1372/2000, Table 4, 5 and 10, embedded headed stud or J-bolt of equal embedment or approved equal.

Where (2) anchors are specified, the SCB, SSB or SSBS w/SLDB-2000 is required for attachment to structure. (Ref. Page H5 and X9)

Where (4) anchors are specified, the SCB or SSB w/SLDB-4000 is required for attachment to structure. (Ref. Page H6 and X10)

An increase in SCB, SSB or SSBS size may be required to accommodate the cross bolt or support rod. (Ref. Page B2) All SSB brace members tabulated are steel angle. Factory 12ga formed channel strut may be in lieu of steel angle.

All SSBS brace members tabulated are 12ga strut channel.



INDIVIDUALLY SUPPORTED SYSTEMS

SEISMIC RESTRAINT GUIDELINES

MINIMUM 20,680 kPa LIGHTWEIGHT CONCRETE DECK



EXPANSION ANCHORS

	Maria	fo	Maximum Brace Spacing (<i>m</i>) for Specified Seismic 'g' Loads*					Optior	n 1	C)ption 2	Concrete		
Pipe	Weight	0.2	5g	0.	5g	1.		SCB	Cable	SSB/	Minimum Braco Sizo		Anchors	Embod
(<i>mm</i>)	(kg)	Trans.	Long.	Trans.	Long.	Trans.	Long.	Size	(<i>mm</i>)	Size	(mm)	Req'd	(mm)	(mm)
25	4.1	15.2	24.4	12.2	24.4	12.2	24.4	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	76
32	5.6	15.2	24.4	12.2	24.4	12.2	24.4	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	76
38	6.6	15.2	24.4	12.2	24.4	12.2	24.4	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	76
51	9.2	15.2	24.4	12.2	24.4	12.2	18.3	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	76
64	13.5	15.2	24.4	12.2	24.4	12.2	12.5	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	76
76	18.0	15.2	24.4	12.2	18.9	9.4	9.4	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	76
102	27.3	15.2	24.4	12.2	12.2	6.1	6.1	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	76
127	39.5	15.2	17.1	8.5	8.5	4.3	4.3	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	76
152	51.8	15.2	19.5	9.8	9.8	4.9	4.9	SCB-2	5	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	16	127
203	82.0	15.2	24.4	12.2	15.2	7.6	7.6	SCB-2	5	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	2	16	127
254	119.3	15.2	20.7	10.4	10.4	5.2	5.2	SCB-2	5	SSB-3	L76 x 76 x 6	2	16	127
305	162.2	15.2	24.4	12.2	12.2	6.1	6.1	SCB-3	6	SSB-3	L102 x 102 x 6	4	16	127
356	181.5	15.2	21.9	11.0	11.0	5.5	5.5	SCB-3	6	SSB-4	L102 x 102 x 6	4	16	127
406	222.6	15.2	17.1	8.5	8.5	4.3	4.3	SCB-3	6	SSB-4	L102 x 102 x 6	4	16	127
457	282.7	13.4	13.4	6.7	6.7	3.4	3.4	SCB-3	6	SSB-4	L102 x 102 x 6	4	16	127
508	317.7	15.2	15.8	7.9	7.9	4.0	4.0	SCB-4	10	SSB-4	L102 x 102 x 6	4	16	127
610	430.1	11.0	11.0	5.5	5.5	2.7	2.7	SCB-4	10	SSB-4	L102 x 102 x 6	4	16	127

*Maximum braced spacing for up to 1:1 brace angle from horizontal.

For up to 1.5:1 brace angle from horizontal, divide braced spacing by 1.68; for 2:1 brace angle, divide by 2.38. Example: For 76mm diameter pipe at 0.5 g input and 1.5:1 brace angle ratio, the maximum transverse spacing = 12.2/1.68 = 7.3m.

For maximum brace spacing at 'g' forces other than those listed, divide the 1g spacing by the desired 'g' force. Example: For a 0.74g input for 305mm diameter pipe, transverse brace spacing = 6.1/0.74 = 8.2m. (Note: Transverse and longitudinal brace spacing shall not exceed those stated in the general notes.)

Special Note: The Structural Engineer of Record shall verify the seismic loads applied by the SCB/SSB/SSBS to the structure are acceptable. Refer to Pages H4, H5 and H6 for the maximum seismic loads.

NOTES:

Anchorage is based on attachment with an ITW Ramset/Red Head Trubolt Wedge Anchor, ICBO Report ER-1372/2000, Table 4, 5 and 10, embedded headed stud or J-bolt of equal embedment or approved equal.

Where (2) anchors are specified, the SCB, SSB or SSBS w/SLDB-2000 is required for attachment to structure. (Ref. Page H5 and X9)

Where (4) anchors are specified, the SCB or SSB w/SLDB-4000 is required for attachment to structure. (Ref. Page H6 and X10)

An increase in SCB or SSB size may be required to accommodate the cross bolt or support rod. (Ref. Page B2)

All SSB brace members tabulated are steel angle. Factory 2.7mm formed channel strut may be in lieu of steel angle.

All SSBS brace members tabulated are 12ga strut channel. (Ref. page X4)

I I	MASON INDUSTRIES, Inc.Manufacturers of Vibration Control Products350 Rabro DriveHauppauge, NY 11788631/348-0282FAX 631/348-0279FAX 631/348-0279FAX 631/348-0279FAX 631/348-0279FAX 631/348-0279FAX 631/348-0279FAX 631/348-0279FAX 631/348-0279FAX 714/535-5738Info@Mason-Ind.com	APPROVED California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development FIXED EQUIPMENT ANCHORAGE OPA-0349 August 5, 2002
Page A2m	Dhiru Mali Structural Engineer California SE No. 2811	Bill Staehlin (916) 654-3362

SEISMIC RESTRAINT GUIDELINES

INDIVIDUALLY SUPPORTED SYSTEMS

STRUCTURAL STEEL BEAM OR MEMBER A307 BOLT OR 70XX WELD



	Max	ا fo	Maximu r Speci	ım Brac fied Sei	e Spac smic 'g'	ing (ft) ' Loads'	k	Optior	ן 1 ו	C	Option 2	Ste Bo	eel olt	
Pipe Dia.	Weight per Foot	0.2	5g	0.	5g	1.	0g	SCB	Cable Dia.	SSB/ SSBS	Minimum Brace Size	Qty.	Dia.	Weld Size
(in)	(lbs)	Irans.	Long.	Irans.	Long.	Irans.	Long.	Size	(in)	Size	(in)	Req'd	(in)	(in)
1	2.8	50	80	40	80	40	80	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	1/8
11/4	3.8	50	80	40	80	40	80	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	1/8
11/2	4.5	50	80	40	80	40	80	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	1/8
2	6.2	50	80	40	80	40	68	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	1/8
21/2	9.1	50	80	40	80	40	75	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	1/8
3	12.1	50	80	40	80	40	56	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	1/8
4	18.3	50	80	40	74	37	37	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	1/8
5	26.6	50	80	40	50	25	25	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	1/8
6	34.8	50	80	40	80	40	41	SCB-2	3/16	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	5/8	1/8
8	55.1	50	80	40	52	26	26	SCB-2	3/16	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	5/8	1/8
10	80.2	50	72	36	36	18	18	SCB-2	3/16	SSB-3	L3 x 3 x 1/4	1	5/8	3/16
12	109.0	50	80	40	40	20	20	SCB-3	1/4	SSB-3	L4 x 4 x 1/4	1	3/4	3/16
14	122.0	50	72	36	36	18	18	SCB-3	1/4	SSB-4	L4 x 4 x 1/4	1	3/4	3/16
16	150.0	50	56	28	28	14	14	SCB-3	1/4	SSB-4	L4 x 4 x 1/4	1	3/4	3/16
18	190.0	44	44	22	22	11	11	SCB-3	1/4	SSB-4	L4 x 4 x 1/4	1	3/4	3/16
20	214.0	50	80	40	44	22	22	SCB-4	3/8	SSB-4	L4 x 4 x 1/4	1	11/4	3/16
24	289.0	50	64	32	32	16	16	SCB-4	3/8	SSB-4	L4 x 4 x 1/4	1	11/4	3/16

*Maximum braced spacing for up to 1:1 brace angle from horizontal.

For up to 1.5:1 brace angle from horizontal, divide braced spacing by 1.5; for 2:1 brace angle, divide by 2. Example: For 3" diameter pipe at 0.5 g input and 1.5:1 brace angle ratio, the maximum transverse spacing = 40/1.5 = 26 ft. For maximum brace spacing at 'g' forces other than those listed, divide the 1g spacing by the desired 'g' force. Example: For a 0.74g input for 12" diameter pipe, transverse brace spacing = 20/0.74 = 27 ft. (Note: Transverse and longitudinal brace spacing shall not exceed those stated in the general notes.)

Special Note: The Structural Engineer of Record shall verify the seismic loads applied by the SCB/SSB/SSBS to the structure are acceptable. Refer to Pages H7 to H12 for the maximum seismic loads.

NOTES:

Anchorage is based on attachment with a Standard ASTM A307 Quality Bolts or E70xx electrode welds. An increase in SCB, SSB or SSBS size may be required to accommodate the cross bolt or support rod. (Ref. Page B2) All SSB brace members tabulated are steel angle. Factory 12ga formed channel strut may be in lieu of steel angle. All SSBS brace members tabulated are 12ga strut channels. (Ref. page X4)



INDIVIDUALLY SUPPORTED SYSTEMS

SEISMIC RESTRAINT GUIDELINES

STRUCTURAL STEEL BEAM OR MEMBER A307 BOLT OR 70XX WELD



	Мах	ا fo	Maximu r Specit	m Brac	e Spaci smic 'g'	ng (<i>m</i>) ' Loads'	k	Optior	n 1	C	Option 2	Ste	el olt	
Pipe Dia.	Weight per meter	0.2	5g	0.5	5g	1.	0g	SCB	Cable Dia.	SSB/ SSBS	Minimum Brace Size	Qty.	Dia.	Weld Size
(mm)	(K <u>G</u>)	Irans.	Long.	Irans.	Long.	Irans.	Long.	Size	(mm)	Size	(mm)	Red,q	(mm)	(mm)
25	4.1	15.2	24.4	12.2	24.4	12.2	24.4	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	3
32	5.6	15.2	24.4	12.2	24.4	12.2	24.4	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	3
38	6.6	15.2	24.4	12.2	24.4	12.2	24.4	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	3
51	9.2	15.2	24.4	12.2	24.4	12.2	20.7	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	3
64	13.5	15.2	24.4	12.2	24.4	12.2	22.9	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	3
76	18.0	15.2	24.4	12.2	24.4	12.2	17.1	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	3
102	27.3	15.2	24.4	12.2	12.6	11.3	11.3	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	3
127	39.5	15.2	24.4	12.2	15.2	7.6	7.6	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	3
152	51.8	15.2	24.4	12.2	24.4	12.2	12.5	SCB-2	5	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	16	3
203	82.0	15.2	24.4	12.2	15.8	7.6	7.9	SCB-2	5	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	16	3
254	119.3	15.2	21.9	11.0	11.0	5.5	5.5	SCB-2	5	SSB-3	L76 x 76 x 6	1	16	5
305	162.2	15.2	24.4	12.2	12.2	6.1	6.1	SCB-3	6	SSB-3	L102 x 102 x 6	1	19	5
356	181.5	15.2	21.9	11.0	11.0	5.5	5.5	SCB-3	6	SSB-4	L102 x 102 x 6	1	19	5
406	222.6	15.2	17.1	8.5	8.5	4.3	4.3	SCB-3	6	SSB-4	L102 x 102 x 6	1	19	5
457	282.7	13.4	13.4	6.7	6.7	3.4	3.4	SCB-3	6	SSB-4	L102 x 102 x 6	1	19	5
508	317.7	15.2	24.4	12.2	12.2	6.7	6.7	SCB-4	10	SSB-4	L102 x 102 x 6	1	32	5
610	430.1	15.2	19.5	9.8	9.8	4.9	4.9	SCB-4	10	SSB-4	L102 x 102 x 6	1	32	5

*Maximum braced spacing for up to 1:1 brace angle from horizontal.

For up to 1.5:1 brace angle from horizontal, divide braced spacing by 1.5; for 2:1 brace angle, divide by 2. Example: For 76mm diameter pipe at 0.5 g input and 1.5:1 brace angle ratio, the maximum transverse spacing = 12.2/1.5 = 8.1m.

For maximum brace spacing at 'g' forces other than those listed, divide the 1g spacing by the desired 'g' force. Example: For a 0.74g input for 305mm diameter pipe, transverse brace spacing = 6.1/0.74 = 8.2m. (Note: Transverse and longitudinal brace spacing shall not exceed those stated in the general notes.)

Special Note: The Structural Engineer of Record shall verify the seismic loads applied by the SCB/SSB/SSBS to the structure are acceptable. Refer to Pages H7 to H12 for the maximum seismic loads.

NOTES:

Anchorage is based on attachment with a Standard ASTM A307 Quality Bolts or E70xx electrode welds. An increase in SCB, SSB or SSBS size may be required to accommodate the cross bolt or support rod. (Ref. Page B2) All SSB brace members tabulated are steel angle. Factory 2.7mm formed channel strut may be in lieu of steel angle. All SSBS brace members tabulated are 12ga strut channel. (Ref. page X4)

MASON INDUSTRIES, Inc. **APPROVED** Manufacturers of Vibration Control Products 350 Rabro Drive 2101 W. Crescent Ave., Suite D California Office of Statewide Hauppauge, NY 11788 Anaheim, CA 92801 Health Planning and Development 631/348-0282 FAX 631/348-0279 714/535-2727 FAX 714/535-5738 FIXED EQUIPMENT ANCHORAGE Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com **OPA-0349** August 5, 2002 Page ABM Dhiru Mali Structural Engineer Bill Staehlin (916) 654-3362 California SE No. 2811

SEISMIC RESTRAINT GUIDELINES

INDIVIDUALLY SUPPORTED SYSTEMS

STRUCTURAL WOOD BEAM OR MEMBER



	Max	fo	Maximu r Speci	um Brac fied Seis	e Spac smic 'g	ing (ft) ' Loads'	ŧ	Optior	ו 1 י	(Option 2	Lag Screws		
Pipe Dia. (in)	Weight per Foot (lbs)	0.2 Trans.	5g Lona.	0.: Trans.	5g Lona.	1. Trans.	0g Lona.	SCB Size	Cable Dia. (in)	SSB Size	Minimum Brace Size (in)	Qty. Rea'd	Dia. (in)	Embed.
	2.8	50	80	40	80	40	80	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	4
11/4	3.8	50	80	40	80	40	65	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	4
11/2	4.5	50	80	40	80	40	55	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	4
2	6.2	50	80	40	80	40	40	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	4
21/2	9.1	50	80	40	54	27	27	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	4
3	12.1	50	80	40	40	20	20	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	4
4	18.3	50	52	26	26	13	13	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	4
5	26.6	36	36	18	18	9	9	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	4
6	34.8	40	40	20	20	10	10	SCB-2	3/16	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	5/8	5
8	55.1	24	24	12	12	6	6	SCB-2	3/16	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	5/8	5
10	80.2	16	16	8	8	4	4	SCB-2	3/16	SSB-3	L2 x 2 x 1/4	1	5/8	5
12	109.0	12	12	6	6	3	3	SCB-2	3/16	SSB-3	L2 x 2 x 1/4	1	5/8	5

*Maximum braced spacing for up to 1:1 brace angle from horizontal.

For up to 1.5:1 brace angle from horizontal, divide braced spacing by 1.5; for 2:1 brace angle, divide by 2.

For maximum brace spacing at 'g' forces other than those listed, divide the 1g spacing by the desired 'g' force. Example: For a 0.74g input for 6" diameter pipe, transverse brace spacing = 10/0.74 = 13 ft. (Note: Transverse and longitudinal brace spacing shall not exceed those stated in the general notes.)

Special Note: The Structural Engineer of Record shall verify the seismic loads applied by the SCB/SSB/SSBS to the structure are acceptable. Refer to Pages H13 for the maximum seismic loads.

NOTES:

Anchorage is based on attachment with Lag Screws, 1997 National Design Specification Tables 9.2A & 9.3B. An increase in SCB, SSB or SSBS size may be required to accommodate the cross bolt or support rod. (Ref. Page B2) All SSB brace members tabulated are steel angle. Factory 12ga formed channel strut may be in lieu of steel angle. All SSBS brace members tabulated are 12ga strut channel.



SEISMIC RESTRAINT GUIDELINES

INDIVIDUALLY SUPPORTED SYSTEMS





	Max	fo	Maximu r Speci	ım Brac fied Seis	e Spac smic 'g'	ing (ft) ' Loads'	ŕ	Optior	n 1	C	Pption 2		Lag	
Pipe Dia.	Weight per Foot	0.2	5g	0.	5g	1.	0g	SCB	Cable Dia.	SSB	Minimum Brace Size	Qty.	Dia.	Embed.
(mm)	(kg)	Trans.	Long.	Trans.	Long.	Trans.	Long.	Size	(mm)	Size	(mm)	Req'd	(mm)	(mm)
25	4.1	15.2	24.4	12.2	24.4	12.2	24.4	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	102
32	5.6	15.2	24.4	12.2	24.4	12.2	19.8	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	102
38	6.6	15.2	24.4	12.2	24.4	12.2	16.8	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	102
51	9.2	15.2	24.4	12.2	24.4	12.2	12.2	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	102
64	13.5	15.2	24.4	12.2	16.5	8.2	8.2	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	102
76	18.0	15.2	24.4	12.2	12.2	6.1	6.1	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	102
102	27.3	15.2	18.3	7.9	7.9	4.0	4.0	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	102
127	39.5	11.0	11.0	5.5	5.5	2.7	2.7	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	102
152	51.8	12.2	12.2	6.1	6.1	3.0	3.0	SCB-2	5	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	16	127
203	82.0	7.3	7.3	3.7	3.7	1.8	1.8	SCB-2	5	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	16	127
254	119.3	4.9	4.9	2.4	2.4	1.2	1.2	SCB-2	5	SSB-3	L51 x 51 x 6	1	16	127
305	162.2	3.7	3.7	1.8	1.8	0.9	0.9	SCB-2	5	SSB-3	L51 x 51 x 6	1	16	127

*Maximum braced spacing for up to 1:1 brace angle from horizontal.

For up to 1.5:1 brace angle from horizontal, divide braced spacing by 1.5; for 2:1 brace angle, divide by 2.

For maximum brace spacing at 'g' forces other than those listed, divide the 1g spacing by the desired 'g' force. Example: For a 0.74g input for 152mm diameter pipe, transverse brace spacing = 3.0/0.74 = 4.1m (Note: Transverse and longitudinal brace spacing shall not exceed those stated in the general notes.)

Special Note: The Structural Engineer of Record shall verify the seismic loads applied by the SCB/SSB/SSBS to the structure are acceptable. Refer to Pages H13 for the maximum seismic loads.

NOTES:

Anchorage is based on attachment with Lag Screws, 1997 National Design Specification Tables 9.2A & 9.3B. An increase in SCB, SSB or SSBS size may be required to accommodate the cross bolt or support rod. (Ref. Page B2) All SSB brace members tabulated are steel angle. Factory 2.7 mm formed channel strut may be in lieu of steel angle. All SSBS brace members tabulated are 12ga strut channel. (Ref. page X4)

	MASON INDUSTRIES, Inc. Manufacturers of Vibration Control Products 350 Rabro Drive Hauppauge, NY 11788 631/348-0282 FAX 631/348-0279 Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com	APPROVED California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development FIXED EQUIPMENT ANCHORAGE OPA-0349 August 5, 2002
Page A4m	Dhiru Mali Structural Engineer California SE No. 2811	Bill Staehlin (916) 654-3362

VERTICAL ROD STIFFENER GUIDELINES

INDIVIDUALLY SUPPORTED SYSTEMS



SEISMIC ROD CLAMPS ROD DIAMETERS: 3/8 to 11/4 IN.

Pipe Dia.	Max Weight per Foot	Support Rod Dia.	fo Max 0.2	r Speci timum (5g	ified Se Unbrac 0.	eismic 'e ed Roc 5g	g' Load I Lengtl 1.	ls* n (in) .0g	Max Braced Rod	SRC	UCC	Max. Spacing	Angle Brace Size	Strut Channel
(in)	(lbs)	(in)	Trans.	Long.	Trans.	Long.	Trans.	Long.	(in)	Size	Size	(in)	(in)	Size
1	2.8	3/8	22	22	22	22	22	18	96	1	1	22	1 x 1 x 1/8	
11/4	3.8	3/8	22	22	22	22	22	15	96	1	1	22	1 x 1 x 1/8	
11/2	4.5	3/8	22	22	22	20	20	14	96	1	1	22	1 x 1 x 1/8	
2	6.2	3/8	22	22	22	17	17	13	96	1	1	22	1 x 1 x 1/8	
21/2	9.1	1/2	30	30	30	26	26	19	96	1	1	31	1 x 1 x 1/8	
3	12.1	1/2	30	30	30	23	23	19	96	1	1	31	1 x 1 x 1/8	15/8 x 15/8
4	18.3	5/8	38	38	38	31	31	31	96	1	2	39	1 x 1 x 1/8	x 12
5	26.6	5/8	38	35	35	31	31	31	96	1	2	39	1 x 1 x 1/8	GAUGE
21/2	9.1	1/2	30	30	30	26	26	19	120	11/2	1	31	11/2 x 11/2 x 1/4	
3	12.1	1/2	30	30	30	23	23	19	120	11/2	1	31	11/2 x 11/2 x 1/4	
4	18.3	5/8	38	38	38	31	31	31	120	11/2	2	39	11/2 x 11/2 x 1/4	
5	26.6	5/8	38	35	35	31	31	31	120	11/2	2	39	11/2 x 11/2 x 1/4	
6	34.8	3/4	47	46	46	32	32	32	144	11/2	2	48	11/2 x 11/2 x 1/4	
8	55.1	7/8	55	51	51	45	45	45	132	11/2		56	11/2 x 11/2 x 1/4	
10	80.2	7/8	55	44	44	44	44	44	132	11/2		56	11/2 x 11/2 x 1/4	
12	109.0	7/8	51	36	36	36	36	36	132	11/2		65	11/2 x 11/2 x 1/4	
14	122.0	1	63	47	47	47	47	47	132	11/2		65	11/2 x 11/2 x 1/4	
16	150.0	1	57	48	48	48	48	48	132	11/2		65	11/2 x 11/2 x 1/4	
18	190.0	1	51	48	48	48	48	48	132	11/2		65	11/2 x 11/2 x 1/4	
8	55.1	7/8	55	51	51	45	45	45	144	2		56	2 x 2 x 1/4	
10	80.2	7/8	55	44	44	44	44	44	144	2		56	2 x 2 x 1/4	
12	109.0	7/8	51	36	36	36	36	36	144	2		56	2 x 2 x 1/4	
14	122.0	1	63	47	47	47	47	47	144	2		65	2 x 2 x 1/4	
16	150.0	1	57	48	48	48	48	48	144	2		65	2 x 2 x 1/4	
18	190.0	1	51	48	48	48	48	48	144	2		65	2 x 2 x 1/4	
20	214.0	11/4	78	55	55	52	52	52	144	2		82	2 x 2 x 1/4	
24	289.0	11/4	67	53	53	53	53	53	144	2		82	2 x 2 x 1/4	

*Maximum unbraced rod length for up to 1:1 brace angle from horizontal.

For up to 1.5:1 brace angle from horizontal, divide unbraced rod length by 1.25; for 2:1 brace angle, divide by 1.5.

NOTES:

Rod stiffeners are only required at the seismic restraint locations. Rod stiffeners are required when the length of the rod exceeds the maximum unbraced length. A minimum of (2) rod clamps are required per support rod to attach the "Angle or Strut Channel Brace" to the support rod.



VERTICAL ROD STIFFENER GUIDELINES

INDIVIDUALLY SUPPORTED SYSTEMS





SEISMIC ROD CLAMPS ROD DIAMETERS: 10 mm to 32 mm

Pipe	Max Weight	Support	Maxi fo	mum U r Speci	nbrace fied Se	d Rod	Length g' Load	(<i>mm</i>) s*	Max Braced Rod	0.00	1100	Max.	Angle Brace	Strut Channel
(<i>mm</i>)	per meter	(<i>mm</i>)	Trans.	Long.	Trans.	bg Long.	Trans.	Long.	Length	SRC	Size	Spacing	Size (mm)	Size (mm)
25	4.1	10	559	559	559	559	559	457	2438	1	1	559	25 x 25 x 3	
32	5.6	10	559	559	559	559	559	381	2438	1	1	559	25 x 25 x 3	
38	6.6	10	559	559	559	508	508	356	2438	1	1	559	25 x 25 x 3	
51	9.2	10	559	559	559	432	432	330	2438	1	1	559	25 x 25 x 3	
64	13.5	13	762	762	762	660	660	483	2438	1	1	787	25 x 25 x 3	
76	18.0	13	762	762	762	584	584	483	2438	1	1	787	25 x 25 x 3	41 x 41
102	27.3	16	965	965	965	787	787	787	2438	1	2	991	25 x 25 x 3	x 2.5
127	39.5	16	965	889	889	787	787	787	2438	1	2	991	25 x 25 x 3	
64	13.5	16	762	762	762	660	660	483	3048	11/2	1	787	38 x 38 x 6	
76	18.0	13	762	762	762	584	584	483	3048	11/2	1	787	38 x 38 x 6	
102	27.3	16	965	965	965	584	787	787	3048	11/2	2	991	38 x 38 x 6	
127	39.5	16	965	889	889	584	787	787	3048	11/2	2	991	38 x 38 x 6	
152	51.8	19	1194	1168	1168	813	813	813	3658	11/2	2	1219	38 x 38 x 6	
203	82.0	22	1397	1295	1295	1143	1143	1143	3353	11/2		1422	38 x 38 x 6	
254	119.3	22	1397	1118	1118	1118	1118	1118	3353	11/2		1422	38 x 38 x 6	
305	162.2	22	1295	914	914	914	914	914	3353	11/2		1422	38 x 38 x 6	
356	181.5	25	1600	1194	1194	1194	1194	1194	3353	11/2		1651	38 x 38 x 6	
406	222.6	25	1448	1219	1219	1219	1219	1219	3353	11/2		1651	38 x 38 x 6	
457	282.7	25	1295	1219	1219	1219	1219	1219	3353	11/2		1651	38 x 38 x 6	
203	82.0	22	1397	1295	1295	1143	1143	1143	3658	2		1422	51 x 51 x 6	
254	119.3	22	1397	1118	1118	1118	1118	1118	3658	2		1422	51 x 51 x 6	
305	162.2	22	1295	914	914	914	914	914	3658	2		1422	51 x 51 x 6	
356	181.5	25	1600	1194	1194	1194	1194	1194	3658	2		1651	51 x 51 x 6	
406	222.6	25	1448	1219	1219	1219	1219	1219	3658	2		1651	51 x 51 x 6	
457	282.7	25	1295	1219	1219	1219	1219	1219	3658	2		1651	51 x 51 x 6	
508	317.7	32	1981	1397	1397	1321	1321	1321	3658	2		2083	51 x 51 x 6	
610	430.1	32	1702	1346	1346	1346	1346	1346	3658	2		2083	51 x 51 x 6	

*Maximum unbraced rod length for up to 1:1 brace angle from horizontal.

For up to 1.5:1 brace angle from horizontal, divide unbraced rod length by 1.25; for 2:1 brace angle, divide by 1.5.

NOTES:

Rod stiffeners are only required at the seismic restraint locations. Rod stiffeners are required when the length of the rod exceeds the maximum unbraced length. A minimum of (2) rod clamps are required per support to attach the "Angle or Strut Channel Brace" to the support rod.

	MASON INDUSTRIES, Inc. Manufacturers of Vibration Control Products 350 Rabro Drive Hauppauge, NY 11788 631/348-0282 FAX 631/348-0279 Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com	APPROVED California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development FIXED EQUIPMENT ANCHORAGE OPA-0349 August 5, 2002
Page B1m	Dhiru Mali Structural Engineer California SE No. 2811	Bill Staehlin (916) 654-3362

MINIMUM SIZE OF SCBH, SCB, SSB AND SSBS

SCB selections are based on an SCBH attached to a standard support rod. An increase in SCBH may be required to accommodate a large support rod.

Minimum SCBH size for support rods are shown in the following table:

Pipe Maximum Support Minimum Diameter Rod Diameter SCBH Size for Support Rods (in) (*mm*) (in) (*mm*) 1-5 25-127 5/8 16 SCBH-1 6-12 152-305 22 SCBH-1 7/8 29 14-18 356-457 SCBH-1 11/8

AT SCBH LOCATIONS:

An SCB may be attached to the clevis cross bolt, however, an increase in SCB size may be required.

SSB and SSBS selections are based on an SSB and SSBS attached to a standard clevis cross bolt. An increase in SSB or SSBS size may be required to accommodate a large clevis cross bolt.

Minimum SCB, SSB and SSBS sizes for clevis cross bolts are shown in the following table:

AT SCB/SSB/SSBS LOCATIONS:

Pipe	Maximum	Minimum
Diameter	Cross Bolt	SSB/SSB/SSBS Size for
(in) (<i>mm</i>)	(in) (<i>mm</i>)	Clevis Cross Bolts
1-6 25-152 8 203 10-12 254-305 14-24 356-610	1/2 <i>13</i> 5/8 <i>16</i> 3/4 <i>19</i> 11/4 <i>32</i>	SCB/SSB/SSBS-12 SCB/SSB-2/SSBS-20, 25 SCB/SSB-3

An SSB or SSBS may be attached to the support rod, however, an increase in SSB or SSBS size may be required.

Minimum SSB or SSBS size for support rods are shown in the following table:

AT SSB/SSBS LOCATIONS:

Pipe	Maximum Support	Minimum
Diameter	Rod Diameter	SSB/SSBS Size
(in) (<i>mm</i>)	(in) (<i>mm</i>)	for Support Rods
1-3 <i>25-76</i>	1/2 13	SSBS-12
4 - 5 <i>102-127</i>	5/8 <i>16</i>	SSBS-20, 25
6 <i>152</i>	3/4 19	SSB-3
8-2 4 <i>203-610</i>	11/4 <i>32</i>	SSB-4



End of Section

TRANSVERSE SEISMIC CABLE BRACE HOOK GUIDELINES FOR SPRING-ISOLATED CLEVIS SUPPORTED SYSTEMS



TRANSVERSE SEISMIC CABLE BRACE HOOK GUIDELINES FOR SPRING-ISOLATED CLEVIS SUPPORTED SYSTEMS



Dhiru Mali

Structural Engineer

California SE No. 2811

5 L

Anthony R. Pike (916) 654-3362

LONGITUDINAL SEISMIC CABLE BRACE GUIDELINES FOR SPRING-ISOLATED CLEVIS SUPPORTED SYSTEMS







LONGITUDINAL SEISMIC CABLE BRACE GUIDELINES FOR CLEVIS SUPPORTED SYSTEMS



California SE No. 2811





California SE No. 2811

Bill Staehlin (916) 654-3362





LONGITUDINAL SEISMIC CABLE BRACE GUIDELINES ALLOWABLE BRACE ANGLE VARIATIONS IN PLAN FOR DETAIL PAGES C3 AND C6





LONGITUDINAL SEISMIC SOLID BRACE GUIDELINES ALLOWABLE BRACE ANGLE VARIATIONS IN PLAN FOR DETAIL PAGE C9





SEISMIC RESTRAINT GUIDELINES

MINIMUM 3000 PSI STONE AGGREGATE CONCRETE SLAB EXPANSION ANCHORS



Μ	Maximum Weight per Foot (lbs.) for Specified 'g' Loads *									Option 1		Option 2	Concrete			
	0.250	Iaximun	1 11 11 15 1	0.5a	ace ope		1.0a		0.00	Cable	SSB/	Minimum	01.1			
20 ft.	30 ft.	40 ft.	20 ft.	30 ft.	40 ft.	20 ft.	30 ft.	40 ft.	SCB Size	(in)	SSBS	(in)	Req'd	(in)	(in)	
72	48	36	36	24	18	18	12	9	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	21/4	
112	75	56	56	37	28	28	19	14	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	41/8	
176	117	88	88	59	44	44	29	22	SCB-2	3/16	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	5/8	51/8	
248	165	124	124	83	62	62	41	31	SCB-3	1/4	SSB-3	L3 x 3 x 1/4	1	3/4	65/8	
288	192	144	144	96	72	72	48	36	SCB-2	3/16	SSB-2	L3 x 3 x 1/4	2	5/8	51/8	
440	293	220	220	147	110	110	73	55	SCB-3	1/4	SSB-3	L4 x 4 x 1/4	4	5/8	51/8	
800	533	400	400	267	200	200	133	100	SCB-4	3/8	SSB-4	L4 x 4 x 1/4	4	5/8	51/8	

* Maximum weight per foot for up to 1:1 brace angle from horizontal.
For up to 1.5:1 brace angle from horizontal, divide weight per foot by 1.75; for 2:1 brace angle, divide by 2.44.
Example: Reduce the maximum weight of 36 kg/m at 0.5 input for a 1.5:1 brace angle ratio as follows, 24/1.75 = 13 lbs/ft.

For maximum weight per foot at 'g' forces other than those listed, divide the 1.0g weight per foot by the desired 'g' force. Example: Consider a 0.74g input, for a maximum weight of 12 lbs/ft from the 1.0g chart above, the adjusted weight per foot = 12/0.74 = 16 lbs/ft.

** For trapeze supported systems requiring SCB/SSBS to SCB/SSB-3 and SSB-4, the maximum longitudinal brace spacing = 2 times the maximum transverse spacing, not to exceed 80 feet. For trapeze supported systems requiring an SCB-4, install SCB-4s transversely and SCBH-3s longitudinally every 40 feet. For individually supported systems, the maximum longitudinal brace spacing = the maximum transverse brace spacing.

Special Note: The Structural Engineer of Record shall verify the seismic loads applied by the SCB/SSB/SSBS to the structure are acceptable. Refer to Pages H1, H2 and H3 for the maximum seismic loads.

NOTES:

Anchorage is based on attachment with an ITW Ramset/Red Head Trubolt Wedge Anchor, ICBO Report ER-1372/2000, Table 3, 4 and 5, embedded headed stud or J-bolt of equal embedment or approved equal.

Where (2) anchors are specified, the SCB, SSB or SSBS w/SLDB-2000 is required for attachment to structure. (Ref. Page H2 and X9)

Where (4) anchors are specified, the SCB or SSB w/SLDB-4000 is required for attachment to structure. (Ref. Page H3 and X10)

All SSB brace members tabulated are steel angle. Factory 12ga formed channel strut may be used in lieu of steel angle. All SSBS brace members tabulated are 12ga strut channel.



SEISMIC RESTRAINT GUIDELINES

MINIMUM 20,680 kPa STONE AGGREGATE CONCRETE SLAB EXPANSION ANCHORS



M	Maximum Weight per Meter (kg) for Specified 'g' Loads * at Maximum Transverse Brace Spacings (m) **									Option 1		Option 2	Concrete		
	0.25g		1 11 4115	0.5g		icings (i	1.0g		SCB	Cable Dia.	SSB/ SSBS	Minimum Brace Size	Qty	Dia. Embed.	
6m	9.1m	12.2m	6m	9.1m	12.2m	9.1m	9.1m	12.2m	Size	(mm)	Size	(mm)	Req'd	(mm)	(mm)
107	71	54	54	36	27	27	18	13	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	57
167	111	83	83	56	42	42	28	21	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	105
262	175	131	131	87	65	65	44	33	SCB-2	5	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	16	130
369	246	185	185	123	92	92	62	46	SCB-3	6	SSB-3	L76 x 76 x 6	1	19	168
429	286	214	214	143	107	107	71	54	SCB-2	5	SSB-2	L76 x 76 x 6	2	16	130
655	437	327	327	218	164	164	109	82	SCB-3	6	SSB-3	L102 x 102 x 6	4	16	130
1191	794	595	595	397	298	298	198	149	SCB-4	10	SSB-4	L102 x 102 x 6	4	16	130

* Maximum weight per meter for up to 1:1 brace angle from horizontal.
 For up to 1.5:1 brace angle from horizontal, divide weight per meter by 1.75; for 2:1 brace angle, divide by 2.44.
 Example: Reduce the maximum weight of 36 kg/m at 0.5 input for a 1.5:1 brace angle ratio as follows, 36/1.75 = 20 kg/m.

For maximum weight per meter at 'g' forces other than those listed, divide the 1.0g weight per meter by the desired 'g' force. Example: Consider a 0.74g input, for a maximum weight of 18 kg/m from the 1.0g chart above, the adjusted weight per meter = 18/0.74 = 24 kg/m.

^{**} For trapeze supported systems requiring SCB/SSBS to SCB/SSB-3 and SSB-4, the maximum longitudinal brace spacing = 2 times the maximum transverse spacing, not to exceed 24.4 m. For trapeze supported systems requiring an SCB-4, install SCB-4s transversely and SCBH-3s longitudinally every 12.2 m. For individually supported systems, the maximum longitudinal brace spacing = the maximum transverse brace spacing.

Special Note: The Structural Engineer of Record shall verify the seismic loads applied by the SCB/SSBS to the structure are acceptable. Refer to Pages H1, H2 and H3 for the maximum seismic loads.

NOTES:

Anchorage is based on attachment with an ITW Ramset/Red Head Trubolt Wedge Anchor, ICBO Report ER-1372/2000, Table 3, 4 and 5, embedded headed stud or J-bolt of equal embedment or approved equal.

Where (2) anchors are specified, the SCB, SSB or SSBS w/SLDB-2000 is required for attachment to structure. (Ref. Page H2 and X9)

Where (4) anchors are specified, the SCB or SSB w/SLDB-4000 is required for attachment to structure. (Ref. Page H3 and X10)

All SSB brace members tabulated are steel angle. Factory 2.7 mm formed channel strut may be used in lieu of steel angle.

All SSBS brace members tabulated are 12ga strut channels.

	MASON INDUSTRIES, Inc. Manufacturers of Vibration Control Products 350 Rabro Drive Hauppauge, NY 11788 631/348-0282 FAX 631/348-0279 Info@Mason-Ind.com	APPROVED California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development FIXED EQUIPMENT ANCHORAGE OPA-0349 August 5, 2002
Page D1m	Dhiru Mali Structural Engineer California SE No. 2811	Bill Staehlin (916) 654-3362

SEISMIC RESTRAINT GUIDELINES

MINIMUM 3000 PSI LIGHTWEIGHT CONCRETE DECK EXPANSION ANCHORS



N	Maximum Weight per Foot (lbs.) for Specified 'g' Loads * at Maximum Transverse Brace Spacings (ft.) **									Option 1		Option 2	Concrete		
<u> </u>	0.25g	Idaiiiiuii		0.5g	ace ope		1.0g		SCB	Cable Dia.	SSB/ SSBS	Minimum Brace Size	Qtv	Dia. Embed.	
20 ft.	30 ft.	40 ft.	20 ft.	30 ft.	40 ft.	20 ft.	30 ft.	40 ft.	Size	(in)	Size	(in)	Req'd	(in)	(in)
72	48	36	36	24	18	18	12	9	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	3
112	75	56	56	37	28	28	19	14	SCB-2	3/16	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	5/8	5
96	64	48	48	32	24	24	16	12	SCB-3	1/4	SSB-3	L2 x 2 x 1/4	1	3/4	31/4
136	91	68	68	45	34	34	23	17	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	2	1/2	3
280	187	140	140	93	70	70	47	35	SCB-2	3/16	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	2	5/8	5
440	293	220	220	147	110	110	73	55	SCB-3	1/4	SSB-3	L4 x 4 x 1/4	4	5/8	5
568	379	284	284	189	142	142	95	71	SCB-4	3/8	SSB-4	L4 x 4 x 1/4	4	5/8	5

* Maximum weight per foot for up to 1:1 brace angle from horizontal.
 For up to 1.5:1 brace angle from horizontal, divide weight per foot by 1.8; for 2:1 brace angle, divide by 2.4.
 Example: Reduce the maximum weight of 24 lbs/ft at 0.5g input for a 1.5:1 brace angle ratio as follows, 24/1.8 = 13 lbs/ft.

For maximum weight per foot at 'g' forces other than those listed, divide the 1.0g weight per foot by the desired 'g' force. Example: Consider a 0.74g input, for a maximum weight of 12 lbs/ft from the 1.0g chart above, the adjusted weight per foot = 12/0.74 = 16 lbs/ft.

** For trapeze supported systems requiring SCB/SSBS to SCB/SSB-3 and SSB-4, the maximum longitudinal brace spacing = 2 times the maximum transverse spacing, not to exceed 80 feet. For trapeze supported systems requiring an SCB-4, install SCB-4s transversely and SCBH-3s longitudinally every 40 feet. For individually supported systems, the maximum longitudinal brace spacing = the maximum transverse brace spacing.

Special Note: The Structural Engineer of Record shall verify the seismic loads applied by the SCB/SSBS to the structure are acceptable. Refer to Pages H4, H5 and H6 for the maximum seismic loads.

NOTES:

Anchorage is based on attachment with an ITW Ramset/Red Head Trubolt Wedge Anchor, ICBO Report ER-1372/2000, Table 4, 5 and 10, embedded headed stud or J-bolt of equal embedment or approved equal.

Where (2) anchors are specified, the SCB, SSB or SSBS w/SLDB-2000 is required for attachment to structure. (Ref. Page H5 and X9)

Where (4) anchors are specified, the SCB or SSB w/SLDB-4000 is required for attachment to structure. (Ref. Page H6 and X10)

All SSB brace members tabulated are steel angle. Factory 12ga formed channel strut may be used in lieu of steel angle. All SSB brace members tabulated are 12ga strut channels.



SEISMIC RESTRAINT GUIDELINES

MINIMUM 20,680 kPa LIGHTWEIGHT CONCRETE DECK EXPANSION ANCHORS



M	Maximum Weight per Meter (kg) for Specified 'g' Loads * at Maximum Transverse Brace Spacings (m) **									Option 1		Option 2	Concrete		
	0.25g	Iaximum	1 ITALISV	0.5g	ace opa	ungs (i	1.0g		SCB	Cable Dia.	SSB	Minimum Brace Size	Qty Dia. Emb		Embed.
6.1m	9.1m	12.2m	6.1m	9.1m	12.2m	6.1m	9.1m	12.2m	Size	(mm)	Size	(mm)	Req'd	(mm)	(mm)
107	71	54	54	36	27	27	18	13	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	76
167	111	83	83	56	42	42	28	21	SCB-2	5	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	16	127
143	95	71	71	48	36	36	24	18	SCB-3	6	SSB-3	L51 x 51 x 6	1	19	83
202	135	101	101	67	51	51	34	25	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	2	13	76
417	278	208	208	139	104	104	69	52	SCB-2	5	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	2	16	127
655	437	327	327	218	164	164	109	82	SCB-3	6	SSB-3	L102 x 102 x 6	4	16	127
845	564	423	423	282	211	211	141	106	SCB-4	10	SSB-4	L102 x 102 x 6	4	16	127

* Maximum weight per meter for up to 1:1 brace angle from horizontal.
 For up to 1.5:1 brace angle from horizontal, divide weight per meter by 1.8; for 2:1 brace angle, divide by 2.4.
 Example: Reduce the maximum weight of 36 kg/m at 0.5 input for a 1.5:1 brace angle ratio as follows, 36/1.8 = 20 kg/m

For maximum weight per meter at 'g' forces other than those listed, divide the 1.0g weight per meter by the desired 'g' force. Example: Consider a 0.74g input, for a maximum weight of 21 kg/m from the 1.0g chart above, the adjusted weight per meter = 21/0.74 = 28 kg/m.

** For trapeze supported systems requiring SCB/SSB/SSBS to SCB/SSB-3 and SSB-4, the maximum longitudinal brace spacing = 2 times the maximum transverse spacing, not to exceed 24.4 m. For trapeze supported systems requiring an SCB-4, install SCB-4s transversely and SCBH-3s longitudinally every 12.2 m. For individually supported systems, the maximum longitudinal brace spacing = the maximum transverse brace spacing.

Special Note: The Structural Engineer of Record shall verify the seismic loads applied by the SCB/SSB/SSBS to the structure are acceptable. Refer to Pages H4, H5 and H6 for the maximum seismic loads.

NOTES:

Anchorage is based on attachment with an ITW Ramset/Red Head Trubolt Wedge Anchor, ICBO Report ER-1372/2000, Table 4, 5 and 10, embedded headed stud or J-bolt of equal embedment or approved equal.

Where (2) anchors are specified, the SCB, SSB or SSBS w/SLDB-2000 is required for attachment to structure. (Ref. Page H5 and X9)

Where (4) anchors are specified, the SCB or SSB w/SLDB-4000 is required for attachment to structure. (Ref. Page H6 and X10)

All SSB brace members tabulated are steel angle. Factory 2.7 mm formed channel strut may be used in lieu of steel angle. All SSBS brace members tabulated are 12ga strut channels.

	MASON INDUSTRIES, Inc. Manufacturers of Vibration Control Products 350 Rabro Drive Hauppauge, NY 11788 631/348-0282 FAX 631/348-0279 Info@Mason-Ind.com	APPROVED California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development FIXED EQUIPMENT ANCHORAGE OPA-0349 August 5, 2002
Page D2m	Dhiru Mali Structural Engineer California SE No. 2811	Bill Staehlin (916) 654-3362

SEISMIC RESTRAINT GUIDELINES

STRUCTURAL STEEL BEAM OR MEMBER A307 BOLT OR 70XX WELD



M	Maximum Weight per Foot (lbs.) for Specified 'g' Loads *									Option 1		Option 2	Steel		
	0.25g	aximun	TTAIISV	0.5g	ace opa	icings (i	1.0g		SCB	Cable Dia.	SSB/ SSBS	Minimum Brace Size	Qty	Dia.	Weld Size
20 ft.	30 ft.	40 ft.	20 ft.	30 ft.	40 ft.	20 ft.	30 ft.	40 ft.	Size	(in)	Size	(in)	Req'd	(mm)	(mm)
136	91	68	68	45	34	34	23	17	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	1/8
288	192	144	144	96	72	72	48	36	SCB-2	3/16	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	5/8	1/8
440	293	220	220	147	110	110	73	55	SCB-3	1/4	SSB-3	L4 x 4 x 1/4	1	3/4	3/16
888	592	444	444	296	222	222	148	111	SCB-4	3/8	SSB-4	L4 x 4 x 1/4	1	11/4	3/16

* Maximum weight per foot for up to 1:1 brace angle from horizontal.
For up to 1.5:1 brace angle from horizontal, divide weight per foot by 1.5; for 2:1 brace angle, divide by 2.
Example: Reduce the maximum weight of 45 lbs/ft at 0.5g input for a 1.5:1 brace angle ratio as follows, 45/1.5 = 30 lbs/ft.

- For maximum weight per foot at 'g' forces other than those listed, divide the 1.0g weight per foot by the desired 'g' force. Example: Consider a 0.74g input, for a maximum weight of 17 lbs/ft from the 1.0g chart above, the adjusted weight per foot = 17/0.74 = 22 lbs/ft.
- ** For trapeze supported systems requiring SCB/SSBS to SCB/SSB-3 and SSB-4, the maximum longitudinal brace spacing = 2 times the maximum transverse spacing, not to exceed 80 feet. For trapeze supported systems requiring an SCB-4, install SCB-4s transversely and SCBH-3s longitudinally every 40 feet. For individually supported systems, the maximum longitudinal brace spacing = the maximum transverse brace spacing.

Special Note: The Structural Engineer of Record shall verify the seismic loads applied by the SCB/SSB/SSBS to the structure are acceptable. Refer to Pages H7 to H12 for the maximum seismic loads.

NOTES:

Anchorage is based on attachment with a Standard ASTM A307 Quality Bolts or E70xx Electrode Welds. All SSB brace members tabulated are steel angle. Factory 12ga formed channel strut may be used in lieu of steel angle. All SSBS brace members tabulated are 12ga strut channels.


INDIV./TRAPEZE SUPPORTED SYSTEMS

SEISMIC RESTRAINT GUIDELINES

STRUCTURAL STEEL BEAM OR MEMBER A307 BOLT OR 70XX WELD



M	Maximum Weight per Meter (kg) for Specified 'g' Loads * at Maximum Transverse Brace Spacings (m) **								Option 1		Option 2		Steel		
	0.25g 0.5g			1.0g			SCB	Cable Dia.	SSB/ SSBS	Minimum Brace Size	Qty	Dia.	Weld Size		
6.1m	9.1m	12.2m	6.1m	9.1m	12.2m	6.1m	9.1m	12.2m	Size	(mm)	Size	(mm)	Req'd	(mm)	(mm)
202	135	101	101	67	51	51	34	25	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	3
429	286	214	214	143	107	107	71	54	SCB-2	5	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	16	3
655	437	327	327	218	164	164	109	82	SCB-3	6	SSB-3	L102 x 102 x 6	1	19	5
1321	881	661	661	440	330	330	220	165	SCB-4	10	SSB-4	L102 x 102 x 6	1	32	5

* Maximum weight per meter for up to 1:1 brace angle from horizontal.
For up to 1.5:1 brace angle from horizontal, divide weight per meter by 1.5; for 2:1 brace angle, divide by 2.
Example: Reduce the maximum weight of 67 kg/m at 0.5g input for a 1.5:1 brace angle ratio as follows, 67/1.5 = 44 kg/m.

- For maximum weight per meter at 'g' forces other than those listed, divide the 1.0g weight per meter by the desired 'g' force. Example: Consider a 0.74g input, for a maximum weight of 54 kg/m from the 1.0g chart above, the adjusted weight per meter = 54/0.74 = 72 kg/m.
- ** For trapeze supported systems requiring SCB/SSBS to SCB/SSB-3 and SSB-4, the maximum longitudinal brace spacing = 2 times the maximum transverse spacing, not to exceed 24.4 m. For trapeze supported systems requiring an SCB-4, install SCB-4s transversely and SCBH-3s longitudinally every 12.2 m. For individually supported systems, the maximum longitudinal brace spacing = the maximum transverse brace spacing.

Special Note: The Structural Engineer of Record shall verify the seismic loads applied by the SCB/SSB/SSBS to the structure are acceptable. Refer to Pages H7 to H12 for the maximum seismic loads.

NOTES:

Anchorage is based on attachment with a Standard ASTM A307 Quality Bolts or E70xx Electrode Welds. All SSB brace members tabulated are steel angle. Factory 2.7 mm formed channel strut may be used in lieu of steel angle. All SSB brace members tabulated are 12ga strut channel.

(Ref. page X4)

	MASON INDUSTRIES, Inc. Manufacturers of Vibration Control Products350 Rabro Drive Hauppauge, NY 11788 631/348-0282 FAX 631/348-02792101 W. Crescent Ave., Suite D Anaheim, CA 92801 714/535-2727 FAX 714/535-5738Info@Mason-Ind.com• www.Mason-Ind.com	APPROVED California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development FIXED EQUIPMENT ANCHORAGE OPA-0349 August 5, 2002
Page D3m	Dhiru Mali Structural Engineer California SE No. 2811	Bill Staehlin (916) 654-3362

INDIV./TRAPEZE SUPPORTED SYSTEMS

SEISMIC RESTRAINT GUIDELINES

STRUCTURAL WOOD BEAM OR MEMBER LAG BOLT



M	Maximum Weight per Foot (lbs.) for Specified 'g' Loads * at Maximum Transverse Brace Spacings (ft.) **									Option 1		Option 2		Lag Screw	
	0.25g 0.5g 1.0g				SCB	Cable Dia.	SSB/ SSBS	Minimum Brace Size	Qty	Dia.	Embed.				
20 ft.	30 ft.	40 ft.	20 ft.	30 ft.	40 ft.	20 ft.	30 ft.	40 ft.	Size	(in)	Size	(in)	Req'd	(in)	(in)
48	32	24	24	16	12	12	8	6	SCB-1	1/8	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	1/2	4
72	48	36	36	24	18	18	12	9	SCB-2	3/16	SSBS	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1	5/8	5
96	64	48	48	32	24	24	16	12	SCB-3	1/4	SSB-3	L4 x 4 x 1/4	1	3/4	6

* Maximum weight per foot for up to 1:1 brace angle from horizontal.
For up to 1.5:1 brace angle from horizontal, divide weight per foot by 1.5; for 2:1 brace angle, divide by 2.
Example: Reduce the maximum weight of 16 lbs/ft at 0.5g input for a 1.5:1 brace angle ratio as follows, 16/1.5 = 10 lbs/ft.

Special Note: The Structural Engineer of Record shall verify the seismic loads applied by the SCB/SSB/SSBS to the structure are acceptable. Refer to Page H13 for the maximum seismic loads.

NOTES:

Anchorage is based on attachment with Lag Screws, 1991 National Design Specification Tables 9.2A & 9.3B. All SSB brace members tabulated are steel angle. Factory 12ga formed channel strut may be used in lieu of steel angle. All SSBS brace members tabulated are 12ga strut channel.

(Ref. page X4)



For maximum weight per foot at 'g' forces other than those listed, divide the 1.0g weight per foot by the desired 'g' force. Example: Consider a 0.74g input, for a maximum weight of 12 lbs/ft from the 1.0g chart above, the adjusted weight per foot = 12/0.74 = 16 lbs/ft.

^{**} For trapeze supported systems, the maximum longitudinal brace spacing is 2 times the transverse brace spacing not to exceed 80 feet. For individually supported systems, the maximum longitudinal brace spacing = the maximum transverse brace spacing.

INDIV./TRAPEZE SUPPORTED SYSTEMS

SEISMIC RESTRAINT GUIDELINES

STRUCTURAL WOOD BEAM OR MEMBER LAG BOLT



M	Maximum Weight per Meter (kg) for Specified 'g' Loads * at Maximum Transverse Brace Spacings (m) **									Option 1		Option 2		Lag		
	0.25g 0.5g 1.0g					SCB	Cable Dia.	SSB/ SSBS	Minimum Brace Size	Qtv	Dia.	Embed.				
6.1m	9.1m	12.2m	6.1m	9.1m	12.2m	6.1m	9.1m	12.2m	Size	(mm)	Size	(mm)	Req'd	(mm)	(mm)	
71	48	36	36	24	18	18	12	9	SCB-1	3	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	13	102	
107	71	54	54	36	27	27	18	13	SCB-2	5	SSBS	41 x 41 Strut	1	16	127	
143	95	71	71	48	36	36	24	18	SCB-3	6	SSB-3	L102 x 102 x 6	1	19	152	

 * Maximum weight per meter for up to 1:1 brace angle from horizontal.
For up to 1.5:1 brace angle from horizontal, divide weight per meter by 1.5; for 2:1 brace angle, divide by 2 Example: Reduce the maximum weight of 24 kg/m at 0.5g input for a 1.5:1 brace angle ratio as follows, 24/1.5 = 16 kg/m.

For maximum weight per meter at 'g' forces other than those listed, divide the 1.0g weight per meter by the desired 'g' force. Example: Consider a 0.74g input, for a maximum weight of 18 kg/m from the 1.0g chart above, the adjusted weight per meter = 18/0.74 = 24 kg/m.

** For trapeze supported systems, the maximum longitudinal brace spacing is 2 times the transverse spacing not to exceed 24.4 m. For individually supported systems, the maximum longitudinal brace spacing = the maximum transverse brace spacing.

Special Note: The Structural Engineer of Record shall verify the seismic loads applied by the SCB/SSB/SSBS to the structure are acceptable. Refer to Page H13 for the maximum seismic loads.

NOTES:

Anchorage is based on attachment with Lag Screws, 1991 National Design Specification Tables 9.2A & 9.3B. All SSB brace members tabulated are steel angle. Factory 2.7 mm formed channel strut may be used in lieu of steel angle. All SSBS brace members tabulated are 12ga strut channel.

(Ref. page X4)

	MASON INDUSTRIES, Inc. Manufacturers of Vibration Control Products350 Rabro Drive Hauppauge, NY 11788 631/348-02822101 W. Crescent Ave., Suite D Anaheim, CA 92801 714/535-2727 FAX 631/348-0279FAX 631/348-0279714/535-5738 FAX 714/535-5738Info@Mason-Ind.com• www.Mason-Ind.com	APPROVED California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development FIXED EQUIPMENT ANCHORAGE OPA-0349 August 5, 2002
Page D4m	Dhiru Mali Structural Engineer California SE No. 2811	Bill Staehlin (916) 654-3362

INDIV./TRAPEZE SUPPORTED SYSTEMS



SEISMIC ROD CLAMPS ROD DIAMETERS: 1/2 to 11/4"

SCB or SSB Size	Support Rod Dia. (in)	Maximum Unbraced Rod Length (in)	Maximum Braced Rod Length (in)	SRC Size	UCC Size	Max. Spacing (in)	Angle Brace Size (in)	Strut Channel Size
0	3/8	13	96	1	1	22	1 x 1 x 1/8	
	1/2	19	96	1	1	31	1 x 1 x 1/8	
1	1/2	19	120	11/2	1	31	11/2 x 11/2 x 1/4	15/8 x 15/8
	5/8	31	96	1	2	39	1 x 1 x 1/8	x 12
	5/8	31	120	11/2	2	39	11/2 x 11/2 x 1/4	GAUGE
	5/8	21	96	1	2	39	1 x 1 x 1/8	
2	3/4	32	144	11/2	2	48	11/2 x 11/2 x 1/4	
2	7/8	44	132	11/2		56	11/2 x 11/2 x 1/4	
	7/8	44	144	2		56	2 x 2 x 1/4	
	3/4	26	144	11/2	2	48	11/2 x 11/2 x 1/4	15/8 x 15/8
	7/8	36	132	11/2		56	11/2 x 11/2 x 1/4	x 12
3	7/8	36	144	2		56	2 x 2 x 1/4	GAUGE
	1	47	144	2		65	2 x 2 x 1/4	
	11/8	59	144	2		73	2 x 2 x 1/4	
	1	33	144	2		65	2 x 2 x 1/4	
4	11/8	42	144	2		73	2 x 2 x 1/4	
	11/4	54	144	2		82	2 x 2 x 1/4	

NOTES:

Rod stiffeners are only required at the seismic restraint locations.

Rod stiffeners are required when the length of the rod exceeds the maximum unbraced length.

A minimum of (2) rod clamps are required per support rod to attach the "Angle or Strut Channel Brace" to the support rod.



INDIV./TRAPEZE SUPPORTED SYSTEMS



SEISMIC ROD CLAMPS ROD DIAMETERS: 13 to 32 mm

SCB or SSB Size	Support Rod Dia. (mm)	Maximum Unbraced Rod Length (mm)	Maximum Braced Rod Length (mm)	SRC Size	UCC Size	Max. Spacing (mm)	Angle Brace Size (mm)	Strut Channel Size (mm)
0	10	330	2438	1	1	558	25 x 25 x 3	41 x 41 x 2.5
	13	483	2438	1	1	787	25 x 25 x 3	41 x 41 x 2.5
	13	483	3048	11/2	1	787	38 x 38 x 6	41 x 41 x 2.5
1	16	787	2438	1	2	991	25 x 25 x 3	41 x 41 x 2.5
	16	787	3048	11/2	2	991	38 x 38 x 6	41 x 41 x 2.5
	16	533	2438	1	2	991	25 x 25 x 3	41 x 41 x 2.5
	19	813	3658	11/2	2	1219	38 x 38 x 6	41 x 41 x 2.5
2	22	1118	3353	11/2		1422	38 x 38 x 6	
	22	1118	3658	2		1422	51 x 51 x 6	
	19	660	3658	11/2	2	1219	38 x 38 x 6	41 x 41 x 2.5
	22	914	3353	11/2		1422	38 x 38 x 6	
3	22	914	3658	2		1422	51 x 51 x 6	
	25	1194	3658	2		1651	51 x 51 x 6	
	29	1499	3658	2		1854	51 x 51 x 6	
	25	838	3658	2		1651	51 x 51 x 6	
4	29	1067	3658	2		1854	51 x 51 x 6	
	32	1372	3658	2		2083	51 x 51 x 6	

NOTES:

Rod stiffeners are only required at the seismic restraint locations. Rod stiffeners are required when the length of the rod exceeds the maximum unbraced length. A minimum of (2) rod clamps are required per support rod to attach the "Angle or Strut Channel Brace" to the support rod.



INDIV./TRAPEZE SUPPORTED SYSTEMS



SEISMIC ROD CLAMPS ROD DIAMETERS: 3/8 to 11/4"

Support Rod Dia. (in)	Max p for Spe 0.25g	kimum We er Foot(lbs ecified 'g' L 0.5g	ight .) _oads * 1.0g	Maximum Unbraced Rod Length** (in)	Maximum Braced Rod Length (in)	SRC Size	UCC Size	Max. Spacing (in)	Angle Brace Size (in)	Strut Channel Size
3/8	20	10	5	19	96	1	1	22	1 x 1 x ¹ /8	
3/8	40	20	10	13	96	1	1	22	1 x 1 x 1/8	
1/2	40	20	10	25	96	1	1	31	1 x 1 x ¹ /8	
1/2	124	62	31	14	96	1	1	31	1 x 1 x ¹ /8	
5/8	60	30	15	33	96	1	2	39	1 x 1 x 1/8	
5/8	144	72	36	21	96	1	2	39	1 x 1 x ¹ /8	15/8 x 15/8
1/2	80	40	20	18	120	11/2	1	31	11/2 x 11/2 x 1/4	x 12
1/2	120	60	30	14	120	11/2	1	31	11/2 x 11/2 x 1/4	GAUGE
5/8	80	40	20	29	120	11/2	2	39	11/2 x 11/2 x 1/4	
5/8	132	66	33	22	120	11/2	2	39	11/2 x 11/2 x 1/4	
3/4	100	50	25	38	144	11/2	2	48	11/2 x 11/2 x 1/4	
3/4	248	124	62	24	144	11/2	2	48	11/2 x 11/2 x 1/4	
7/8	160	80	40	42	132	11/2		56	11/2 x 11/2 x 1/4	
7/8	460	230	115	25	132	11/2		56	11/2 x 11/2 x 1/4	
1	200	100	50	50	132	11/2		65	11/2 x 11/2 x 1/4	
1	500	250	125	31	132	11/2		65	11/2 x 11/2 x 1/4	
7/8	160	80	40	42	144	2		56	2 x 2 x 1/4	
7/8	440	220	110	25	144	2		56	2 x 2 x 1/4	
1	200	100	50	50	144	2		65	2 x 2 x 1/4	
1	500	250	125	31	144	2		65	2 x 2 x 1/4	
11/8	240	120	60	57	144	2		73	2 x 2 x 1/4	
11/8	500	250	125	39	144	2		73	2 x 2 x 1/4	
11/4	300	150	75	65	144	2		82	2 x 2 x 1/4	
11/4	500	250	125	51	144	2		82	2 x 2 x 1/4	

* Based on 40 foot brace spacing. For 20 and 30 foot brace spacing, multiply the weight per foot by 2 and 1.33, respectively. For maximum weight per foot at 'g' forces other than those listed, divide the 1.0g weight per foot by the desired 'g' force. Example: Consider a 0.74g input, for a maximum weight of 10 lbs/ft from the 1.0g chart above, the adjusted weight per foot = 10/0.74 = 13 lbs/ft.

** For maximum unbraced rod length at a maximum weight per foot other than those listed, interpolate between maximum unbraced rod lengths of equal diameter.
Example: Consider maximum weights per foot of 75 and 125 with respective maximum unbraced rod lengths of 65 and 51. For 100 lbs/ft., the maximum unbraced rod length = 58".

NOTES:

Rod stiffeners are only required at the seismic restraint locations.

Rod stiffeners are required when the length of the rod exceeds the maximum unbraced length. A minimum of (2) rod clamps are required per support rod to attach the "Angle or Strut Channel Brace" to the support rod.



INDIVIDUALLY SUPPORTED SYSTEMS

SEISMIC ROD CLAMPS ROD DIAMETERS: 10 to 32 mm

Support Rod Dia.	Ma: pe for Spe	ximum We er Meter (k ecified 'g' L	ight g) ₋oads *	Maximum Unbraced Rod Length**	Maximum Braced Rod Length	SBC	UCC	Max. Spacing	Angle Brace Size	Strut Channel Size
(mm)	0.25g	0.5g	1.0g	(mm)	(mm)	Size	Size	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)
10	29	14	7	483	2438	1	1	559	25 x 25 x 3	
10	59	29	14	330	2438	1	1	559	25 x 25 x 3	
13	59	29	14	635	2438	1	1	787	25 x 25 x 3	
13	184	92	46	356	2439	1	1	787	25 x 25 x 3	
16	89	44	22	838	2438	1	2	991	25 x 25 x 3	
16	214	107	53	533	2438	1	2	991	25 x 25 x 3	41 x 41 x 9 5
13	119	59	29	457	3048	11/2	1	787	38 x 38 x 6	41 X 41 X 2.5
13	178	89	44	356	3048	11/2	1	787	38 x 38 x 6	
16	119	59	29	737	3048	11/2	2	991	38 x 38 x 6	
16	196	98	49	559	3048	11/2	2	991	38 x 38 x 6	
19	148	74	37	965	3658	11/2	2	1219	38 x 38 x 6	
19	369	184	92	610	3658	11/2	2	1219	38 x 38 x 6	
22	238	119	59	1067	3353	11/2		1422	38 x 38 x 6	
22	684	342	171	635	3353	11/2		1422	38 x 38 x 6	
25	297	148	74	1270	3353	11/2		1651	38 x 38 x 6	
25	744	372	186	787	3353	11/2		1651	38 x 38 x 6	
22	238	119	59	1067	3658	2		1422	51 x 51 x 6	
22	654	327	163	635	3658	2		1422	51 x 51 x 6	
25	297	148	74	1270	3658	2		1651	51 x 51 x 6	
25	744	372	186	787	3658	2		1651	51 x 51 x 6	
29	357	178	89	1448	3658	2		1854	51 x 51 x 6	
29	744	372	186	991	3658	2		1854	51 x 51 x 6	
32	446	223	111	1651	3658	2		2083	51 x 51 x 6	
32	744	372	186	1295	3658	2		2083	51 x 51 x 6	

Based on 12.2 meter brace spacing. For 6.1 and 9.1 meter brace spacing, multiply the weight per meter by 2 and 1.33, respectively. For maximum weight per meter at 'g' forces other than those listed, divide the 1.0g weight per meter by the desired 'g' force. Example: Consider a 0.74g input, for a maximum weight of 14 kg/m from the 1.0g chart above, the adjusted weight per meter = 14/0.74 = 18 kg/m.

** For maximum unbraced rod length at a maximum weight per meter other than those listed, interpolate between maximum unbraced rod lengths of equal diameter.
Example: Consider maximum weights per meter of 111 and 186 with respective maximum unbraced rod lengths of 1651 and 1295. For 148.5 kg/m, the maximum unbraced rod length = 1473 mm.

NOTES:

Rod stiffeners are only required at the seismic restraint locations. Rod stiffeners are required when the length of the rod exceeds the maximum unbraced length. A minimum of (2) rod clamps are required per support rod to attach the "Angle or Strut Channel Brace" to the support rod.

	MASON INDUSTRIES, Inc. Manufacturers of Vibration Control Products350 Rabro Drive Hauppauge, NY 11788 631/348-02822101 W. Crescent Ave., Suite D Anaheim, CA 92801 714/535-2727 FAX 631/348-0279FAX 631/348-0282 FAX 631/348-0279FAX 714/535-5738 FAX 714/535-5738Info@Mason-Ind.com• www.Mason-Ind.com	APPROVED California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development FIXED EQUIPMENT ANCHORAGE OPA-0349 August 5, 2002
Page E2m	Dhiru Mali Structural Engineer California SE No. 2811	Bill Staehlin (916) 654-3362

TRAPEZE SUPPORT GUIDELINES

Trapeze Span	Trapeze	Maximum Uniform Load	Vertical Deflection at Load
(11)	Δ	3380	0.01
		9530	0.01
12	B B	10415	0.01
12	C	1700	0.01
		3250	0.01
	^	1600	0.06
		1090	0.00
24		4703 5205	0.03
27		1600	0.03
	F	3800	0.02
	Δ	1120	0.13
	Double A	3175	0.13
36	B	3470	0.07
	Double B	10620	0.04
	E	2550	0.04
	Α	845	0.23
	Double A	2380	0.13
48	В	2600	0.12
	Double B	7965	0.06
	E	1900	0.08
	A	675	0.35
	Double A	1905	0.20
60	В	2080	0.19
	Double B	6370	0.10
	F	2800	0.09

Trapeze Span (in)	Trapeze Steel	Maximum Uniform Load (lbs)	Vertical Deflection at Load (in)		
72	A	560	0.50		
	Double A	1585	0.29		
	B	1735	0.27		
	Doublo B	5310	0.14		
	F	2300	0.14		
84	A	480	0.69		
	Double A	1360	0.39		
	B	1485	0.36		
	Double B	4550	0.20		
	G	2700	0.22		
96	A	420	0.90		
	Double A	1190	0.51		
	B	1300	0.47		
	Double B	3980	0.26		
	H	5000	0.26		
108	A	375	1.14		
	Double A	1055	0.64		
	B	1155	0.60		
	Double B	3540	0.32		
	J	7500	0.28		
120	A	335	1.40		
	Double A	950	0.80		
	B	1040	0.74		
	Double B	3185	0.40		
	K	10000	0.30		

NOTES:

1. When loads are concentrated near midspan, allowable loads shall be multiplied by 0.5 and deflections by 0.8. 2. Calculations based on section properties tabulated below.

TRAPEZE STEEL DESCRIPTION

Trapeze Steel	Steel Description	Weight (lbs/ft)	Area (in²)	lxx (in4)	Sxx (in³)	rx (in)	lyy (in4)	Syy (in³)	ry (in)
A	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	1.90	0.555	0.186	0.203	0.579	0.239	0.294	0.655
Double A	15/8 x 15/8 Strut	3.80	1.110	0.930	0.572	0.915	0.478	0.588	0.656
В	15/8 x 31/4 Strut	3.05	0.896	1.094	0.625	1.105	0.436	0.537	0.697
Double B	15/8 x 31/4 Strut	6.10	1.792	6.215	1.912	1.862	0.872	1.074	0.697
С	2 x 2 x 1/8 Angle	1.65	0.484	0.190	0.131	0.626	0.190	0.131	0.626
D	2 x 2 x 1/4 Angle	3.19	0.938	0.348	0.247	0.609	0.348	0.247	0.609
E	3 x 3 x 1/4 Angle	4.90	1.440	1.240	0.577	0.930	1.240	0.577	0.930
F	4 x 4 x 1/4 Angle	6.60	1.940	3.040	1.050	1.250	3.040	1.050	1.250
G	Double C3 x 4.1	8.20	2.420	3.320	2.200	1.170	0.394	0.404	
Н	Double C4 x 5.4	10.80	3.180	7.700	3.860	1.560	0.638	0.566	
J	Double C5 x 6.7	13.40	3.940	14.980	6.000	1.950	0.958	0.756	
К	Double C6 x 8.2	16.40	4.800	26.200	8.760	2.340	1.389	0.984	

NOTES: 1. Strut elements have 12 gage thickness.

2. Structural steel angles and channels are A36 steel.

"Double A" or "Double B" refers to a factory supplied back to back strut "A" or "B"
Trapeze styles "G" to "K" are back to back steel channels welded together top and bottom with plates at the support rods.

APPROVED California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development FIXED EQUIPMENT ANCHORAGE OPA-0349 August 5, 2002	MASON INDUSTRIManufacturers of Vibration Control350 Rabro Drive41/348-0282631/348-0282FAX 631/348-0279FAX 631/348-0279Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason	ES, Inc. <i>ol Products</i> cent Ave., Suite D n, CA 92801 335-2727 4/535-5738 on-Ind.com
Bill Staehlin (916) 654-3362	Dhiru Mali Structural Engineer California SE No. 2811	Page E3

TRAPEZE SUPPORT GUIDELINES

Trapeze Span (mm)	Trapeze Steel	Maximum Uniform Load (lbs)	Vertical Deflection at Load (mm)	Trapeze Span (mm)	Trapeze Steel	Maximum Uniform Load (lbs)
305	A Double A B C D	1533.1 4322.7 4724.2 771.1 1474.2	0.25 0.25 0.25 0.25 0.25 0.25	1829	A Double A B Double B F	254.0 718.9 787.0 2408.6 1043.3
610	A Double A B D E	766.6 2161.4 2360.9 725.7 1723.6	1.52 0.76 0.76 0.76 0.76 0.51	2134	A Double A B Double B G	217.7 616.9 673.6 2063.8 1224.7
914	A Double A B Double B E	508.0 1440.2 1574.0 4817.1 1156.7	3.30 1.78 1.78 1.02 1.02	2438	A Double A B Double B H	190.5 539.8 589.7 1805.3 2268.0
1219	A Double A B Double B E	383.3 1079.5 1179.3 3612.9 861.8	5.84 3.30 3.05 1.52 2.03	2743	A Double A B Double B J	170.1 478.5 523.9 1605.7 3401.9
1524	A Double A B Double B F	306.2 864.1 943.5 2889.4 1270.1	8.89 5.08 4.83 2.54 2.29	3048	A Double A B Double B K	152.0 430.9 471.7 1444.7 4535.9

NOTES:

When loads are concentrated near midspan, allowable loads shall be multiplied by 0.5 and deflections by 0.8.
Calculations based on section properties tabulated below.

TRAPEZE STEEL DESCRIPTION

Trapeze Steel	Steel Description (mm)	Weight (kg/m)	Area (cm²)	lxx (cm4)	Sxx (cm³)	rx (cm)	lyy (cm4)	Syy (cm³)	ry (cm)
A	41 x 41 x 2.7 Strut	2.8	3.6	7.7	3.3	1.5	9.9	4.8	1.7
Double A	41 x 41 x 2.7 Strut	5.7	7.2	38.7	9.4	2.3	19.9	9.6	1.7
В	41 x 83 x 2.7 Strut	4.5	5.8	45.5	10.2	2.8	18.1	8.8	1.8
Double B	41 x 83 x 2.7 Strut	9.1	11.6	258.7	31.3	4.7	36.3	17.6	1.8
С	51 x 51 x 3 Angle	2.5	3.1	7.9	2.1	1.6	7.9	2.1	1.6
D	51 x 51 x 6 Angle	4.7	6.1	14.5	4.0	1.5	14.5	4.0	1.5
E	75 x 75 x 6 Angle	7.3	9.3	51.6	9.5	2.4	51.6	9.5	2.4
F	102 x 102 x 6 Angle	9.8	12.5	-	17.2	3.2	126.5	17.2	3.2
G	Double C76 x 6.1	12.2	15.6	138.2	36.1	3.0	16.4	6.6	
Н	Double C102 x 8.0	16.1	20.5	320.5	63.3	4.0	26.6	9.3	
J	Double C127 x 10.0	19.9	25.4	623.5	98.3	5.0	39.9	12.4	
K	Double C152 x 12.2	24.4	31.0	1090.5	143.6	5.9	57.7	16.1	

NOTES: 1. Strut elements have 2.7 mm thickness

2. Structural steel angles and channels are A36 steel.

3. "Double A" or "Double B" refers to a factory supplied back to back strut "A" or "B"

4. Trapeze styles "G" to "K" are back to back steel channels welded together top and bottom with plates at the support rods.



APPROVED California Office of Statewide **Health Planning and Development** FIXED EQUIPMENT ANCHORAGE **OPA-0349** August 5, 2002 Bill Staehlin (916) 654-3362

Vertical Deflection at Load (mm) 12.70 7.37 6.86 3.56 3.30 17.53 9.91 9.14 5.08 5.59 22.86 12.95 11.94 6.60 6.60 28.96 16.26 15.24 8.13 7.11 35.56 20.32 18.80 10.16 7.62

UPPER SUPPORT MEMBER GUIDELINES FOR RECTANGULAR/OVAL DUCT

Upper support member selection at all directional and longitudinal brace locations is based on top brace extension E as shown on page H14. Upper support member extension at transverse brace locations is not restricted.

The following table defines upper support member sizes for maximum extension E of 6" or 12".

	E = 6" Maximum					
	Member Size (in)					
Size	Steel Angle	12 GA Strut				
SCBH/SSBS	21/2 x 21/2 x 12ga	15/8 x 15/8				
SCBH/SSBS	3 x 3 x 12ga	15/8 x 15/8				
SCBH/SSB-3	4 x 4 x 12ga	Double 15/8 x 15/8				

	E = 12" Maximum				
	Member Size (in)				
Size	Steel Angle	12 GA Strut			
SCBH/SSBS	21/2 x 21/2 x 3/16	15/8 x 15/8			
SCBH/SSBS	3 x 3 x ³ /16	Double 15/8 x 15/8			
SCBH/SSB-3	4 x 4 x 1/4				



UPPER SUPPORT MEMBER GUIDELINES FOR RECTANGULAR/OVAL DUCT

Upper support member selection at all directional and longitudinal brace locations is based on top brace extension E as shown on page H14. Upper support member extension at transverse brace locations is not restricted.

The following table defines upper support member sizes for maximum extension E of 152 or 305 mm.

	E = 152 mm Maximum				
	Member	Size (mm)			
Size	Steel Angle	Strut			
SCBH/SSBS	64 x 64 x 2.7	41 x 41 x 2.7			
SCBH/SSBS	76 x 76 x 2.7	41 x 41 x 2.7			
SCBH/SSB-3	102 x 102 x 2.7	Double 41 x 41 x 2.7			

	E = 305 mm Maximum				
	Member Size (mm)				
Size	Steel Angle	Strut			
SCBH/SSBS	64 x 64 x 5	41 x 41 x 2.7			
SCBH/SSBS	76 x 76 x 5	Double 41 x 41 x 2.7			
SCBH/SSB-3	102 x 102 x 6				

	MASON INDUSTRIES, Inc. Manufacturers of Vibration Control Products 350 Rabro Drive Hauppauge, NY 11788 631/348-0282 FAX 631/348-0279 Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com	API Californ Health Pla FIXED EQU OPA-0349
Page E4m	Dhiru Mali Structural Engineer California SE No. 2811	



ALL-DIRECTIONAL SEISMIC CABLE BRACE HOOK GUIDELINES FOR SPRING-ISOLATED TRAPEZE SUPPORTED PIPE/CONDUIT







Page

-2

Dhiru Mali

Structural Engineer

California SE No. 2811

on December 22, 2006

Anthony R. Pike (916) 654-3362

LONGITUDINAL SEISMIC CABLE BRACE HOOK GUIDELINES FOR SPRING-ISOLATED TRAPEZE SUPPORTED PIPE/CONDUIT















ALL-DIRECTIONAL SEISMIC CABLE BRACE HOOK GUIDELINES FOR SPRING-ISOLATED RECTANGULAR/OVAL DUCT



TRANSVERSE SEISMIC CABLE BRACE HOOK GUIDELINES FOR SPRING-ISOLATED RECTANGULAR/OVAL DUCT



LONGITUDINAL SEISMIC CABLE BRACE HOOK GUIDELINES FOR SPRING-ISOLATED RECTANGULAR/OVAL DUCT



ALL-DIRECTIONAL SEISMIC CABLE BRACE HOOK GUIDELINES FOR RECTANGULAR/OVAL DUCT













LONGITUDINAL SEISMIC SOLID BRACE GUIDELINES FOR RECTANGULAR/OVAL DUCT



ALL-DIRECTIONAL SEISMIC CABLE BRACE HOOK GUIDELINES FOR SPRING-ISOLATED ROUND DUCT



TRANSVERSE SEISMIC CABLE BRACE HOOK GUIDELINES FOR SPRING-ISOLATED ROUND DUCT



LONGITUDINAL SEISMIC CABLE BRACE HOOK GUIDELINES FOR SPRING-ISOLATED ROUND DUCT






























LONGITUDINAL SEISMIC CABLE BRACE GUIDELINES ALLOWABLE BRACE ANGLE VARIATIONS IN PLAN FOR DETAIL PAGES F3, F6, F12, F15, F21, F24 AND F30



REFER TO APPROPRIATE PAGE F3, F6, F12, F15, F21, F24 AND F30 FOR MORE SPECIFIC INFORMATION ON CABLE BRACES, TRAPEZE SUPPORTS, ETC.































SCB OR SSB/SSBS BOLTED ATTACHMENT TO A GUSSET PLATE OF A STRUCTURAL STEEL BEAM



MAXIMUM SCB/SSB LOADS TO STRUCTURE UP TO 1:1 BRACE ANGLE

SCB SIZE	SSB/SSBS SIZE	TENSION* Ibs (kN)	SHEAR Ibs (kN)
1	SSBS-12	690	690
2	SSBS-20, 25	1450	1450
3	SSB-3	2230	2230
4	SSB-4	4865	4865

SCB	SSB/SSBS	PLATE SIZE	HOLE DIA.	FILLET WELD
SIZE	SIZE	(in) (mm)	(in) (mm)	SIZE (in) (mm)
1	SSBS-12	3 x 3 x 1/4 (76 x 76 x 6)	9/16	3/16
2	SSBS-20, 25	4 x 4 x 1/4 (76 x 76 x 6)	11/16	3/16
3	SSBS-3	5 x 5 x ³ /8 (127 x 127 x 10)	13/16	1/4
4	SSBS-4	6 x 6 x 3/8 (152 x 152 x 10)	15/16	1/4

*For up to 1.5:1 or 2:1 brace angle, multiply by 1.2 or 1.3 respectively.

NOTE 1: The structural engineer of record must check the structural steel for the seismic loads from the seismic restraint system.

NOTE 2: For tightening requirements of bolts, nuts and strut nuts reference H15.

	MASON INDUSTRIES, Inc. Manufacturers of Vibration Control Products 350 Rabro Drive Hauppauge, NY 11788 631/348-0282 FAX 631/348-0279 Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com	APPROVED California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development FIXED EQUIPMENT ANCHORAGE OPA-0349 August 5, 2002
Page H8	Dhiru Mali Structural Engineer California SE No. 2811	Bill Staehlin (916) 654-3362



	Maximum Seismic Brace Loads To Structure At Various Brace Angles (lbs)									
Brace Angle	SC	B-0	SCB-1 , SSB	/ SSB-1 S-12	SCB-2 / SSBS-20 (l	/ SSB-2 Jp to 1.5:1)	SCB-3	/ SSB-3	SCB-4	/ SSB-4
(Rise:Run)	Vertical	Shear	Vertical	Shear	Vertical	Shear	Vertical	Shear	Vertical	Shear
2:1	447	224	872	436	1834	917	2817	1409	6149	3075
1.5:1	416	277	811	541	1706	1137	2621	1747	5720	3814
1:1	354	354	689	689	1450	1450	2227	2227	4861	4861
1:1.5	277	416	541	811	1137	1706	1747	2621	3814	5720
1:2	224	447	436	872	917	1834	1409	2817	3075	6149

NOTE: The structural engineer of record must check the structural steel for the attachment location and seismic loads from the seismic restraint system.





Angle			SSB	S-12	SSBS-20 (l	Jp to 1.5:1)				
(Rise:Run)	Tension	Shear	Tension	Shear	Tension	Shear	Tension	Shear	Tension	Shear
2:1	2.0	1.0	3.9	1.9	8.2	4.1	12.5	6.3	27.4	13.7
1.5:1	1.9	1.2	3.6	2.4	7.6	5.1	11.7	7.8	23.4	15.2
1:1	1.6	1.6	3.1	3.1	6.4	6.4	9.9	9.9	21.6	21.6
1:1.5	1.2	1.9	2.4	3.6	5.1	7.6	7.8	11.7	15.2	23.4
1:2	1.0	2.0	1.9	3.9	4.1	8.2	6.3	12.5	13.7	27.4

NOTE: The structural engineer of record must check the structural steel for the attachment location and seismic loads from the seismic restraint system.

Í	MASON INDUSTRIES, Inc. Manufacturers of Vibration Control Products 350 Rabro Drive Hauppauge, NY 11788 631/348-0282 FAX 631/348-0279 Info@Mason-Ind.com	Of
Page	Al. mel.	
H8Am	Dhiru Mali Structural Engineer California SE No. 2811	

APPROVED

Fixed Equipment Anchorage Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development









SCBV - SEISMIC CABLE BRACE VISE ATTACHMENT TO A STRUCTURAL STEEL BEAM



MAXIMUM SCB/SSB LOADS TO STRUCTURE UP TO 1:1 BRACE ANGLE

SCBV	TENSION*	SHEAR
SIZE	(lbs) ()	(lbs) ()
1	690	690
2	1450	1450
3	2230	2230

* For up to 1.5:1 or 2:1 brace angle, multiply by 1.2 or 1.3 respectively.

NOTE: The structural engineer of record must check the structural steel for the seismic loads from the seismic restraint system.







TIGHTENING REQUIREMENTS

TORQUE FOR A307 BOLTS AND A36 THREADED ROD

DIAMETER SIZE	TORQUE ft-lbs())
3/8	20
1/2	49
5/8	97
3/4	173

TORQUE FOR STRUT NUTS

DIAMETER SIZE	TORQUE ft-lbs()
3/8	19
1/2	50
5/8	100
3/4	125

TURN OF NUT METHOD

For turn-of-nut tightening, hand-adjust the bolt snug tight where there is firm contact between the bolt and connected metal components.

LENGTH OF BOLT	ADDITIONAL TIGHTENING
Up to and including 4 diameters	1/3 Turn
Over 4 diameters and not more than 8 diameter	1/2 Turn
Over 8 diameter and not more than 12 diameter	2/3 Turn





VERTICAL SUPPORT GUIDELINES

SSB LOCATIONS

SEISMIC LOAD ON SUPPORT RODS FOR USE WITH PAGES A1 AND D1



AT INDIVIDUAL SUPPORTS:

Pipe Diameter	Support Rod Diameter	Seismic Tension Load*
(in)	(in)	(IDS)
1–2	3/8	425
21/2-3	1/2	560
4–5	5/8	560
6	3/4	870
8–10	7/8	1445
12	7/8	2180
14–18	1	2200
20–24	11/4	3760

AT TRAPEZE SUPPORTS:

	Support Rod Diameter	Seismic Tension Load*
Size	(in)	(lbs)
SSBS-12	1/2	560
SSBS-20,25	5/8	1440
SSB-3	3/4	2200
SSB-4	1	4000

The attachment point of the support rod to the structure must be designed to accept the addition of the seismic tension load tabulated above and the gravity load of the item supported. THIS IS ONLY REQUIRED FOR SUPPORT RODS WHERE THE SEISMIC SOLID BRACE IS ATTACHED.

Example: For a 10" diameter pipe supported by a minimum 7/8" diameter rod, assume the gravity load is 800 lbs. The total tension load on the support rod

= 1445 lbs. (see table above) + 800 lbs. = 2245 lbs.

Select a concrete expansion anchor (Ref. Page X7), concrete insert anchor, or any other approved attachment which can accept this total tension load.

To reduce the total tension load on the support rod to meet the allowable tension load of the attachment, reduce the seismic brace spacing or the support spacing or both.

Example: Assume the total tension load on the support is 2245 lbs. from the example above. If the allowable tension load of the attachment is 1400 lbs., reduce the brace spacing by 50% and the support spacing by 20%. The revised total tension load on the support rod

= 1445 lbs. x 50% + 800 lbs. x 80% = 1362.5 lbs. < 1400 lbs.


SSB/SSBS LOCATIONS

SEISMIC LOAD ON SUPPORT RODS FOR USE WITH PAGES A1 AND D1



AT INDIVIDUAL SUPPORTS:

Pipe	Support Rod	Seismic
Diameter	Diameter	Tension Load*
(mm)	(mm)	(kN)
25–51	10	1.9
64–76	13	2.5
102–127	16	2.5
152	19	3.9
203–254	22	6.5
305	22	9.7
356–457	25	9.8
508–610	32	16.8

AT TRAPEZE SUPPORTS:

Size	Support Rod Diameter (mm)	Seismic Tension Load* (kN)
SSBS-12 SSBS-20,25 SSB-3	13 16 19	2.5 6.5 9.8
SSB-4	25	17.8

The attachment point of the support rod to the structure must be designed to accept the addition of the seismic tension load tabulated above and the gravity load of the item supported. THIS IS ONLY REQUIRED FOR SUPPORT RODS WHERE THE SEISMIC SOLID BRACE IS ATTACHED.

Example: For a diameter pipe supported by a minimum diameter rod, assume the gravity load is 3.6 kN. The total tension load on the support rod

Select a concrete expansion anchor (Ref. Page X7), concrete insert anchor, or any other approved attachment which can accept this total tension load.

To reduce the total tension load on the support rod to meet the allowable tension load of the attachment, reduce the seismic brace spacing or the support spacing or both.

Example: Assume the total tension load on the support is 10.1 kN. from the example above. If the allowable tension load of the attachment is 6.3 kN, reduce the brace spacing by 50% and the support spacing by 20%. The revised total tension load on the support rod

= 6.5 kN x 50% + 3.6 kN x 80% = 6.1 kN < 6.3 kN

Image: Second systemImage: Second systemImage: Second systemImage: Second systemImage: Second systemSecond		APPROVED California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development FIXED EQUIPMENT ANCHORAGE OPA-0349 August 5, 2002
Page K1m	Dhiru Mali Structural Engineer California SE No. 2811	Bill Staehlin (916) 654-3362

SSB/SSBS LOCATIONS

SEISMIC LOAD ON SUPPORT RODS FOR USE WITH PAGES A2 AND D2



AT INDIVIDUAL SUPPORTS:

Pipe Diameter	Support Rod Diameter	Seismic Tension Load*
(in)	(in)	(lbs)
1–2	3/8	375
21/2-3	1/2	375
4–5	5/8	375
6	3/4	560
8–10	7/8	1380
12	7/8	2180
14–18	1	2200
20–24	11/4	2785

AT TRAPEZE SUPPORTS:

	Support Rod Diameter	Seismic Tension Load*
Size	(in)	(lbs)
SSBS-12	1/2	680
SSBS-20,25	5/8	1440
SSB-3	3/4	2200
SSB-4	1	3800

^t The attachment point of the support rod to the structure must be designed to accept the addition of the seismic tension load tabulated above and the gravity load of the item supported. THIS IS ONLY REQUIRED FOR SUPPORT RODS WHERE THE SEISMIC SOLID BRACE IS ATTACHED.

Example: For a 10" Diameter pipe supported by a minimum 7/8" diameter rod, assume the gravity load is 800 lbs. The total tension load on the support rod

= 1380 lbs. (see table above) + 800 lbs. = 2180 lbs.

Select a concrete expansion anchor (Ref. Page X7), concrete insert anchor, or any other approved attachment which can accept this total tension load.

To reduce the total tension load on the support rod to meet the allowable tension load of the attachment, reduce the seismic brace spacing or the support spacing or both.

Example: Assume the total tension load on the support is 2180 lbs. from the example above. If the allowable tension load of the attachment is 1400 lbs., reduce the brace spacing by 50% and the support spacing by 20%. The revised total tension load on the support rod

= 1380 lbs. x 50% + 800 lbs. x 80% = 1330 lbs. < 1400 lbs.



SSB LOCATIONS

SEISMIC LOAD ON SUPPORT RODS FOR USE WITH PAGES A2 AND D2



AT INDIVIDUAL SUPPORTS:

Pipe	Support Rod	Seismic
Diameter	Diameter	Tension Load*
(mm)	(mm)	(kN)
25–51	10	1.7
64–76	13	1.7
102–127	16	1.7
152	19	2.5
203–254	22	6.2
305	22	9.7
356–457	25	9.8
508–610	32	12.4

AT TRAPEZE SUPPORTS:

SSB Size	Support Rod Diameter (mm)	Seismic Tension Load* (kN)
1	13	3.0
2	16	6.3
3	19	9.8
4	25	16.9

The attachment point of the support rod to the structure must be designed to accept the addition of the seismic tension load tabulated above and the gravity load of the item supported. THIS IS ONLY REQUIRED FOR SUPPORT RODS WHERE THE SEISMIC SOLID BRACE IS ATTACHED.

Example: For a diameter pipe supported by a minimum diameter rod, assume the gravity load is 3.6 kN. The total tension load on the support rod

Select a concrete expansion anchor (Ref. Page X7), concrete insert anchor, or any other approved attachment which can accept this total tension load.

To reduce the total tension load on the support rod to meet the allowable tension load of the attachment, reduce the seismic brace spacing or the support spacing or both.

Example: Assume the total tension load on the support is 9.8 kN. from the example above. If the allowable tension load of the attachment is 6.3 kN, reduce the brace spacing by 50% and the support spacing by 20%. The revised total tension load on the support rod

= 6.2 kN x 50% + 3.6 kN x 80% = 6.0 kN < 6.3 kN

Masson industries, inc.Manufacturers of Vibration Control Products350 Rabro DriveHauppauge, NY 11788631/348-0282FAX 631/348-0279Info@Mason-Ind.com• www.Mason-Ind.com		APPROVED California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development FIXED EQUIPMENT ANCHORAGE OPA-0349 August 5, 2002
Page K2m	Dhiru Mali Structural Engineer California SE No. 2811	Bill Staehlin (916) 654-3362

SSB/SSBS LOCATIONS

SEISMIC LOAD ON SUPPORT RODS FOR USE WITH PAGES A3 AND D3

and the second
SEISMIC LOAD

AT INDIVIDUAL SUPPORTS:

Pipe Diameter	Support Rod Diameter	Seismic Tension Load*
(in)	(in)	(lbs)
1–2	3/8	425
21/2-3	1/2	685
4–5	5/8	685
6	3/4	1430
8–10	7/8	1445
12	7/8	2180
14–18	1	2200
20–24	11/4	4710

AT TRAPEZE SUPPORTS:

	Support Rod Diameter	Seismic Tension Load*
Size	(in)	(lbs)
SSBS-12	1/2	680
SSBS-20,25	5/8	1440
SSB-3	3/4	2200
SSB-4	1	4840

^t The attachment point of the support rod to the structure must be designed to accept the addition of the seismic tension load tabulated above and the gravity load of the item supported. THIS IS ONLY REQUIRED FOR SUPPORT RODS WHERE THE SEISMIC SOLID BRACE IS ATTACHED.

Example: For a 10" Diameter pipe supported by a minimum 7/8" diameter rod, assume the gravity load is 800 lbs. The total tension load on the support rod

= 1445 lbs. (see table above) + 800 lbs. = 2245 lbs.

Select a concrete expansion anchor (Ref. Page X7), concrete insert anchor, or any other approved attachment which can accept this total tension load.

To reduce the total tension load on the support rod to meet the allowable tension load of the attachment, reduce the seismic brace spacing or the support spacing or both.

Example: Assume the total tension load on the support is 2245 lbs. from the example above. If the allowable tension load of the attachment is 1400 lbs., reduce the brace spacing by 50% and the support spacing by 20%. The revised total tension load on the support rod

= 1445 lbs. x 50% + 800 lbs. x 80% = 1362.5 lbs. < 1400 lbs.



SSB/SSBS LOCATIONS

SEISMIC LOAD ON SUPPORT RODS FOR USE WITH PAGES A3 AND D3



AT INDIVIDUAL SUPPORTS:

Pipe	Support Rod	Seismic
Diameter	Diameter	Tension Load*
(mm)	(mm)	(kN)
25–51	10	1.9
64–76	13	3.1
102–127	16	3.1
152	19	6.4
203–254	22	6.5
305	22	9.7
356–457	25	9.8
508–610	32	21.0

AT TRAPEZE SUPPORTS:

Size	Support Rod Diameter (mm)	Seismic Tension Load* (kN)
SSBS-12	13	3.0
SSBS-20, 25	16	6.5
SSB-3	19	9.8
SSB-4	25	21.6

The attachment point of the support rod to the structure must be designed to accept the addition of the seismic tension load tabulated above and the gravity load of the item supported. THIS IS ONLY REQUIRED FOR SUPPORT RODS WHERE THE SEISMIC SOLID BRACE IS ATTACHED.

Example: For a diameter pipe supported by a minimum diameter rod, assume the gravity load is 3.6 kN. The total tension load on the support rod

Select a concrete expansion anchor (Ref. Page X7), concrete insert anchor, or any other approved attachment which can accept this total tension load.

To reduce the total tension load on the support rod to meet the allowable tension load of the attachment, reduce the seismic brace spacing or the support spacing or both.

Example: Assume the total tension load on the support is 1018 kg. from the example above. If the allowable tension load of the attachment is 6.3 kN, reduce the brace spacing by 50% and the support spacing by 20%. The revised total tension load on the support rod

= 6.5 kN x 50% + 3.6 kN x 80% = 6.2 kN < 6.3 kN

	MASON INDUSTRIES, Inc. Manufacturers of Vibration Control Products 350 Rabro Drive Hauppauge, NY 11788 631/348-0282 FAX 631/348-0279 Info@Mason-Ind.com	APPROVED California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development FIXED EQUIPMENT ANCHORAGE		
Page K3m	Dhiru Mali Structural Engineer California SE No. 2811	Bill Staehlin (916) 654-3362		

SSB/SSBS LOCATIONS

SEISMIC LOAD ON SUPPORT RODS FOR USE WITH PAGES A4 AND D4

SEISMIC LOAD

AT INDIVIDUAL SUPPORTS:

Pipe Diameter	Support Rod Diameter	Seismic Tension Load*
(in)	(in)	(lbs)
1–2	3/8	250
21/2-3	1/2	250
4–5	5/8	250
6	3/4	350
8–12	7/8	350

AT TRAPEZE SUPPORTS:

	Support Rod Diameter	Seismic Tension Load*
Size	(in)	(lbs)
SSBS-12	1/2	240
SSBS-20,25	5/8	360
SSB-3	3/4	480

The attachment point of the support rod to the structure must be designed to accept the addition of the seismic tension load tabulated above and the gravity load of the item supported. THIS IS ONLY REQUIRED FOR SUPPORT RODS WHERE THE SEISMIC SOLID BRACE IS ATTACHED.

Example: For a 10" Diameter pipe supported by a minimum 7/8" diameter rod, assume the gravity load is 800 lbs. The total tension load on the support rod

= 350 lbs. (see table above) + 800 lbs. = 1150 lbs.

Select a concrete expansion anchor (Ref. Page X7), concrete insert anchor, or any other approved attachment which can accept this total tension load.

To reduce the total tension load on the support rod to meet the allowable tension load of the attachment, reduce the seismic brace spacing or the support spacing or both.

Example: Assume the total tension load on the support is 1150 lbs. from the example above. If the allowable tension load of the attachment is 900 lbs., reduce the brace spacing by 50% and the support spacing by 20%. The revised total tension load on the support rod

= 350 lbs. x 50% + 800 lbs. x 80% = 815 lbs. < 900 lbs.



SSB/SSBS LOCATIONS

SEISMIC LOAD ON SUPPORT RODS FOR USE WITH PAGES A4 AND D4



AT INDIVIDUAL SUPPORTS:

Pipe Diameter	Support Rod Diameter	Seismic Tension Load*
(11111)	((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((KIN)
25–51	10	1.2
64–76	13	1.2
102–127	16	1.2
152	19	1.6
203–305	22	1.6

AT TRAPEZE SUPPORTS:

Size	Support Rod Diameter (mm)	Seismic Tension Load* (kg)
SSBS-12	13	1.1
SSBS-20, 25	16	1.6
SSB-3	19	2.2

- The attachment point of the support rod to the structure must be designed to accept the addition of the seismic tension load tabulated above and the gravity load of the item supported. THIS IS ONLY REQUIRED FOR SUPPORT RODS WHERE THE SEISMIC SOLID BRACE IS ATTACHED.
 - Example: For a diameter pipe supported by a minimum diameter rod, assume the gravity load is 3.6 kN. The total tension load on the support rod
 - = 1.6 kN (see table above) + 3.6 kN = 5.2 kN

Select a concrete expansion anchor (Ref. Page X7), concrete insert anchor, or any other approved attachment which can accept this total tension load.

To reduce the total tension load on the support rod to meet the allowable tension load of the attachment, reduce the seismic brace spacing or the support spacing or both.

Example: Assume the total tension load on the support is 5.2 kN. from the example above. If the allowable tension load of the attachment is 4.0 kN, reduce the brace spacing by 50% and the support spacing by 20%. The revised total tension load on the support rod

= 1.6 kN x 50% + 3.6 kN x 80% = 3.7 kN < 4.0 kN

	MASON INDUSTRIES, Inc. Manufacturers of Vibration Control Products 350 Rabro Drive Hauppauge, NY 11788 631/348-0282 FAX 631/348-0279 Info@Mason-Ind.com	APPROVED California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development FIXED EQUIPMENT ANCHORAGE		
Page K4m	Dhiru Mali Structural Engineer California SE No. 2811	Bill Staehlin (916) 654-3362		

















PIPE WEIGHTS

Pipe Diameter	Pine	Insulation Thickness		Weight pe	er Foot (Ibs)	
(in)	Schedule	(in)	Pipe	Water	Insulation	Total
1 11/4 11/2 2 21/2	40 40 40 40 40	1 1 1 1	1.7 2.3 2.7 3.7 5.8	0.4 0.7 0.9 1.5 2.1	0.7 0.8 0.9 1.0 1.2	2.8 3.8 4.5 6.2 9.1
3 4 5 6 8 10 12	40 40 40 40 40 40 40	1 1 11/2 11/2 11/2 11/2 11/2	7.6 11.0 15.0 19.0 29.0 41.0 54.0	3.2 5.5 8.7 12.5 22.0 34.0 49.0	1.3 1.8 2.9 3.3 4.1 5.2 6.0	12.1 18.3 26.6 34.8 55.1 80.2 109.0
14 16 18 20 24	30 30 30 20 20	11/2 11/2 11/2 11/2 11/2 11/2	55.0 63.0 82.0 79.0 95.0	60.0 79.0 100.0 126.0 184.0	7.0 7.5 8.0 8.5 10.0	122.0 150.0 190.0 214.0 289.0

STEEL PIPE

COPPER PIPE

Pipe Diameter	Copper	Insulation Thickness		Weight pe	er Foot (lbs)	
(in)	Туре	(in)	Pipe	Water	Insulation	Total
1	L	1	0.7	0.4	0.7	1.8
11/4	L	1	0.9	0.6	0.8	2.3
11/2	L	1	1.1	0.8	0.9	2.8
2	L	1	1.8	1.4	1.0	4.2
21/2	L	1	2.5	2.1	1.2	5.8
3	L	1	3.3	3.0	1.3	7.6
31/2	L	1	4.3	4.0	1.5	9.8
4	L	1	5.4	5.2	1.8	12.4
5	L	11/2	7.6	8.1	2.9	18.6
6	L	11/2	10.2	11.6	3.3	25.1
8	L	11/2	19.3	20.3	4.1	43.7
10	L	11/2	30.1	31.6	5.2	66.9
12	L	11/2	40.4	45.4	6.0	91.8



PIPE WEIGHTS

Pipe Diameter	Pine	Insulation Thickness	Weight per Meter (kg)			
(mm)	Schedule	(mm)	Pipe	Water	Insulation	Total
25 32 38 51 64	40 40 40 40 40	25 25 25 25 25 25	2.5 3.4 4.0 5.5 8.6	0.6 1.0 1.3 2.2 3.1	1.0 1.2 1.3 1.5 1.8	4.1 5.6 6.6 9.2 13.5
76 102 127 152 203 254 305	40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	25 25 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38	11.3 16.4 22.3 28.3 43.2 61.0 80.4	4.8 8.2 12.9 18.6 32.7 50.6 72.9	1.9 2.7 4.3 4.9 6.1 7.7 8.9	18.0 27.3 39.5 51.8 82.0 119.3 162.2
356 406 457 508 610	30 30 30 20 20	38 38 38 38 38 38	81.8 93.8 122.0 117.6 141.4	89.3 117.6 148.8 187.5 273.8	10.4 11.2 11.9 12.6 14.9	181.5 222.6 282.7 317.7 430.1

STEEL PIPE

COPPER PIPE

Pipe Diameter	Copper	Insulation Thickness		Weight pe	er Meter (ko	g)
(mm)	Туре	(mm)	Pipe	Water	Insulation	Total
25	L	25	1.0	0.6	1.0	2.6
32	L	25	1.3	0.9	1.2	3.4
38	L	25	1.6	1.2	1.3	4.1
51	L	25	2.7	2.1	1.5	6.3
64	L	25	3.7	3.1	1.8	8.6
76	L	25	4.9	4.5	1.9	11.3
89	L	25	6.4	6.0	2.2	14.6
102	L	25	8.0	7.7	2.7	18.4
127	L	38	11.3	12.1	4.3	27.7
152	L	38	15.2	17.3	4.9	37.4
203	L	38	28.7	30.2	6.1	65.0
254	L	38	44.8	47.0	7.7	99.5
305	L	38	60.1	67.3	8.9	136.3





Pipe Diameter	Wall Thickness	Weig	ht per Fo	ot (lbs)			
(in)	(in)	Pipe	Water	Total			
1/2	0.109	0.15	0.13	0.28			
3/4	0.113	0.20	0.23	0.43			
1	0.133	0.30	0.37	0.67			
11/4	0.140	0.40	0.65	1.05			
11/2	0.145	0.48	0.88	1.36			
2	0.154	0.64	1.45	2.10			
21/2	0.203	1.02	2.07	3.09			
3	0.216	1.33	3.20	4.53			
31/2	0.226	1.60	4.28	5.88			
4	0.237	1.90	5.51	7.41			
5	0.258	2.77	8.66	11.43			
6	0.280	3.34	12.15	15.49			
8	0.322	5.28	21.60	26.88			
10	0.366	7.51	34.10	41.61			
12	0.406	10.02	48.50	58.52			

SCHEDULE 40 PVC PIPE

SCHEDULE 80 PVC PIPE

Pipe Diameter	Wall Thickness	Weig	ht per Fo	ot (lbs)
(in)	(in)	Pipe	Water	Total
1/2	0.147	0.15	0.10	0.25
3/4	0.154	0.26	0.19	0.45
1	0.179	0.38	0.31	0.69
11/4	0.191	0.53	0.56	1.08
11/2	0.200	0.64	0.77	1.40
2	0.218	0.88	1.28	2.16
21/2	0.276	1.35	1.83	3.18
3	0.300	1.80	2.86	4.66
31/2	0.318	2.20	3.85	6.05
4	0.337	2.64	4.98	7.62
5	0.375	4.13	7.87	12.00
6	0.432	5.03	11.29	16.32
8	0.500	8.02	19.80	27.82
10	0.593	11.89	31.10	42.99
12	0.687	16.37	44.00	60.37



Pipe Diameter	Wall Thickness	Weig	ht per Me	eter (kg)		
(mm)	(mm)	Dino	Motor	Tatal		
(mm)	(mm)	Pipe	vvaler	Total		
13	2.8	0.22	0.19	0.41		
19	2.9	0.30	0.34	0.64		
25	3.4	0.45	0.55	1.00		
32	3.6	0.60	0.97	1.57		
38	3.7	0.71	1.31	2.02		
51	3.9	0.95	2.16	3.11		
64	5.2	1.52	3.08	4.60		
76	5.5	1.98	4.76	6.74		
89	5.7	2.38	6.37	8.75		
102	6.0	2.83	8.20	11.03		
127	6.6	4.12	12.89	17.01		
152	7.1	4.97	18.08	23.05		
203	8.2	7.86	32.14	40.00		
254	9.3	11.18	11.18 50.75			
305	10.3	14.91	72.18	87.06		

SCHEDULE 40 PVC PIPE

Pipe Diameter	Wall	Weig	ht per Me	ter (kg)		
(mana)	(Dire	14/-+	Tabal		
(mm)	(mm)	Pipe	vvater	Iotai		
13	3.7	0.22	0.15	0.37		
19	3.9	0.39	0.28	0.57		
25	4.6	0.57	0.46	1.03		
32	4.9	0.79	0.83	1.62		
38	5.1	0.95	1.15	2.10		
51	5.5	1.31	1.90	3.21		
64	7.0	2.01	2.72	4.73		
76	7.6	2.68	4.26	6.94		
89	8.1	3.27	5.73	9.00		
102	8.6	3.93	7.41	11.34		
127	9.5	6.15	11.71	17.86		
152	11.0	7.49	16.80	24.29		
203	12.7	11.94	29.47	41.41		
254	15.1	17.69	46.28	63.97		
305	17.5	24.36	65.48	89.84		

SCHEDULE 80 PVC PIPE





Pipe Diameter		Weight per Foot (lbs)							
(in)	Class	Pipe	Water	Total					
3	150	12.2	3.7	15.9					
4	150	16.4	5.7	22.1					
6	150	25.7	12.8	38.5					
8	150	36.7	23.1	59.8					
10	150 48.7	48.7	35.5	84.2					
12	150	62.9	51.0	113.9					
14	150	78.8	69.3	148.1					
16	150	95.0	90.3	185.3					
18	150	114.7	114.0	228.7					
20	150	135.9	141.5	277.4					
24	150	190.4	201.0	391.4					

CAST IRON PIPE

STEEL CONDUIT

Conduit	Wall	Conduit	Max. Wt./Ft. of Conduit and Conductor (lbs)				
Diameter (in)	Thickness (in)	Wt./Ft. (Ibs)	Lead Covered	Not Lead Covered			
1/2	0.112	0.852	1.172	1.042			
3/4	0.124	1.134	1.754	1.398			
1	0.124	1.684	2.614	2.347			
11/4	0.155	2.281	4.311	3.581			
11/2	0.167	2.731	5.891	4.546			
2	0.172	3.678	8.528	7.208			
21/2	0.219	5.819	11.509	10.219			
3	0.219	7.616	16.506	14.506			
31/2	0.219	9.202	19.052	17.491			
4	0.219	10.889	24.749	21.479			
5	0.367	14.810	35.870	30.830			
6	0.367	19.185	50.685	43.425			



Pipe Diameter		Weigh	er (kg)	
(mm)	Class	Pipe	Water	Total
76 102 152 203 254 305	150 150 150 150 150 150	18.2 24.4 38.2 54.6 72.5 93.6	5.5 8.5 19.0 34.4 52.8 75.9	23.7 32.9 57.2 89.0 125.3 169.5
356 406 457 508 610	150 150 150 150 150 150	117.3 141.4 170.7 202.2 283.3	103.1 134.4 169.7 210.6 299.1	220.4 275.8 370.4 412.8 582.4

CAST IRON PIPE

STEEL CONDUIT										
Conduit	Wall	Conduit	Max. Wt./m and Cond	of Conduit luctor (kg)						
Diameter (mm)	Thickness (mm)	Wt./m (kg)	Lead Covered	Not Lead Covered						
13 19 25 32 38 51	2.8 3.1 3.9 4.2 4.4	1.27 1.69 2.51 3.39 4.06 5.47	1.74 2.61 3.89 6.42 8.77 12.69	1.55 2.08 3.49 5.33 6.77 10.73						
64 76 89 102 127 152	5.6 5.6 5.6 9.3 9.3	8.66 11.33 13.69 16.20 22.04 28.55	17.13 24.56 28.35 36.83 53.38 75.42	15.21 21.59 26.03 31.96 45.88 64.62						





DUCT WEIGHTS

GALVANIZED RECTANGULAR DUCT 24 Gauge - Sizes 3" x 3" to 28" x 28" (lbs/foot)

Size (in)	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28
3	1.28	1.49	1.70	1.96	2.13	2.34	2.55	2.77	3.19	3.62	4.04	4.47	4.80	5.42	5.85	6.20	6.84
4		1.70	1.96	2.13	2.34	2.55	2.77	2.98	3.40	3.82	4.26	4.69	5.10	5.64	6.07	6.50	7.07
5			2.13	2.34	2.55	2.77	2.98	3.19	3.62	4.04	4.47	4.80	5.42	5.85	6.29	6.72	7.25
6				2.55	2.77	2.98	3.19	3.40	3.82	4.26	4.69	5.10	5.64	6.01	6.50	6.94	7.40
7					2.98	3.19	3.40	3.62	4.04	4.47	4.80	5.42	5.85	6.29	6.72	7.15	7.55
8						3.40	3.62	3.82	4.26	4.69	5.10	5.64	6.07	6.50	6.94	7.37	7.80
9							3.82	4.04	4.47	4.89	5.42	5.85	6.29	6.72	7.15	7.59	8.09
10								4.26	4.69	5.10	5.64	6.07	6.50	6.94	7.37	7.80	8.24
12									5.10	5.64	6.07	6.50	6.94	7.37	7.80	8.24	8.67
14										6.07	6.50	6.94	7.37	7.80	8.24	8.67	9.10
16											6.94	7.37	7.80	8.24	8.67	9.10	9.54
18												7.80	8.64	8.67	9.10	9.54	9.97
20													8.67	9.10	9.54	9.97	10.42
22														9.54	9.97	10.42	10.85
24															10.42	10.85	11.29
26																11.29	11.72
28																	12.13



DUCT WEIGHTS

GALVANIZED RECTANGULAR DUCT 0.61 mm Thick - Sizes 76 mm x 76 mm to 711 mm x 711 mm (kg/m)

Size (mm)	76	102	127	152	178	203	229	254	305	356	406	457	508	559	610	660	711
76	1.90	2.22	2.53	2.92	3.17	3.48	3.79	4.12	4.75	5.39	6.01	6.65	7.14	8.07	8.71	9.23	10.2
102		2.53	2.92	3.17	3.48	3.79	4.12	4.43	5.06	5.68	6.34	6.98	7.59	8.39	9.03	9.67	10.5
127			3.17	3.48	3.79	4.12	4.43	4.75	5.39	6.01	6.65	7.14	8.07	8.71	9.36	10.0	10.8
152				3.79	4.12	4.43	4.75	5.06	5.68	6.34	6.98	7.59	8.39	8.94	9.67	10.3	11.0
178					4.43	4.75	5.06	5.39	6.01	6.65	7.14	8.07	8.71	9.36	10.0	10.6	11.2
203						5.06	5.39	5.68	6.34	6.98	7.59	8.39	9.03	9.67	10.3	11.0	11.6
229							5.82	6.01	6.65	7.28	8.07	8.71	9.36	10.0	10.6	11.3	12.0
254								6.34	6.98	7.59	8.39	9.03	9.67	10.3	11.0	11.6	12.3
305									7.59	8.39	9.03	9.67	10.3	11.0	11.6	12.3	12.9
356										9.03	9.67	10.3	11.0	11.6	12.3	12.9	13.5
406											10.3	11.0	11.6	12.3	12.9	13.5	14.2
457												11.6	12.9	12.9	13.5	14.2	14.8
508													12.9	13.5	14.2	14.8	15.5
559														14.2	14.8	15.5	16.2
610															15.5	16.2	16.8
660																16.8	17.4
711																	18.1

NOTES: Weights include allowance for laps and seams.

Refer to page N10m for different duct thickness weight conversions.



	(103/1001)											
Size (in)	30	32	34	36	38	40						
3	8.6	8.8	9.1	9.3	9.9	10.5						
4	8.8	9.1	9.3	9.6	10.5	11.0						
5	9.1	9.3	9.6	9.8	10.8	11.3						
6	9.3	9.6	9.8	10.1	11.1	11.6						
7	9.6	9.8	10.1	10.3	11.3	11.8						
8	10.1	10.6	11.1	11.6	11.8	12.1						
9	10.3	10.8	11.3	11.8	12.1	12.3						
10	10.6	11.1	11.6	12.1	12.3	12.6						
12	11.1	11.6	12.1	12.3	12.6	13.1						
14	11.6	12.1	12.6	13.1	13.4	13.6						
16	12.1	12.6	13.1	13.6	13.9	14.1						
18	12.6	13.1	13.6	14.1	14.4	14.6						
20	13.1	13.6	14.1	14.6	14.8	15.0						
22	13.6	14.1	14.6	15.1	15.4	15.6						
24	14.1	14.6	15.1	15.6	15.8	16.1						
26	14.6	15.1	15.6	16.1	16.4	16.6						
28	15.1	15.6	16.1	16.6	16.9	17.1						
30	15.6	16.1	16.6	17.1	17.4	17.7						
32		16.6	17.1	17.6	17.9	18.1						
34			17.6	18.1	18.3	18.5						
36				18.6	18.9	19.1						
38					19.1	19.5						
40						20.9						

GALVANIZED RECTANGULAR DUCT 22 Gauge - Sizes 30" x 3" to 40" x 40" (lbs/foot)



(1.9,11)									
Size (mm)	762	813	864	914	965	1016			
76	12.8	13.1	13.5	13.8	14.7	15.6			
102	13.1	13.5	13.8	14.3	15.6	16.4			
127	13.5	13.8	14.3	14.6	16.1	16.8			
152	13.8	14.3	14.6	15.0	16.5	17.3			
178	14.3	14.6	15.0	15.3	16.8	17.6			
203	15.0	15.8	16.5	17.3	17.6	18.0			
229	15.3	16.1	16.8	17.6	18.0	18.3			
254	15.8	16.5	17.3	18.0	18.3	18.8			
305	16.5	17.3	18.0	18.3	18.8	19.5			
356	17.3	18.0	18.8	19.5	19.9	20.2			
406	18.0	18.8	19.5	20.2	20.7	21.0			
457	18.8	19.5	20.2	21.0	21.4	21.7			
508	19.5	20.2	21.0	21.7	22.0	22.3			
559	20.2	21.0	21.7	22.5	22.9	23.2			
610	21.0	21.7	22.5	23.2	23.5	24.0			
660	21.7	22.5	23.2	24.0	24.4	24.7			
711	22.5	23.2	24.0	24.7	25.1	25.4			
762	23.2	24.0	24.7	25.4	25.9	26.3			
813		24.7	25.4	26.2	26.6	26.9			
864			26.2	26.9	27.2	27.5			
914				27.7	28.1	28.4			
965					28.4	29.0			
1016						31.1			

GALVANIZED RECTANGULAR DUCT 0.76 mm Thick - Sizes 762 mm x 76 mm to 1016 mm x 1016 mm (kg/m)





GALVANIZED RECTANGULAR DUCT 20 Gauge - Sizes 142" x 3" to 58" x 58"

(lbs/foot)

a . ()			•		- /				
Size (in)	42	44	46	48	50	52	54	56	58
3	13.3	13.9	14.5						
4	13.6	14.2	14.8						
5	13.9	14.5	15.1						
6	14.2	14.8	15.4	16.0	16.6	17.2	17.7	18.4	18.9
7	14.5	15.1	15.7						
8	14.8	15.4	16.0	16.6	17.2	17.7	18.4	18.9	19.6
9	15.4	15.7	16.3						
10	15.7	16.0	16.6	17.2	17.7	18.4	18.9	19.6	20.1
12	16.0	16.6	17.2	17.7	18.4	18.9	19.6	20.1	20.7
14	16.6	17.2	17.7	18.4	18.9	19.6	20.1	20.7	21.3
16	17.2	17.7	18.4	18.9	19.6	20.1	20.7	21.3	21.9
18	17.7	18.4	18.9	19.6	20.1	20.7	21.3	21.9	22.5
20	18.4	18.9	19.5	20.1	20.7	21.3	21.9	22.5	23.1
22	18.9	19.5	20.1	20.7	21.3	21.9	22.5	23.1	23.7
24	19.5	20.1	20.7	21.3	21.9	22.5	23.1	23.7	24.3
26	20.1	20.7	21.3	21.9	22.5	23.1	23.7	24.3	24.9
28	20.7	21.3	21.8	22.5	23.1	23.7	24.3	24.9	25.3
30	21.3	21.8	22.5	23.1	23.7	24.3	24.9	25.3	26.1
32	21.5	22.5	23.0	23.7	24.3	24.9	25.3	26.1	26.7
34	22.5	23.0	23.6	24.3	24.9	25.3	26.1	26.7	27.3
36	23.0	23.6	24.8	24.9	25.3	26.1	26.7	27.3	27.8
38	23.6	24.8	25.4	25.3	26.1	26.7	27.3	27.8	28.4
40	24.8	25.4	26.0	26.1	26.7	27.3	27.8	28.4	29.0
42	25.4	26.0	26.5	26.7	27.3	27.8	28.4	29.0	29.6
44		26.5	27.1	27.3	27.8	28.4	29.0	29.6	30.2
46			27.7	27.8	28.4	29.0	29.6	30.2	30.8
48				28.4	29.0	29.6	30.2	30.8	31.4
50					29.6	30.2	30.8	31.4	32.0
52						30.8	31.4	32.0	32.6
54							32.0	32.6	33.2
56								33.2	33.6
58									34.4



GALVANIZED RECTANGULAR DUCT 0.91 mm Thick - Sizes 1067 mm x 76 mm to 1473 mm x 1473 mm (ka/m)

				(-/				
Size (mm)	1067	1118	1168	1219	1270	1321	1372	1422	1473
76	19.8	20.7	21.6						
102	20.2	21.1	22.0						
127	20.7	21.6	22.5						
152	21.1	22.0	22.9	23.8	24.7	25.6	26.3	27.4	28.1
178	21.6	22.5	23.4						
203	22.0	22.9	23.8	24.7	25.6	26.3	27.4	28.1	29.2
229	22.9	23.4	24.3						
254	23.4	23.8	24.7	25.6	26.3	27.4	28.1	29.2	29.9
305	23.8	24.7	25.6	26.3	27.4	28.1	29.2	29.9	30.8
356	24.7	25.6	26.3	27.4	28.1	29.2	29.9	30.8	31.7
406	25.6	26.3	27.4	28.1	29.2	29.9	30.8	31.7	32.6
457	26.3	27.4	28.1	29.2	29.9	30.8	31.7	32.6	33.5
508	27.4	28.1	29.2	29.9	30.8	31.7	32.6	33.5	34.4
559	28.1	29.2	29.9	30.8	31.7	32.6	33.5	34.4	35.3
610	29.2	29.9	30.8	31.7	32.6	33.5	34.4	35.3	36.2
660	29.9	30.8	31.7	32.6	33.5	34.4	35.3	36.2	37.1
711	30.8	31.7	32.6	33.5	34.4	35.3	36.2	37.1	37.7
762	31.7	32.6	33.5	34.4	35.3	36.2	37.1	37.7	38.8
813	32.6	33.5	34.4	35.3	36.2	37.1	37.7	38.8	39.7
864	33.5	34.4	35.3	36.2	37.1	37.7	38.8	39.7	40.6
914	34.4	35.3	36.2	37.1	37.7	38.8	39.7	40.6	41.4
965	35.5	36.2	37.1	37.7	38.8	39.7	40.6	41.4	42.3
1016	36.2	37.1	37.7	38.8	39.7	40.6	41.4	42.3	43.2
1067	37.1	37.7	38.8	39.7	40.6	41.4	42.3	43.2	44.0
1118		38.8	39.7	40.6	41.4	42.3	43.2	44.0	44.9
1168			40.6	41.4	42.3	43.2	44.0	44.9	45.8
1219				42.3	43.2	44.0	44.9	45.8	46.7
1270					44.0	44.9	45.8	46.7	47.6
1321						45.8	46.7	47.6	48.5
1372							47.6	48.5	49.4
1422								49.4	50.0
1473									51.2



GALVANIZED RECTANGULAR DUCT 18 Gauge - Sizes 60" x 6" to 78" x 58" (lbs/foot)

(lbs/foot)

Size (in)	60	62	64	66	68	70	72	74	76	78
6	25.4	26.2	27.0	27.7	28.5	29.3	30.0	30.8	31.6	32.5
8	26.2	27.0	27.7	28.5	29.3	30.0	30.8	31.6	32.5	33.1
10	27.0	27.7	28.5	29.3	30.0	30.8	31.6	32.5	33.1	33.9
12	27.7	28.5	29.3	30.0	30.8	31.6	32.5	33.1	33.9	34.6
14	28.5	29.3	30.0	30.8	31.6	32.5	33.1	33.9	34.6	35.4
16	29.3	30.0	30.8	31.6	32.5	33.1	33.9	34.6	35.4	36.2
18	30.0	30.8	31.6	32.5	33.1	33.9	34.6	35.4	36.2	37.0
20	30.8	31.6	32.5	33.1	33.9	34.6	35.4	36.2	37.0	37.7
22	31.6	32.5	33.1	33.9	34.6	35.4	36.2	37.0	37.7	38.5
24	32.5	33.1	33.9	34.6	35.4	36.2	37.0	37.7	38.5	39.3
26	33.1	33.9	34.6	35.4	36.2	37.0	37.7	38.5	39.3	40.0
28	33.9	34.6	35.4	36.2	37.0	37.7	38.5	39.3	40.0	40.8
30	34.6	35.4	36.2	37.0	37.7	38.5	39.3	40.0	40.8	41.6
32	35.4	36.2	37.0	37.7	38.5	39.3	40.0	40.8	41.6	42.4
34	36.2	37.0	37.7	38.5	39.3	40.0	40.8	41.6	42.4	43.1
36	37.0	37.7	38.5	39.3	40.0	40.8	41.6	42.4	43.1	43.9
38	37.7	38.5	39.3	40.0	40.8	41.6	42.4	43.1	43.9	44.6
40	38.5	39.3	40.0	40.8	41.6	42.4	43.1	43.9	44.6	45.4
42	39.3	40.0	40.8	41.6	42.4	43.1	43.9	44.6	45.4	46.2
44	40.0	40.8	41.6	42.4	43.1	43.9	44.6	45.4	46.2	47.0
46	40.8	41.6	42.4	43.1	43.9	44.6	45.4	46.2	47.0	47.7
48	41.6	42.4	43.1	43.9	44.6	45.4	46.2	47.0	47.7	48.5
50	42.4	43.1	43.9	44.6	45.4	46.2	47.0	47.7	48.5	49.3
52	43.1	43.9	44.6	45.4	46.2	47.0	47.7	48.5	49.3	50.0
54	43.9	44.6	45.4	46.2	47.0	47.7	48.5	49.3	50.0	50.8
56	44.6	45.4	46.2	47.0	47.7	48.5	49.3	50.0	50.8	51.6
58	45.4	46.2	47.0	47.7	48.5	49.3	50.0	50.8	51.6	52.4



(kg/m)													
Size (mm)	1524	1575	1626	1676	1727	1778	1829	1880	1930	1981			
152	37.8	39.0	40.2	41.2	42.4	43.6	44.6	45.8	47.0	48.4			
203	39.0	40.2	41.2	42.4	43.6	44.6	45.8	47.0	48.4	49.3			
254	40.2	41.2	42.4	43.6	44.6	45.8	47.0	48.4	49.3	50.4			
305	41.2	42.4	43.6	44.8	45.8	47.0	48.4	49.3	50.4	51.5			
356	42.4	43.6	44.8	45.8	47.0	48.4	49.3	50.4	51.5	52.7			
406	43.6	44.8	45.8	47.0	48.4	49.3	50.4	51.5	52.7	53.9			
457	44.8	45.8	47.0	48.4	49.3	50.4	51.5	52.7	53.9	55.1			
508	45.8	47.0	48.4	49.3	50.4	51.5	52.7	53.9	55.1	56.1			
559	47.0	48.4	49.3	50.4	51.5	52.7	53.9	55.1	56.1	57.3			
610	48.4	49.3	50.4	51.5	52.7	53.9	55.1	56.1	57.3	58.5			
660	49.3	50.4	51.5	52.7	53.9	55.1	56.1	57.3	58.5	59.5			
711	50.4	51.5	52.7	53.9	55.1	56.1	57.3	58.5	59.5	60.7			
762	51.5	52.7	53.9	55.1	56.1	57.3	58.5	59.5	60.7	61.9			
813	52.7	53.9	55.1	56.1	57.3	58.5	59.5	60.7	61.9	63.1			
864	53.9	55.1	56.1	57.3	58.5	59.5	60.7	61.9	63.1	64.1			
914	55.1	56.1	57.3	58.5	59.5	60.7	61.9	63.1	64.1	65.3			
965	56.1	57.3	58.5	59.5	60.7	61.9	63.1	64.1	65.3	66.4			
1016	57.3	58.5	59.5	60.7	61.9	63.1	64.1	65.3	66.4	67.6			
1067	58.5	59.5	60.7	61.9	63.1	64.1	65.3	66.4	67.6	68.8			
1118	59.5	60.7	61.9	63.1	64.1	65.3	66.4	67.6	68.8	69.6			
1168	60.7	61.9	63.1	64.1	65.3	66.4	67.6	68.8	69.9	71.0			
1219	61.9	63.1	64.1	65.3	66.4	67.6	68.8	69.9	71.0	72.2			
1270	63.1	64.1	65.3	66.4	67.6	68.8	69.9	71.0	72.2	73.4			
1321	64.1	65.3	66.4	67.6	68.8	69.9	71.0	72.2	73.4	74.4			
1372	65.3	66.4	67.6	68.8	69.9	71.0	72.2	73.4	74.4	75.6			
1422	66.4	67.6	68.8	69.9	71.0	72.2	73.4	74.4	75.6	76.8			
1473	67.6	68.8	69.9	71.0	72.2	73.4	74.4	75.6	76.8	78.0			

GALVANIZED RECTANGULAR DUCT 1.21mm Thick - Sizes 1524 mm x 152 mm to 1981 mm x 1473 mm (kg/m)





GALVANIZED RECTANGULAR DUCT 18 Gauge - Sizes 80" x 6" to 98" x 58"

(lbs/foot)

	-									
Size (in)	80	82	84	86	88	90	92	94	96	98
6	33.1	33.9	34.6	35.4	36.2	37.0	37.7	38.5	39.3	40.0
8	33.9	34.6	35.4	36.2	37.0	37.7	38.5	39.3	40.0	40.8
10	34.6	35.4	36.2	37.0	37.7	38.5	39.3	40.0	40.8	41.6
12	35.4	36.2	37.0	37.7	38.5	39.3	40.0	40.8	41.6	42.4
14	36.2	37.0	37.7	38.5	39.3	40.0	40.8	41.6	42.2	43.1
16	37.0	37.7	38.5	39.3	40.0	40.8	41.6	42.4	43.1	43.9
18	37.7	38.5	39.3	40.0	40.8	41.6	42.4	43.1	43.9	44.6
20	38.5	39.3	40.0	40.8	41.6	42.4	43.1	43.9	44.6	45.4
22	39.3	40.0	40.8	41.6	42.4	43.1	43.9	44.6	45.4	46.2
24	40.0	40.8	41.6	42.4	43.1	43.9	44.6	45.4	46.2	47.0
26	40.8	41.6	42.4	43.1	43.9	44.6	45.4	46.2	47.0	47.7
28	41.6	42.4	43.1	43.9	44.6	45.4	46.2	47.0	47.7	48.5
30	42.4	43.1	43.9	44.6	45.4	46.2	47.0	47.7	48.5	49.3
32	43.1	43.9	44.6	45.4	46.2	47.0	47.7	48.5	49.3	50.0
34	43.9	44.6	45.4	46.2	47.0	47.7	48.5	49.3	50.0	50.8
36	44.6	45.4	46.2	47.0	47.7	48.5	49.3	50.0	50.8	51.6
38	45.4	46.2	47.0	47.7	48.5	49.3	50.0	50.8	51.6	52.4
40	46.2	47.0	47.7	48.5	49.3	50.0	50.8	51.6	52.4	53.1
42	47.0	47.7	48.5	49.3	50.0	50.8	51.6	52.4	53.1	53.9
44	47.7	48.5	49.3	50.0	50.8	51.6	52.4	53.1	53.9	54.5
46	48.5	49.3	50.0	50.8	51.6	52.4	53.1	53.9	54.5	55.5
48	49.3	50.0	50.8	51.6	52.4	53.1	53.9	54.5	55.5	56.3
50	50.0	50.8	51.6	52.4	53.1	53.9	54.5	55.5	56.3	57.0
52	50.8	51.6	52.4	53.1	53.9	54.5	55.5	56.3	57.0	57.7
54	51.6	52.4	53.1	53.9	54.5	55.5	56.3	57.0	57.7	58.5
56	52.4	53.1	53.9	54.5	55.5	56.3	57.0	57.7	58.5	59.4
58	53.1	53.9	54.5	55.5	56.3	57.0	57.7	58.5	59.4	60.0



	(kg/m)													
Size (mm)	2032	2083	2134	2184	2235	2286	2337	2388	2184	2489				
152	49.3	50.4	51.5	52.7	53.9	55.1	56.1	57.3	58.5	59.5				
203	50.4	51.5	52.7	53.9	55.1	56.1	57.3	58.5	59.5	60.7				
254	51.5	52.7	53.9	55.1	56.1	57.3	58.5	59.5	60.7	61.9				
305	52.7	53.9	55.1	56.1	57.3	58.5	59.5	60.7	61.9	63.1				
356	53.9	55.1	56.1	57.3	58.5	59.5	60.7	61.9	63.1	64.1				
406	55.1	56.1	57.3	58.5	59.5	60.7	61.9	63.1	64.1	65.3				
457	56.1	57.3	58.5	59.5	60.7	61.9	63.1	64.1	65.3	66.4				
508	57.3	58.5	59.5	60.7	61.9	63.1	64.1	65.3	66.4	67.6				
559	58.5	59.5	60.7	61.9	63.1	64.1	65.3	66.4	67.6	68.8				
610	59.5	60.7	61.9	63.1	64.1	65.3	66.4	67.6	68.8	69.9				
660	60.7	61.9	63.1	64.1	65.3	66.4	67.6	68.8	69.9	71.0				
711	61.9	63.1	64.1	65.3	66.4	67.6	68.8	69.9	71.0	72.2				
762	63.1	64.1	65.3	66.4	67.6	68.8	69.9	71.0	72.2	73.4				
813	64.1	65.3	66.4	67.6	68.8	69.9	71.0	72.2	73.4	74.4				
864	65.3	66.4	67.6	68.8	69.9	71.0	72.2	73.4	74.4	75.6				
914	66.4	67.6	68.8	69.9	71.0	72.2	73.4	74.4	75.6	76.8				
965	67.6	68.8	69.9	71.0	72.2	73.4	74.4	75.6	76.8	78.0				
1016	68.8	69.9	71.0	72.2	73.4	74.4	75.6	76.8	78.0	79.0				
1067	69.9	71.0	72.2	73.4	74.4	75.6	76.8	78.0	79.0	80.2				
1118	71.0	72.2	73.4	74.4	75.6	76.8	78.0	79.0	80.2	81.1				
1168	72.2	73.4	74.4	75.6	76.8	78.0	79.0	80.2	81.1	82.6				
1219	73.4	74.4	75.6	76.8	78.0	79.0	80.2	81.1	82.6	83.8				
1270	74.4	75.6	76.8	78.0	79.0	80.2	81.1	82.6	83.8	84.8				
1321	75.6	76.8	78.0	79.0	80.2	81.1	82.6	83.8	84.8	85.9				
1372	76.8	78.0	79.0	80.2	81.1	82.6	83.8	84.8	85.9	87.1				
1422	78.0	79.0	80.2	81.1	82.6	83.8	84.8	85.9	87.1	88.4				
1473	79.0	80.2	81.1	82.6	83.8	84.8	85.9	87.1	88.4	89.3				

GALVANIZED RECTANGULAR DUCT 1.21 mm Thick - Sizes 2032 mm x 152 mm to 2489 mm x 1473 mm (kg/m)





GALVANIZED RECTANGULAR DUCT 18 Gauge - Sizes 60" x 60" to 78" x 78" (lbs/foot)

	-									
Size (in)	60	62	64	66	68	70	72	74	76	78
60	46.2	47.0	47.7	48.5	49.3	50.0	50.8	51.6	52.4	53.1
62		47.7	48.5	49.3	50.0	50.8	51.6	52.4	53.1	53.9
64			49.3	50.0	50.8	51.6	52.4	53.1	53.9	54.6
66				50.8	51.6	52.4	53.1	53.9	54.6	55.5
68					52.4	53.1	53.9	54.6	55.5	56.3
70						53.9	54.6	55.5	56.3	57.0
72							55.5	56.3	57.0	57.7
74								57.0	57.7	58.5
76									58.5	59.4
78										60.0

NOTES: Weights include allowance for laps and seams.

Refer to page N10 for different gauge weight conversions.



				(<i>y</i> ,,			-		
Size (mm)	1524	1575	1626	1676	1727	1778	1829	1880	1930	1981
1524	68.8	69.9	71.0	72.3	73.4	74.4	75.6	76.8	78.0	79.0
1575		71.0	72.3	73.4	74.4	75.6	76.8	78.0	79.0	80.2
1626			73.4	74.4	75.6	76.8	78.0	79.0	80.2	81.3
1676				75.6	76.8	78.0	79.0	80.2	81.3	82.6
1727					78.0	79.0	80.2	81.3	82.6	83.8
1778						80.2	81.3	82.6	83.8	84.8
1829							82.6	83.8	84.8	85.9
1880								84.8	85.9	87.1
1930									87.1	88.4
1981										89.3

GALVANIZED RECTANGULAR DUCT 1.21mm Thick - Sizes 1524mm x 1524mm to 1981mm x 1981mm (kg/m)

NOTES: Weights include allowance for laps and seams.

Refer to page N10m for different thickness weight conversions.



	-									
Size (in)	80	82	84	86	88	90	92	94	96	98
60	53.9	54.6	55.5	56.3	57.0	57.7	58.5	59.4	60.0	60.8
62	54.6	55.5	56.3	57.0	57.7	58.5	59.4	60.0	60.8	61.6
64	55.5	56.3	57.0	57.7	58.5	59.4	60.0	60.8	61.6	62.4
66	56.3	57.0	57.7	58.5	59.4	60.0	60.8	61.6	62.4	63.1
68	57.0	57.7	58.5	59.4	60.0	60.8	61.6	62.4	63.1	63.9
70	57.7	58.5	59.4	60.0	60.8	61.6	62.4	63.1	63.9	64.6
72	58.5	59.4	60.0	60.8	61.6	62.4	63.1	63.9	64.6	65.5
74	59.4	60.0	60.8	61.6	62.4	63.1	63.9	64.6	65.5	66.3
76	60.0	60.8	61.6	62.4	63.1	63.9	64.6	65.5	66.3	67.0
78	60.8	61.6	62.4	63.1	63.9	64.6	65.5	66.3	67.0	67.7
80	61.6	62.4	63.1	63.9	64.6	65.5	66.3	67.0	67.7	68.5
82		63.1	63.9	64.6	65.5	66.3	67.0	67.7	68.5	69.3
84			64.6	65.5	66.3	67.0	67.7	68.5	69.3	70.0
86				66.3	67.0	67.7	68.5	69.3	70.0	70.7
88					67.7	68.5	69.3	70.0	70.7	71.5
90						69.3	70.0	70.7	71.5	72.4
92							70.7	71.5	72.4	73.1
94								72.4	73.1	73.9
96									73.9	74.6
98										75.5

GALVANIZED RECTANGULAR DUCT 18 Gauge - Sizes 80" x 60" to 98" x 98" (lbs/foot)



Size (mm)	2032	2083	2134	2184	2235	2286	2337	2388	2438	2489
1524	80.2	81.3	82.6	83.8	84.8	85.9	87.1	88.4	89.3	90.5
1575	81.3	82.6	83.8	84.8	85.9	87.1	88.4	89.3	90.5	91.7
1626	82.6	83.8	84.8	85.9	87.1	88.4	89.3	90.5	91.7	92.9
1676	83.8	84.8	85.9	87.1	88.4	89.3	90.5	91.7	92.9	93.9
1727	84.8	85.9	87.1	88.4	89.3	90.5	91.7	92.9	93.9	95.1
1778	85.9	87.1	88.4	89.3	90.5	91.7	92.9	93.9	95.1	96.1
1829	87.1	88.4	89.3	90.5	91.7	92.9	93.9	95.1	96.1	97.5
1880	88.4	89.3	90.5	91.7	92.9	93.9	95.1	96.1	97.5	98.7
1930	89.3	90.5	91.7	92.9	93.9	95.1	96.1	97.5	98.7	99.7
1981	90.5	91.7	92.9	93.9	95.1	96.1	97.5	98.7	99.7	100.7
2032	91.7	92.9	93.9	95.1	96.1	97.5	98.7	99.7	100.7	101.9
2083		93.9	95.1	96.1	97.5	98.7	99.7	100.7	101.9	103.1
2134			96.1	97.5	98.7	99.7	100.7	101.9	103.1	104.2
2184				98.7	99.7	100.7	101.9	103.1	104.2	105.2
2235					100.7	101.9	103.1	104.2	105.2	106.4
2286						103.1	104.2	105.2	106.4	107.7
2337							105.2	106.4	107.7	108.8
2388								107.7	108.8	110.0
2438									110.0	111.0
2489										112.4

GALVANIZED RECTANGULAR DUCT 1.21 mm Thick - Sizes 2032 mm x 1524 mm to 2489 mm x 2489 mm (kg/m)



	(lbs/foot)													
	30 G	lauge	28 G	auge	26 G	lauge	24 G	lauge						
Dia.	Seam	Gauge	Seam	Gauge	Seam	Gauge	Seam	Gauge						
(in)	Spiral	Long.	Spiral	Long.	Spiral	Long.	Spiral	Long.						
3	0.6	0.60	0.7	0.71	0.9	0.82	1.0	1.05						
4	0.8	0.77	0.9	0.92	1.2	1.06	1.3	1.60						
5	0.9	0.94	1.1	1.12	1.4	1.30	1.6	1.66						
6	1.1	1.11	1.4	1.32	1.7	4.54	2.0	1.96						
7	1.3	1.28	1.6	1.53	1.9	1.77	2.4	2.26						
8	1.5	1.46	1.9	1.73	2.1	2.01	2.6	2.57						
9	1.6	1.63	2.0	1.94	2.3	2.25	3.0	2.87						
10	1.9	1.80	2.2	2.14	2.5	2.48	3.3	3.17						
11	2.0	1.97	2.4	2.35	2.8	2.72	3.6	3.48						
12	2.2	2.14	2.6	2.55	3.0	2.96	3.8	3.78						
14		2.49	3.0	2.96	3.5	3.43	4.4	4.38						
16		2.83	3.4	3.37	4.0	3.91	5.1	4.99						
18		3.18	3.8	3.78	4.4	4.38	5.7	5.59						
20			4.2	4.19	5.0	4.86	6.4	6.20						
22			4.7	4.60	5.4	5.33	7.0	6.80						
24			5.2	5.01	6.0	5.80	7.8	7.41						
26					6.6	6.28	8.5	8.02						
28					7.0	6.75	8.9	8.62						
30					7.1	7.23	9.3	9.23						
32						7.70	10.1	9.83						
34						8.18		10.44						
36						8.65	11.5	11.05						
40						9.60	12.8	12.26						
44						10.55	14.4	13.47						
48						11.50	15.4	14.68						
50							16.0	15.28						
54								16.50						
56								17.10						
60								18.31						
72								21.95						
84								25.58						

GALVANIZED ROUND DUCT 30 to 24 Gauge - Sizes 3" to 84"


GALVANIZED ROUND DUCT 0.30 to 0.61 mm Thick - Sizes 76 mm to 2134 mm Diameter (kg/m)

	0.3	0mm	0.38mm		0.45	āmm	0.61	0.61mm	
Dia.	Seam	Gauge	Seam	Gauge	Seam	Gauge	Seam	Gauge	
(in)	Spiral	Long.	Spiral	Long.	Spiral	Long.	Spiral	Long.	
76	0.9	0.89	1.0	1.06	1.3	1.22	1.5	1.56	
102	1.2	1.15	1.3	1.37	1.8	1.58	1.9	2.38	
127	1.3	1.40	1.6	1.67	2.1	1.93	2.4	2.47	
152	1.6	1.65	2.1	1.96	2.5	6.76	3.0	2.92	
178	1.9	1.90	2.4	2.28	2.8	2.63	3.6	3.36	
203	2.2	2.17	2.8	2.57	3.1	2.99	3.9	3.82	
229	2.4	2.43	3.0	2.89	3.4	3.35	4.5	4.27	
254	2.8	2.68	3.3	3.18	3.7	3.69	4.9	4.72	
279	3.0	2.93	3.9	3.50	4.2	4.05	5.4	5.18	
305	3.3	3.18	3.9	3.79	4.5	4.40	5.7	5.63	
356		3.71	4.5	4.40	5.2	5.10	6.5	6.52	
406		4.21	5.1	5.01	6.0	5.82	7.6	7.43	
457		4.73	5.7	5.63	6.5	6.52	8.5	8.32	
508			6.3	6.24	7.4	7.23	9.5	9.23	
559			7.0	6.85	8.0	7.93	10.4	10.1	
610			7.7	7.46	8.9	8.63	11.6	11.0	
660					9.8	9.34	12.6	11.9	
711					10.4	10.0	13.2	12.8	
762					10.6	10.8	13.8	13.7	
813						11.5	15.0	14.6	
864						12.2		15.5	
914						12.9	17.1	16.4	
1016						14.3	19.0	18.2	
1118						15.7	21.4	20.0	
1219						17.1	22.9	21.8	
1270							23.8	22.7	
1372								24.6	
1422								25.4	
1524								27.2	
1829								32.7	
2134								38.1	

NOTES: Weights include allowance for laps and seams. Refer to page N10m for different gauge weight conversions.





	22 G	auge	20 G	lauge	18 Gauge		16 Gauge	
Dia.	Seam	Gauge	Seam	Gauge	Seam	Gauge	Seam	Gauge
(in)	Spiral	Long.	Spiral	Long.	Spiral	Long.	Spiral	Long.
3	1.2	1.28	1.3	1.51	2.0	1.97		2.42
4	1.5	1.65	1.8	1.94	2.6	2.53		3.12
5	2.0	2.02	2.3	2.38	3.2	3.10		3.81
6	2.4	2.39	2.6	2.81	3.7	3.66	5.0	4.51
7	2.8	2.75	3.3	3.24	4.3	4.23	5.8	5.20
8	3.2	3.12	3.7	3.68	4.8	4.79	6.7	5.90
9	3.5	3.49	4.0	4.11	5.3	5.36	7.5	6.60
10	4.0	3.86	4.7	4.54	6.0	5.92	8.3	7.29
11	4.4	4.23	5.1	4.98	6.7	6.49	9.1	7.98
12	4.7	4.60	5.2	5.41	7.2	7.05	10.0	8.68
14	5.4	5.33	6.4	6.28	8.3	8.19	11.7	10.8
16	6.2	6.07	7.3	7.15	9.4	9.32	13.4	11.47
18	6.9	6.80	8.1	8.01	10.5	10.45	15.0	12.86
20	7.8	7.54	9.0	8.88	11.7	11.58	16.7	14.25
22	8.4	8.28	9.9	9.75	12.9	12.71	18.4	15.84
24	9.5	9.01	11.0	10.83	14.4	13.84	20.0	17.04
26	10.3	9.75	12.2	11.48	15.8	14.97	21.7	18.43
28	11.0	10.49	12.9	12.35	16.5	16.10	23.4	19.82
30	11.8	11.22	13.6	13.22	17.2	17.23	25.0	21.21
32	12.6	11.96	14.6	14.09	18.9	18.36	26.7	22.60
34		12.70		14.95		19.49		24.00
36	14.2	13.43	16.6	15.82	21.5	20.62	30.0	25.38
40	15.5	14.91	18.5	17.56	23.8	22.88	33.4	28.17
44	17.4	16.38	20.5	19.29	26.7	25.15	36.7	30.96
48	18.7	17.85	22.2	21.03	29.2	27.41	40.1	33.74
50	19.5	18.59	23.3	21.89	30.0	28.54	41.7	35.13
54		20.06		23.63		30.80	45.1	37.91
56		20.79		24.50		31.93	46.7	39.31
60		22.27		26.23		34.19	50.1	42.09
72		26.69		31.44		40.98		50.44
84		31.11		36.64		47.76		58.79

GALVANIZED ROUND DUCT 22 to 16 Gauge - Sizes 3" to 84" Diameter (lbs/foot)

NOTES: Weights include allowance for laps and seams. Refer to page N10 for different gauge weight conversions.



GALVANIZED ROUND DUCT
0.76 to 1.52 mm Thick - Sizes 76 mm to 2134 mm Diameter
(kg/m)

	0.7	6mm	0.91	1mm	1.21mm		1.52mm	
Dia.	Seam	Gauge	Seam	Gauge	Seam	Gauge	Seam	Gauge
(mm)	Spiral	Long.	Spiral	Long.	Spiral	Long.	Spiral	Long.
76	1.8	1.90	1.9	2.25	3.0	2.93		3.60
102	2.2	2.46	2.7	2.89	3.9	3.77		4.64
127	3.0	3.01	3.4	3.54	4.8	4.61		5.67
152	3.6	3.56	3.9	4.18	5.5	5.45	7.4	6.71
178	4.2	4.09	4.9	4.82	6.4	6.29	8.6	7.74
203	4.8	4.64	5.5	5.48	7.1	7.13	10.0	8.78
229	5.2	5.19	6.0	6.12	7.9	7.98	11.2	9.82
254	6.0	5.74	7.0	6.76	8.9	8.81	12.4	10.85
279	6.5	6.29	7.6	7.41	10.0	9.66	13.5	11.88
305	7.0	6.85	7.7	8.05	10.7	10.49	15.0	12.92
356	8.0	7.93	9.5	9.35	12.4	12.19	17.4	15.00
406	9.2	9.03	10.9	10.64	14.0	13.87	19.9	17.07
457	10.3	10.12	12.1	11.92	15.6	15.55	22.3	19.14
508	11.6	11.22	13.4	13.21	17.4	17.23	24.9	21.21
559	12.5	12.32	14.7	14.51	19.2	18.91	27.4	23.57
610	14.1	13.41	16.4	16.12	21.4	20.60	30.0	25.36
660	15.3	14.51	18.2	17.08	23.5	22.28	32.3	27.43
711	16.4	15.61	19.2	18.38	24.6	23.96	34.8	29.50
762	17.6	16.70	20.2	19.67	25.6	25.64	37.2	31.56
813	18.8	17.80	21.7	20.97	28.1	27.32	39.7	33.63
864		18.90		22.25		29.00		35.72
914	21.1	19.99	24.7	23.54	32.0	30.69	44.6	37.77
1016	23.1	22.19	27.5	26.13	35.4	34.05	49.7	41.92
1118	25.9	24.38	30.5	28.71	39.7	37.43	54.6	46.07
1219	27.8	26.56	33.0	31.30	43.5	40.79	59.7	50.21
1270	29.0	27.66	34.7	32.58	44.6	42.47	62.1	52.28
1372		29.85		35.17		45.84	67.1	56.42
1422		30.94		36.46		47.52	69.5	58.50
1524		33.14		39.03		50.88	74.6	62.64
1829		39.72		46.79		60.98		75.06
2134		46.30		54.53		71.07		87.49

NOTES: Weights include allowance for laps and seams. Refer to page N10m for different gauge weight conversions.



GALVANIZED SHEET METAL CONVERSION CHARTS

Table A - Converting Lighter Gauges to Heavier Gauges

Gauge	26	24	22	20	18	16
28	1.16	1.48	1.85	2.12	2.76	3.40
26		1.27	1.55	1.83	2.38	2.93
24			1.22	1.43	1.87	2.30
22				1.18	1.53	1.89
20					1.30	1.60
18						1.23

Table B - Converting Heavier Gauges to Lighter Gauges

Gauge	26	24	22	20	18	16
28	0.86	0.67	0.55	0.47	0.36	0.29
26		0.78	0.65	0.55	0.42	0.34
24			0.82	0.70	0.53	0.43
22				0.85	0.65	0.53
20					0.77	0.63
18						0.81



GALVANIZED SHEET METAL CONVERSION CHARTS

	-					
Thick (mm)	0.45	0.61	0.76	0.91	1.21	1.52
0.38	1.16	1.48	1.85	2.12	2.76	3.40
0.45		1.27	1.55	1.83	2.38	2.93
0.61			1.22	1.43	1.87	2.30
0.76				1.18	1.53	1.89
0.91					1.30	1.60
1.21						1.23

Table A - Converting to Thicker Sheet Metal Duct

Table B - Converting to Thinner Sheet Metal Duct

Thick (mm)	0.45	0.61	0.76	0.91	1.21	1.52
0.38	0.86	0.67	0.55	0.47	0.36	0.29
0.45		0.78	0.65	0.55	0.42	0.34
0.61			0.82	0.70	0.53	0.43
0.76				0.85	0.65	0.53
0.91					0.77	0.63
1.21						0.81

















SSB-1 & SSB-2 - SEISMIC SOLID BRACE

TYPE SSB ANCHOR RATINGS

	OSHPD	Brace	Minimum	
	Maximum	Attachment	Torque	
	Ratings	Bolt Size	on Bolts	
Size	(lbs) ()	(in) ()	(ft/lbs) ()	
SSB-1	1500	1/2	50	
SSB-2	3000	1/2	50	



TYPE SSB MATERIALS

	Fixed Bracket	Outer Bracket	Brace Pin
	Thickness	Thickness	Diameter
Size	(in) (<i>au e</i>)	(in) (<i>au e</i>)	(in) ()
SSB-1	0.092	0.120	3/8
SSB-2	0.135	0.120	3/8

SSB-1, 2

TYPE SSB ANCHOR DIMENSIONS (inches) ()

SIZE	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	
SSB-1	13/8	2	1	115/16	33/4	17/8	9/16	17/32	
SSB-2	15/8	23/4	13/8	115/16	33/4	17/8	11/16	17/32	



SRC - SEISMIC ROD CLAMP



TYPE SRC WITH STEEL ANGLE ASSEMBLY RATINGS

Rod Size	Maximum Compr. Force	Steel Ang Minimum Size (in) ()	gle Stiffener Maximum Length	Maximum SRC Spacing
1/4	75	1 x 1 x 1/8	96	14
3/8	425	1 x 1 x 1/8	96	22
1/2	1275 1200	1 x 1 x 1/8 11/2 x 11/2 x 1/4	96 120	31 31
5/8	1475 1325	1 x 1 x 1/8 11/2 x 11/2 x 1/4	96 120	39 39
3/4	2500	11/2 x 11/2 x 1/4	144	48
7/8	4600 4400	11/2 x 11/2 x 1/4 2 x 2 x 1/4	132 144	56 56
1	5800 6900	11/2 x 11/2 x 1/4 2 x 2 x 1/4	132 144	65 65
11/8	9600	2 x 2 x 1/4	144	73
11/4	12000	2 x 2 x 1/4	144	82

Note: Refer to page G1 for SRC installation details.

TYPE SRC ANCHOR DIMENSIONS (inches) ()

					D
SIZE	A	В		С	Acceptable Rod Size
SRC-1	13/8	1/2 x 13/4 Long	on	1 x 1 x 1/8	1/4 - 5/8
SRC-11/2	19/16	5/8 x 2 Long	on	11/2 x 11/2 x 1/4	1/2 - 1
SRC-2	13/4	5/8 x 3 Long	on	2 x 2 x 1/4	7/8 - 11/4

NOTE: For tightening requirements of bolts, nuts and strut nuts reference H15.



UCC - SEISMIC ROD CLAMPS FOR STRUT CHANNELS

TYPE UCC WITH STEEL STRUT ASSEMBLY BATINGS

THREADED ROD —	111 - 000		STRUT ASSEMIDEL HAT	ind S	
	Rod	Maximum	Steel An Minimum	gle Stiffener Maximum	Maximum
\backslash	Size	Force	Size	Length	Spacing
STRUT STIFFENER	(in) ()	(lbs) ()	(in) ()	(in) ()	(in) ()
	3/8	425	15/8 x 15/8 x 12 Gage	96	22
	1/2	1275	15/8 x 15/8 x 12 Gage	96	31
	., 2	1200	15/8 x 15/8 x 12 Gage	120	31
	5/8	1475 1325	15/8 x 15/8 x 12 Gage	96 120	39 39
	3/4	2500	15/8 x 15/8 x 12 Gage	144	48
		15/16" -	1/2" x 11/2" x 13 UN LOCKING BOLT TORQUE TO 10 ft-lt 13/16"	C os	
MASON IND Manufacturers of Vib	USTRIE ration Control I	S, Inc. Products	APP	ROVE	D
S50 Pabro Drive	2101 W Cresce	nt Ave Suite D	Fixed Equ	ipment Anchora	ade

350 Rabro Drive Hauppauge, NY 11788 631/348-0282 FAX 631/348-0279 Anaheim, CA 92801 714/535-2727 FAX 714/535-5738 Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development **OPA-0349** Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com on January 16, 2009 Page auth R(m **X5C** Dhiru Mali Structural Engineer California SE No. 2811 (916) 654-3362 Anthony R. Pike

CCB - CLEVIS CROSSBOLT BRACE

(1) BOLT CLEVIS CROSSBOLT BRACE - Clevis Sizes 11/2" - 21/2"



(2) BOLT CLEVIS CROSSBOLT BRACE - Clevis Sizes 3" - 30"



CCB DIMENS	IONS (inches)	()						
SIZE	L	W	н	A	B	С	D	
CCB-11/2	17/8	1/4	1	15/16	1/2	7/16	3/8-16 UNC x 11/4	С
CCB-2	23/8	1/4	1	13/16	1/2	7/16	3/8-16 UNC x 11/4	С
CCB-21/2	27/8	3/8	11/8	17/16	1/2	7/16	3/8-16 UNC x 11/4	С
CCB-3	31/2	3/8	11/8	3/4	1/2	7/16	3/8-16 UNC x 11/4	С
CCB-4	41/2	3/8	11/8	1	1/2	7/16	3/8-16 UNC x 11/4	С
CCB-5	59/16	1/2	15/16	1	1/2	7/16	3/8-16 UNC x 13/4	С
CCB-6	65/8	1/2	15/16	11/2	1/2	7/16	3/8-16 UNC x 13/4	С
CCB-8	85/8	5/8	17/16	2	1/2	7/16	3/8-16 UNC x 13/4	С
CCB-10	103/4	3/4	19/16	21/2	1/2	7/16	3/8-16 UNC x 13/4	С
CCB-12	123/4	3/4	19/16	31/2	1/2	7/16	3/8-16 UNC x 13/4	С
CCB-14	14	7/8	111/16	31/2	1/2	7/16	3/8-16 UNC x 13/4	С
CCB-16	16	1	17/8	4	1/2	7/16	3/8-16 UNC x 2	С
CCB-18	18	11/8	2	41/2	1/2	7/16	3/8-16 UNC x 2	С
CCB-20	20	11/4	21/2	5	3/4	9/16	1/2-13 UNC x 21/2	С
CCB-24	24	11/4	21/2	6	3/4	9/16	1/2-13 UNC x 21/2	С
CCB-30	30	11/4	21/2	71/2	3/4	9/16	1/2-13 UNC x 21/2	С

NOTE: For tightening requirements of bolts, nuts and strut nuts reference H15.



EXPANSION ANCHORS

Pa)

Table 1 -	ITW Ramset/Red Head Trubolt Wedge Anchor Ratings into 3000 psi (
	Stone Aggregate Concrete, ICBO Report ER-1372, Tables 7, 8 and 9.

Anchor Size (in) ()	Installation Torque (ft/lbs) ()	Minimum Anchor Embedment (in) ()	Minimum Edge Distance (in) ()	Minimum Anchor Spacing (in) ()	Standard Tension (lbs) ()	Standard Shear (lbs) ()	Shear with IR-26-6 Reduction (lbs) ()
3/8	25	11/2	25/8	51/4	245	615	492
3/8	25	3	33/4	6	585	1015	812
1/2	55	21/4	4	77/8	610	1190	952
1/2	55	41/8	51/4	61/4	890	1810	1448
5/8	90	23/4	47/8	95/8	860	1780	1424
5/8	90	51/8	61/2	73/4	1340	2685	2148
3/4	175	31/4	53/4	113/8	1120	2935	2348
3/4	175	65/8	83/8	10	1790	5500	4400

 Table 2 ITW Ramset/Red Head Trubolt Wedge Anchor Ratings into Lower Flute of Minimum 20 gage (
)

 Deck with 3000 psi (
 Pa) Lightweight Concrete Fill, ICBO Report ER-1372, Tables 7, 8 and 14.

) Steel

Anchor Size (in) ()	Installation Torque (ft/lbs) ()	Minimum Anchor Embedment (in) ()	Minimum Edge Distance (in) ()	Minimum Anchor Spacing (in) ()	Standard Tension (lbs) ()	Standard Shear (lbs) ()	Shear with IR-26-6 Reduction (lbs) ()
3/8	25	11/2	25/8	51/4	237	790	632
3/8	25	3	33/4	6	355	1000	800
1/2	55	21/4	4	77/8	425	1345	1076
1/2	55	3	51/4	61/4	560	1655	1324
5/8	90	3	47/8	95/8	590	1375	1100
5/8	90	5	61/2	73/4	822	2285	1828
3/4	175	31/4	53/4	113/8	730	2220	1776
3/4	175	55/8	83/8	10	880	n/a	n/a

NOTES:

Anchors must be installed in compliance with manufacturer's recommendations and the respective ICBO Report including tabulated edge distances and spacings listed above.

For combined tension and shear loads on anchors, use the following equation:

Where:

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} P_{S} \\ P_{T} \end{array} \right)^{\frac{5}{3}} \left(\begin{array}{c} V_{S} \\ V_{T} \end{array} \right)^{\frac{5}{3}} \leq 1$$

Ps, Vs = Applied Loads Pt, Vt = Allowable Loads

Ratings may not be increased to accommodate periodic loads such as wind or seismic loads.

	MASON INDUSTRIES, Inc. Manufacturers of Vibration Control Products 350 Rabro Drive Hauppauge, NY 11788 631/348-0282 FAX 631/348-0279 Info@Mason-Ind.com	APPROVED California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development FIXED EQUIPMENT ANCHORAGE OPA-0349 August 5, 2002
Page X7	Dhiru Mali Dhiru Mali Structural Engineer California SE No. 2811	Bill Staehlin (916) 654-3362

EXPANSION ANCHOR TEST VALUES

Anchor Size	Option 1 Concrete Slab Test Values	Option 2 Concrete Deck Test Values	Torque Test Values
(in) () (lbs) ()	(lbs) ()	(ft/lbs) ()
3/8	1170	710	25
1/2	1780	1120	50
5/8	2680	1644	80
3/4	3580	1760	150

NOTES:

- 1. Anchor diameter refers to the thread size.
- 2. Apply proof test loads to anchors without removing the nut if possible. If not, remove nut and install a threaded coupler to the same tightness of the original nut using a torque wrench and apply load.
- 3. Reaction loads from test fixtures may be applied close to the anchor being tested, provided the anchor is not restrained from withdrawing by the fixture(s).
- 4. Test equipment is to be calibrated by an approved testing laboratory in accordance with standard recognized procedures.
- 5. Torque testing can occur on an individual basis when test procedures are submitted and approved by the enforcement agency. Tabulated values may be forthcoming once the enforcement agency has more data to evaluate the feasibility of standard torque values.
- 6. The following criteria apply for the acceptance of installed anchors:

HYDRAULIC RAM METHOD: The anchor should have no observable movement at the applicable test load. A practical way to determine observable movement is that the washer under the nut becomes loose.

TORQUE WRENCH METHOD: The applicable test torque must be reached within 1/4 turn of the nut for 3/8" () diameter anchors and 1/2 turn of the nut for all others.

7. Testing should occur 24 hours minimum after installation of the subject anchors.









WITH BOLTED SCB

Bolt Hole Bolt Hole Width Height Thickness Length Location Diameter Compatible (B) (D) (L) (G) Seismic (T) (J) Size (in) (in) `((in) `((in) (Braces (in) ((in) (2 11/2 1/4 21/4 11/4 7/16 SACW-0 SCB-0 SCB-1 3 2 1/4 21/211/29/16 SACW-1 SSB-1 SSBS-12 SCB-2 2 4 21/2 3/8 3 11/16 SACW-2 SSB-2 SSBS-20 5 31/4 3/8 31/2 21/2 13/16 SCB-3 SACW-3 SSB-3 3/8 31/215/16 SCB-4 6 5 5 SACW-3 SSB-4

NOTE: Refer to page HBA for SACW attachment information and maximum loads.

)



TYPE SACW DIMENSIONS (inches) (



Jerry Yee

(916) 654-3362

SEISMIC RESTRAINT GUIDELINES for FLOOR and ROOF MOUNTED EQUIPMENT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Pages	Description
FM3 – FM27	VIBRATION ISOLATION & SEISMIC RESTRAINT APPLICATIONS
FM28	OVERSIZE EQUIPMENT BOLT HOLE SOLUTIONS
FM29 – FM31	HOUSEKEEPING PADS
FM32 – FM33	ATTACHMENT TO CONCRETE
FM34 – FM40	VIBRATION ISOLATION AND SEISMIC RESTRAINT PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS
FM41 – FM64	VIBRATION ISOLATION AND SEISMIC RESTRAINT PRODUCT APPROVALS
FM65 – FM66	DYNAMIC ANALYSIS OF FLOOR MOUNTED EQUIPMENT
FM67 – FM72	OSHPD OPM SEISMIC BRACING PREAPPROVAL OPM-0043-13
FM73 – FM76	FLEXIBLE CONNECTORS FOR EQUIPMENT CONNECTIONS
FM77 – FM82	FLEXIBLE CONNECTORS FOR PIPING CROSSING BUILDING JOINTS
FM83 – FM86	FLEXIBLE CONNECTORS FOR INLINE COIL PIPING CONNECTIONS
FM87 – FM90	ASG ADJUSTABLE SLIDING GUIDES FOR PIPING
FM91 – FM102	PIPING RISER SUPPORTS AND SEISMIC RESTRAINT



ASON INDUSTRIES, INC. 350 Rabro Drive • Hauppauge, NY 11788 • 631/348-0282 • FAX 631/348-0279 2101 W. Crescent Ave., Suite D • Anaheim, CA 928017 • 714/535-2727 • FAX 714/535-5738 Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com 03/2020

Page

FM1

VIBRATION ISOLATION AND SEISMIC RESTRAINT APPLICATIONS

Page	Equipment	Isolation Description
FM3	Centrifugal Chiller	Steel Base with Height Saving Brackets, High Deflection Springs and Seismic Snubbers
FM4	Centrifugal Chiller	Seismically Rated Twin Sphere Air Spring Mounts
FM5	Reciprocating Direct Drive Compressor	Height Saving Brackets, High Deflection Springs and Seismic Snubbers
FM6	Steam Generator	Directly mounted on Restrained Spring Mounts
FM7	Double Suction Pump	Concrete Filled Base with Height Saving Brackets, High Deflection Springs and Seismic Snubbers
FM8	End Suction Pump	Steel Base with Height Saving Brackets, High Deflection Springs and Seismic Snubbers
FM9	End Suction Pump	Steel Base with Height Saving Brackets, Twin Sphere Air Springs and Seismic Snubbers
FM10	HVAC Unit	Suspended from Hangers and restrained by Cable Assemblies in four corners
FM11	HVAC Unit	Steel Base with Height Saving Brackets, High Deflection Springs and Seismic Snubbers
FM12	HVAC Unit	Directly mounted on 1" Deflection Restrained Springs Mounts
FM13	Vertical Tank Type Compressor	Concrete Filled Base, 1" Deflection Springs and Seismic Snubbers
FM14	Horizontal Tank Type Compressor	Directly mounted on Restrained Spring Mounts
FM15	Direct Drive Blower	Bolted to Steel Base supported by Restrained Spring Mounts
FM16	Utility Blower	Directly mounted on Restrained Spring Mounts
FM17	Centrifugal Blower	Concrete Filled Base with Height Saving Brackets, High Deflection Springs and Seismic Snubbers
FM18	Centrifugal Blower	Concrete Filled Base with 1" Deflection Springs, Built In Corners and Seismic Snubbers
FM19	Axial Blower	Steel Base with Height Saving Brackets, High Deflection Springs, Thrust Restraints, and Seismic Snubbers
FM20	Axial Blower	Suspended by Hangers, restrained by Cable Assemblies and Thrust Restraints
FM21	Large Multi-sectioned Cooling Tower	Steel Base and Beam Supports using Seismically Rated Twin Sphere Air Spring Mounts
FM22	Large Multi-sectioned Cooling Tower	Steel Base and Beam Supports using High Deflection Steel Spring Restrained Mounts
FM23	Packaged HVAC Cooling Tower	Steel Base with Seismically Rated Twin Sphere Air Spring Mounts
FM24	Rooftop Packaged HVAC Cooling Tower	Steel Base and Restrained Spring Mounts
FM25	Large Transformer	Steel Base supported by Seismically Rated Twin Sphere Air Spring Mounts and Seismic Snubbers
FM26	Centrifugal Chiller	Seismically Rated Twin Sphere Air Spring Mounts installed on a Mason FS Floating Floor
FM27	Packaged Air Conditioning Unit	Isolated Roof Curb with Seismic Restraints

03/2020

Γ

Page

FM2

350 Rabro Drive • Hauppauge, NY 11788 • 631/348-0282 • FAX 631/348-0279 2101 W. Crescent Ave., Suite D • Anaheim, CA 928017 • 714/535-2727 • FAX 714/535-5738 Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com

MASON INDUSTRIES,






























CENTRIFUGAL BLOWER on concrete filled **BMK** Base with built in corners, 1" deflection **SLF** Spring Mounts and **Z-1011** Seismic Restraints. Reinforced housekeeping pad secured by **HPA** Anchors.



















CENTRIFUGAL CHILLER directly mounted on seismically rated SLR-MT Restrained Twin Sphere Air Spring Mounts. Reinforced housekeeping pad secured by HPA Anchors. SAFEFLEX Expansion Joints are installed in pipelines to reduce blade frequency vibration and noise and to allow for seismic displacement.

Many mechanical rooms are located over or adjacent to sensitive occupied space so a concrete floating floor is used to decrease the airborne noise. Our FSN Low Dynamic Stiffness Bridge Bearing Rubber or FS Steel Spring supported concrete floating floors can improve the STC rating by 25 points and the INR by 44.

Equipment mounted on these floating floors must be seismically attached. Because the floating floor is raised above the structural floor and supported by resilient mounts, the floating floor must be seismically mated with the structural slab. This is accomplished by using our style SFFS OSHPD Approved Floating Floor Snubbers. The SFFS has OSHPD approval OPA-321. SFFS snubbers are located close to the house-keeping pads to prevent the equipment overturning moment from breaking or buckling the floating floor.



PACKAGED ROOFTOP AIR CONDITIONING UNITS on RSC Spring Isolated Roof Curb with Seismic Restraints

Packaged Air conditioning units are located on the roof of many commercial buildings. Internal isolation may not sufficiently reduce vibration and does not reduce noise. The best solution is our **RSC Roof Curb**, a 3" deflection vibration isolated curb with an added noise reduction package.

Adding vibration isolators on top of a manufacturer's sheet metal curb is a poor substitute for a complete vibration isolated curb. Our **RSC Roof Curb** replaces the manufacturer's curb and includes large diameter 3" deflection steel springs and rubber pads in a welded steel housing to provide vibration isolation and seismic and wind restraint.



The **Mason RSC curb** has been tested and approved by OSHPD and has OSHPD pre-approved OPA-0207. Refer to FM43 for more information.

The equipment attachment of the curb and the curb anchorage to the roof must be designed per code.



OVERSIZE EQUIPMENT BOLT HOLE SOLUTIONS

Earthquakes are dynamic events and when there is excessive clearance between anchor bolts and equipment holes, the equipment has a tendency to shear off the anchor bolts during earthquakes at accelerations as low as 0.2 G. The reason as explained in the figure is a velocity buildup because of sliding.

In an earthquake the floor shifts violently side to side. The anchor bolts must be designed to keep the equipment in place as the building moves. Friction due to gravity or from bolt installation torque cannot be considered.

Type HG [FM61] neoprene grommet and Type HCF hole clearance filler provide quick solutions as they fill this clearance created by practical tolerances, off center bolts or the extreme situation where holes are enlarged on the job site by drilling or burning. HG grommets surround the bolt shaft and cushion the system. HCF filler fills the airgap completely.



IMPACT SHEAR FAILURE



HCF REMEDY (Hole Clearance Filler)



HG REMEDY [FM61] (Neoprene Grommet)



HOUSEKEEPING PADS

A major cause of equipment restraint failure is the breaking up of housekeeping pads. Virtually all housekeeping pads are poured independently after completion of the structure. In many cases there is no mechanical attachment to the structural floor and the pad itself may not be reinforced.

The floor diaphragm vibrates vertically and under resonant conditions generates more than 1G. This tosses the pad and the machine attached to it. As the pad crashes back it breaks up and the equipment loses all anchorage.

Since housekeeping pad sizes and locations are not established until after a machine room floor is poured, there is no way to cast in rebar pad stirrups. There is an undefined engineering area as to who should design and what type of cast in restraints should be used. In designing the HPA anchor system we have assumed the responsibility as part of our system certification. See Tables 6 & 7 on page FM30 HPA Anchorage Guidelines.

The HPA anchor [FM58] is manufactured in three sizes and has three anchoring capacities. The inverted hexagonal pyramid locks into the cured housekeeping pad and has provision for passing 2 #3 rebars through the holes on top for positioning the pad reinforcement system.



The number of anchors that are needed depend on the HPA size and the vertical rating of the SAS stud anchor as listed.

Housekeeping	Reinforcing 12" <i>(300mm)</i>	Perimeter HPA Size	Interior HPA Size	Maximum Weight of Pad and
Pad Area	on Center	24" (600mm)	36" <i>(900mm)</i>	Equipment
FT² (M²)	Each Way	on Center	on Center	lbs <i>(kg)</i>
Up to 40 <i>(3.7)</i>	# 3 <i>(T8)</i>	HPA-1/2	HPA-1/2	8000 (3,600)
41 (3.8) to 100 (9.3)	# 4 (T12)	HPA-5/8	HPA-5/8	15,000 <i>(6,800)</i>
101 <i>(9.4)</i> to 250 (23)	# 4 (T12)	HPA-5/8	HPA-5/8	25,000 (11,400)
251 <i>(23)</i> to 400 (37)	# 5 (T16)	HPA-3/4	HPA-3/4	50,000 (22,800)

TABLE 6 F_P Up To 0.5G (see example FM31)

TABLE 7 $F_P = 0.5G$ To 1.0G (see example FM31)

Housekeeping Pad Area FT ² (M ²)	Reinforcing 12" <i>(300mm)</i> on Center Each Way	Perimeter HPA Size and Centers	Interior HPA Size 36" (900mm) on Center	Maximum Weight of Pad and Equipment Ibs (kg)
Up to 40 (3.7)	# 3 <i>(</i> 78)	HPA-5/8 24" <i>(600mm)</i> on Center	HPA-5/8	8000 <i>(3,600)</i>
41 <i>(3.8)</i> to 100 <i>(</i> 9.3)	# 4 <i>(</i> T12)	HPA-5/8 24" <i>(600mm)</i> on Center	HPA-5/8	15,000 <i>(6,800)</i>
101 <i>(9.4)</i> to 250 (23)	# 4 (T12)	HPA-3/4 18" <i>(450mm)</i> on Center	HPA-3/4	25,000 <i>(11,400)</i>
251 (23) to 400 (37)	# 5 (T16)	HPA-3/4 18" <i>(450mm)</i> on Center	HPA-3/4	50,000 (22,800)

Notes for TABLES 6 & 7

- 1. These tables apply to systems where the center of gravity of the combined weight of the pad, equipment and isolation system is less than the width of the pad.
- 2. Reinforcing is to be placed at the centerline of the pad.





ATTACHMENT TO CONCRETE

Equipment is often anchored to concrete floors or housekeeping pads. IBC requires that all concrete anchorage including cast-in-place anchors and post-installed anchors must be designed per the requirements of ACI 318 Appendix D. IBC also requires that post-installed are pre-qualified per ACI 355.2. ICC Evaluation Reports list basic allowable values of anchors, required embedment and slab thickness. These values are then used in anchorage calculations to determine the actual allowable values of anchors.

Concrete anchorage can be difficult to qualify in thin slabs, decks and housekeeping pads. Edge distance is critical and the requirements have increased over previous design standards. Concrete anchorage in narrow piers is particularly difficult to qualify. Special concrete reinforcing design and coordination with the project structural engineer may be necessary. Cast in place equipment anchors must be set before pouring concrete housekeeping pads or floors, often before equipment is submitted or approved for a project. Through-bolting is expensive and very difficult to coordinate. For cost and practicality post-installed anchors are typically used to anchor equipment to concrete.

Mason Industries offers several types of prequalified post-installed concrete anchors as shown in Figure

1. Each type of anchor has unique installation requirements and attributes which are listed on the following page.



Mason Industries Post Installed Concrete Anchor Information

Mason SAST Anchors (Seismic Anchor Self Tapping) are concrete screws:

- 1. SAST anchors are available in zinc plated hardened steel, and are primarily used in dry interior locations.
- 2. SAST anchors have no minimum installation torque.
- 3. SAST anchors can be used with smaller edge distances than expansion anchors.
- 4. SAST anchors have an ICC ES Report and a City of Los Angeles Research Report for installation in cracked and un-cracked concrete and installation into masonry.
- 5. Recommended for anchoring floor mounted equipment including restrained isolators and snubbers where periodic removal and inspection can be made without lifting the equipment or restraint over a protruding stud.
- 6. Refer to page FM63 for more information.

Mason SAS Anchors (Seismic Anchor Stud) are wedge style expansion anchors and are our primary choice for concrete anchorage:

- 1. SAS anchors are approved for installation into normal weight and lightweight concrete and in the underside of a concrete filled sheet-metal deck.
- 2. Zinc-plated anchors are primarily used in dry, interior locations.
- 3. Stainless steel SAS can be used in all locations including outdoors and in damp areas.
- 4. SAS anchors must be torque set.
- 5. SAS anchors have an ICC ES Report and a City of Los Angeles Research Report for installation in cracked and un-cracked concrete and have an IAPMO ER and Los Angeles Research Report for installation in masonry.
- 6. Recommended for general use including anchorage of seismic bracing of piping and suspended equipment using Mason SCB and SSBS seismic braces.
- 7. Refer to page FM62 for more information.

Mason SRA Anchors (Seismic Rod Anchor) are adhesive anchors:

- 1. SRA anchors have no minimum torque.
- 2. SRA anchors are approved for installation in normal weight concrete only, so we can't use them in lightweight concrete.
- 3. SRA anchors can't be used overhead.
- 4. SRA anchors can be used with smaller edge distances than expansion anchors.
- 5. SRA anchors can be provided with standard or high strength zinc plated threaded rods for dry, indoor locations, or two grades of stainless steel rods in all locations including damp, outdoor locations.
- 6. SRA anchors have an ICC ES Report and a City of Los Angeles Research Report for installation in cracked and un-cracked concrete.
- 7. Recommended for anchoring floor mounted equipment, restrained mounts and snubbers.
- 8. Refer to page FM64 for more information.



VIBRATION ISOLATION AND SEISMIC RESTRAINT PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

- 1. Two layers of 3/4" (19mm) thick neoprene pad consisting of 2" (50mm) square waffle modules separated horizontally by a 16 (1.5mm) gauge galvanized shim. Load distribution plates shall be used as required. Pads shall be type **Super W** as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.
- 2. Bridge bearing neoprene mountings shall have a minimum static deflection of 0.2" (5mm) and all directional seismic capability. The mount shall consist of a ductile iron casting containing two separated and opposing molded neoprene elements. The elements shall prevent the central threaded sleeve and attachment bolt from contacting the casting during normal operation. The shock absorbing neoprene materials shall be compounded to bridge bearing specifications. Mountings shall have an OPA preapproval from OSHPD in the State of California verifying the maximum certified horizontal and vertical load ratings. Mountings shall be type **BR** as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.
- 3. Sheet metal panels shall be bolted to the walls or supporting structure by assemblies consisting of a neoprene bushing cushioned between 2 steel sleeves. The outer sleeve prevents the sheet metal from cutting into the neoprene. Enlarge panel holes as required. Neoprene elements pass over the bushing to cushion the back panel horizontally. A steel disc covers the inside neoprene element and the inner steel sleeve is elongated to act as a stop so tightening the anchor bolts does not interfere with panel isolation in 3 planes. Bushing assemblies can be applied to the ends of steel cross members where applicable. All neoprene shall be bridge bearing quality. Bushing assemblies shall be type **PB** as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.
- 4. A one piece molded bridge bearing neoprene washer/bushing. The bushing shall surround the anchor bolt and have a flat washer face to avoid metal to metal contact. Neoprene bushings shall be type **HG** as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.
- 5. Spring isolators shall be free standing and laterally stable without any housing and complete with a molded neoprene cup or 1/4" (6mm) neoprene acoustical friction pad between the baseplate and the support. All mountings shall have leveling bolts that must be rigidly bolted to the equipment. Spring diameters shall have be no less than 0.8 of the compressed height of the spring at rated load. Springs shall have a minimum additional travel to solid equal to 50% of the rated deflection. Submittals shall include spring diameters, deflection, compressed spring height and solid spring height. Mountings shall be type SLF as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.
- 6. Restrained spring mountings shall have an SLF mounting as described in Specification 5, within a rigid housing that includes vertical limit stops to prevent spring extension when weight is removed. The housing shall serve as blocking during erection. Installed and operating heights are equal. Restraining Bolts shall have a neoprene bushing between the bolt and the housing. A clearance of 1/4" (6mm) shall be maintained around restraining bolts and the bushing so as not to interfere with the spring action. Limit stops shall be out of contact during normal operation. Since housings will be bolted or welded in position there must be an internal isolation pad. Housing shall be designed to resist all seismic forces. Mountings shall have an OPA preapproval from OSHPD in the state of California certifying the maximum certified horizontal and vertical load ratings. Mountings shall be type SLR or SLRS as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.

ason indu

Page

M34

350 Rabro Drive • Hauppauge, NY 11788 • 631/348-0282 • FAX 631/348-0279 2101 W. Crescent Ave., Suite D • Anaheim, CA 928017 • 714/535-2727 • FAX 714/535-5738 Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com

IST

R

- 7. Spring mountings as in specification 5 built into a ductile iron or steel housing to provide all directional seismic snubbing. The snubber shall be adjustable vertically and allow a maximum of 1/4" (6mm) travel in all directions before contacting the resilient snubbing collars. Mountings shall have an Anchorage Preapproval OPA number from OSHPD in the State of California verifying the maximum certified horizontal and vertical load ratings. Mountings shall be type SSLFH as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.
- 8. Air Springs shall be manufactured with upper and lower steel sections connected by a replaceable flexible nylon reinforced neoprene element. Air spring configuration shall be multiple bellows to achieve a maximum natural frequency of 3 Hz. Air Springs shall be designed for a burst pressure that is a minimum of three times the published maximum operating pressure. All air spring systems shall be connected to either the building control air or a supplementary air supply and equipped with three leveling valves to maintain leveling within plus or minus 1/8" (3mm). Submittals shall include natural frequency and load ratings. Air Springs shall be type **MT** and leveling valves type **LV** as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.
- 9. Restrained air spring mountings shall have an MT air spring as described in Specification 8, within a rigid housing that includes vertical limit stops to prevent air spring extension when weight is removed. The housing shall serve as blocking during erection. A steel spacer shall be removed after adjustment. Installed and operating heights are equal. A clearance of 1/4" (6mm) shall be maintained around restraining bolts and between the housing and the air spring so as not to interfere with the air spring action. Limit stops shall be out of contact during normal operation. Housing shall be designed to resist all seismic forces. Mountings shall be type SLRMT as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.
- 10. Hangers shall consist of rigid steel frames containing minimum 1-1/4" (32mm) thick molded rubber elements at the top and a steel spring with general characteristics as in specification 5 seated in a steel washer reinforced rubber cup on the bottom. The rubber element and the cup shall have rubber bushings projecting through the steel box. To maintain stability the boxes shall not be articulated as clevis hangers nor the rubber element stacked on top of the spring. Spring diameters and hanger box lower hole sizes shall be large enough to permit the hanger rod to swing through a 30 degree arc from side to side before contacting the rod bushing and short circuiting the spring. Submittals shall include a hanger drawing showing the 30 degree capability. Hangers shall be type **30N** as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.
- 10A. Hangers shall be as described in 10, but they shall be supplied with a combination rubber and steel rebound washer as the seismic up stop for suspended piping, ductwork, equipment and electrical cable trays. Rubber thickness shall be a minimum of 1/4" (6mm). Submittals shall include a drawing of the hanger showing the installation of the rebound washer. Hangers shall be type **RW30N** as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.
- 11. Hangers shall be as described in 10, but they shall be pre-compressed and locked at the rated deflection by means of a resilient seismic up stop to keep the piping or equipment at a fixed elevation during installation. The hangers shall be designed with a release mechanism to free the spring after the installation is complete and the hanger is subjected to its full load. Deflection shall be clearly indicated by means of a scale. Submittals shall include a drawing of the hanger showing the 30 degree capability. Hangers shall be type **PC30N** as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.



- 12. Seismic Cable Restraints shall consist of galvanized steel aircraft cables sized to resist seismic loads with a minimum safety factor of two and arranged to provide all directional restraint. Cables must be pre-stretched to achieve a certified minimum modulus of elasticity. Cable end connections shall be steel assemblies that swivel to final installation angle and utilize two clamping bolts to provide proper cable engagement. Cables must not be allowed to bend across sharp edges. Cable assemblies shall have an OPA preapproval from OSHPD in the State of California verifying the maximum certified load ratings. Cable assemblies shall be type SCB at the ceiling and at the clevis bolt, SCBH between the hanger rod nut and the clevis or equipment, or SCBV if clamped to a beam, all as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.
- 13. Seismic solid braces shall consist of steel angles or channels to resist seismic loads with a minimum safety factor of 2 and arranged to provide all directional restraint. Seismic solid brace end connectors shall be steel assemblies that swivel to the final installation angle and utilize two through bolts to provide proper attachment. Seismic solid brace assembly shall have an OPA Preapproval from OSHPD in the state of California verifying the maximum certified load ratings. Solid seismic brace assemblies shall be type SSB, SHB or SSBS as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.

Note: Specifications 12 – 14 apply to trapeze as well as clevis hanger locations. At trapeze anchor locations piping must be clamped to the trapeze. Specifications apply to hanging equipment as well.

- 14. Steel angles, sized to prevent buckling, shall be clamped to pipe or equipment rods utilizing a minimum of three ductile iron clamps at each restraint location when required. Welding of support rods is not acceptable. Rod clamp assemblies shall have an OPA Preapproval from OSHPD in the State of California. Rod clamp assemblies shall be type SRC or UCC as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.
- 15. Pipe clevis cross bolt braces are required in all restraint locations. They shall be special purpose preformed channels deep enough to be held in place by bolts passing over the cross bolt. Clevis cross braces shall have an OPA Preapproval from OSHPD in the State of California. Clevis cross brace shall be type **CCB** as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.
- 16. All directional seismic snubbers shall consist of interlocking steel members restrained by a one-piece molded neoprene bushing of bridge bearing neoprene. Bushing shall be replaceable and a minimum of 1/4" (6mm) thick. Rated loadings shall not exceed 1000 psi (.7kg/mm²). A maximum air gap of 1/4" (6mm) shall be incorporated in the snubber design in all directions before contact is made between the rigid and resilient surfaces. Snubber end caps shall be removable to allow inspection of internal clearances. Neoprene bushings shall be rotated to insure no short circuits exist before systems are activated. Snubbers shall have an OPA Preapproval from OSHPD in the State of California verifying the maximum certified horizontal and vertical load ratings. Snubber shall be type Z-1225 as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.
- 17. All directional seismic snubbers shall consist of interlocking steel members restrained by shock absorbent natural rubber compounded to Bridge Bearing specifications. Natural Rubber sections shall be replaceable and a minimum of 3/4" (19mm) thick and manufactured from a low dynamic stiffness compound. Rated Loadings shall not exceed 1000 psi (0.7 kg/mm2). Snubbers shall be manufactured with an airgap between the hard and resilient surfaces of not less than 1/8" (3mm)

aso |

Page

M36

350 Rabro Drive • Hauppauge, NY 11788 • 631/348-0282 • FAX 631/348-0279 2101 W. Crescent Ave., Suite D • Anaheim, CA 928017 • 714/535-2727 • FAX 714/535-5738 Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com

and not more than 1/4" (6mm). Snubbers shall be installed with factory set clearances. Snubbers shall have certified tests by an independent lab in accordance with Test Protocol FM 1950 of FM Approvals, verifying the maximum horizontal and vertical load ratings. Seismic snubbers shall have an OPM Preapproval from OSHPD in the State of California. Snubbers shall be type **Z-1011** as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.

- 18. Stud wedge anchors shall be manufactured from full diameter wire, not from undersized wire that is rolled to create the thread. The stud anchor shall also have a safety shoulder which fully supports the wedge ring under load. The stud anchor shall be zinc-coated steel for interior applications and stainless steel for exterior applications. The stud anchors shall have an evaluation report number from the ICC-ES verifying its allowable loads. Drill-in stud wedge anchors shall be type SAS or SASE as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.
- 19. Screw type anchors are preferred in floor locations so anchors can be installed after isolators or equipment is in place. Anchors shall be manufactured from hardened steel and zinc electroplated for corrosion resistance. Screw type anchors shall have an evaluation report number from the ICC-ES verifying its allowable loads. Screw type anchors shall be type SAST as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.
- 19A. Adhesive type anchors shall include a two-component epoxy-based adhesive with zinc plated threaded anchor rods for interior application and stainless steel anchor rods for exterior application. The adhesive anchor shall have been tested and qualified for performance in cracked and un-cracked concrete per ICC-ES AC308. Anchors shall have an evaluation report from ICC-ES verifying allowable loads. Adhesive anchors shall be type **SRA** as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.
- 20. Vibration isolation manufacturer shall furnish integral structural steel bases. Rectangular bases are preferred for all equipment. Centrifugal refrigeration machines and pump bases may be T or L shaped where space is a problem. Pump bases for split case pump shall include supports for suction and discharge elbows. All perimeter members shall be steel beams with a minimum depth equal to 1/10 of the longest dimension of the base. Base depth need not exceed 14" (350mm) provided that the deflection and misalignment is kept within acceptable limits as determined by the manufacturer. Height saving brackets shall be employed in all mounting locations to provide a base clearance of 1" (25mm). Bases shall be type WF as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.
- 21. Vibration isolation manufacturer shall furnish rectangular steel concrete pouring forms for floating and inertia foundations. Bases for split case pumps shall be large enough to provide for suction and discharge elbows. Bases shall be a minimum of 1/12 of the longest dimension of the base but not less than 6" (150mm). The base depth need not exceed 12" (300mm) unless specifically recommended by the base manufacturer for mass or rigidity. Forms shall include minimum concrete reinforcing consisting of 1/2" (12mm) bars welded in place on 6" (150mm) centers running both ways in a layer 1-1/2" (38mm) above the bottom. Forms shall be furnished with steel templates to hold the anchor bolts sleeves and anchors while concrete is being poured. Height saving brackets shall be employed in all mounting locations to maintain a 1" (25mm) clearance below the base. Wooden formed bases leaving a concrete rather then a steel finish are not acceptable. Base shall be type **BMK** or **K** as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.



- 22. Curb mounted rooftop equipment shall be mounted on spring isolation curbs. The lower member shall consist of a sheet metal or structural steel sections containing adjustable and removable steel springs that support the upper floating section. The upper frame must provide continuous support for the equipment and must be captive so as to resiliently resist wind and seismic forces. All directional neoprene snubber bushings shall be a minimum of 1/4" (6mm) thick. Steel springs shall be laterally stable and rest on 1/4" (6mm) thick neoprene acoustical pads. Hardware must be plated and the springs provided with a rust resistant finish. The curbs waterproofing shall consist of a continuous flexible flashing nailed over the lower curbs waterproofing. All spring locations shall have accessibility to adjust springs. Lower curbs shall have provision for 2" (50mm) of insulation. The roof curbs shall be built to seismically restrain the rooftop unit. The unit must be solidly fastened to the top floating rail, and the lower section anchored to the roof structure. Curb shall have an OPA Preapproval from OSHPD in the State of California attesting to the maximum certified horizontal and vertical load ratings. Curb shall be type **RSC** as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.
- 23. Flexible spherical expansion joints shall employ peroxide cured EPDM in the covers, liners and Kevlar tire cord frictioning. Any substitutions must have equal or superior physical and chemical characteristics. Solid steel rings shall be used within the raised face rubber flanged ends to prevent pullout. Flexible cable bead wire is not acceptable. Sizes 2" (50mm) and larger shall have two spheres reinforced with a ductile iron external ring between spheres. Flanges shall be split ductile iron or steel with hooked or similar interlocks. Sizes 3/4" (19mm) to 1-1/2" (38mm) may have threaded two piece bolted flange assemblies, one sphere and cable retention. Connectors shall be rated at 250 psi (1.72MPa) up to 170°F (77°C) with a uniform drop in allowable pressure to 215 psi (1.48MPa) at 250°F (121°C) in sizes through 14" (350mm). 16" (400mm) through 24" (600mm) single sphere minimum ratings are 180 psi (1.24MPa) at 170°F (77°C) and 150 psi (1.03MPa) at 250°F (121°C). Higher rated connectors may be used to accommodate service conditions. All expansion joints must be factory tested to 150% of rated pressure for 12 minutes before shipment. Safety factors to burst and flange pullout shall be a minimum of 3/1. Concentric reducers to the above ratings may be substituted for equal ended expansion joints.

Expansion joints shall be installed in piping gaps equal to the length of the expansion joints under pressure. Control rods need only be used in unanchored piping locations where the manufacturer determines the installation exceeds the pressure requirement without control rods. If control rods are used, they must have 1/2" (12mm) thick Neoprene washer bushings large enough in diameter to take the thrust at 1000 psi (.7 kg/mm²) maximum on the washer area.

Submittals shall include two test reports by independent consultants showing minimum reductions of 20 DB in vibration accelerations and 10 DB in sound pressure levels at typical blade passage frequencies on this or a similar product by the same manufacturer. All expansion joints shall be installed on the equipment side of the shut off valves. Expansion joints shall be type **SAFEFLEX SFDEJ, SFEJ, SFDCR** or **SFU** and Control Rods **CR** as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.

24. Flexible braided hose shall consist of corrugated tube with braided wire to prevent elongation due to pressure thrust. Flexible braided stainless steel hose shall be manufactured using type 304 stainless steel braid and hose with one raised-face fixed and one floating steel plate flange. Grooved ends may be used in sizes 2" through 12" (50mm through 300mm). Welding is not acceptable. Sizes 2-1/2" (65mm) and smaller may have threaded male nipples. Flexible braided hose 4" (100mm) or smaller, with copper sweat ends, may have stainless steel hose and braid for gas service or bronze hose and braid for water service.



Flexible braided stainless steel hose shall have close pitch with the following minimum number of corrugations per foot (CPF) of hose length:

Size (in)	1/2	3/4	1	1-1/4	1-1/2	2	2-1/2	3	4	5	6	8	10	12	14	16
Size (mm)	15	20	25	32	40	50	65	80	100	125	150	200	250	300	350	400
CPF	92	80	72	67	63	58	48	46	32	29	25	23	21	20	18	16

Flexible braided bronze hose shall have close pitch with the following minimum number of corrugations per foot (CPF) of hose length:

Size (in)	1/2	3/4	1	1-1/4	1-1/2	2	2-1/2	3	4
Size (mm)	15	20	25	32	40	50	65	80	100
CPF	73	67	58	55	53	51	34	30	28

Flexible braided hose shall have the minimum hose overall length as follows:

Flexible Stainles	s Braided Hose	Flexible Bronze Braided Hose			
Size	Min. Length	Size	Min. Length		
1/2" - 2-1/2"	24"	1/2" – 3"	18"		
(15-65mm)	(600mm)	(15-80mm)	(450mm)		
3" – 16"	36"	4"	24"		
(80-400mm)	(900mm)	(100mm)	(600mm)		

Flexible braided hose shall have the minimum hose live length as follows:

Flexible Stainles	s Braided Hose	Flexible Bronze Braided Hose			
Size	Min. Live Length	Size	Min. Live Length		
1/2" - 2-1/2"	17"	1/2" – 3"	10-1/2"		
(15-65mm)	(425mm)	(15-80mm)	(263mm)		
3" – 16"	26"	4"	15-1/2"		
(80-400mm)	(650mm)	(100mm)	(388mm)		

Flexible braided hose shall have a minimum burst pressure of four times the rated pressure at 70° F (21° C). Forces required to displace hoses at operating pressure shall be determined by testing, and certified by a professional engineer. Submittals shall include original test data showing force/ displacement at operating pressure, fittings, material, live lengths, number of corrugations per foot and safety factor at pressure ratings. Hoses shall be type **FFL**, **MN**, **GWN** or **CPSB** as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.

- 25. All directional acoustical pipe anchor, consisting of two sizes of steel tubing separated by a minimum 1/2" (12mm) thick 60 durometer neoprene. Vertical restraint shall be provided by similar material arranged to prevent vertical travel in either direction. Allowable loads on the isolation material should not exceed 500 psi (.35 kg/mm²) and the design shall be balanced for equal resistance in any direction. All directional anchors shall be type ADA as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.
- 26. Pipe guides shall consist of a telescopic arrangement of two sizes of steel tubing separated by a minimum 1/2" (12mm) thickness of 60 durometer neoprene. The height of the guides shall be preset with a shear pin to allow vertical motion due to pipe expansion or contraction. Shear pin shall



be removable and reinsertable to allow for selection of pipe movement. Guides shall be capable of $\pm 5/8$ " (41mm) motion, or to meet location requirements. Pipe guides shall be type **VSG** as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.

- 27. Split Wall Seals consist of two bolted pipe halves with minimum 3/4" (19mm) thick neoprene sponge bonded to the inner faces. The seal shall be tightened around the pipe to eliminate clearance between the inner sponge face and the piping. Concrete may be packed around the seal to make it integral with the floor, wall or ceiling if the seal is not already in place around the pipe prior to the construction of the building member. Seals shall project a minimum of 1" (25mm) past either face of the wall. Where temperatures exceed 240°F (115°C), 10# (4.5kg) density fiberglass may be used in lieu of the sponge. Seals shall be type SWS as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.
- 28. The horizontal thrust restraint shall consist of a spring element in series with a neoprene molded cup as described in specification 5 with the same deflection as specified for the mountings or hangers. The spring element shall be designed so it can be preset for thrust at the factory and adjusted in the field to allow for a maximum of 1/4" (6mm) movement at start and stop. The assembly shall be furnished with 1 rod and angle brackets for attachment to both the equipment and the ductwork or the equipment and the structure. Horizontal restraints shall be attached at the centerline of thrust and symmetrical on either side of the unit. Horizontal thrust restraints shall be type **WBI/WBD** as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.
- 29. Housekeeping pad anchors shall consist of a ductile iron casting that is tapered and hexagonal, smaller at its base than at its top. The upper portion shall have holes for rebar to pass through. The anchor shall be continuously threaded from top to bottom for the attachment of soleplates. Housekeeping pad anchors shall be attached to the structural slab using a stud wedge anchor. Housekeeping pad anchors shall be type **HPA** and stud wedge anchor shall be type **SAS** both as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.

03/2020





350 Rabro Drive • Hauppauge, NY 11788 • 631/348-0282 • FAX 631/348-0279 2101 W. Crescent Ave., Suite D • Anaheim, CA 928017 • 714/535-2727 • FAX 714/535-5738 Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com

IST

RIE

INDU

ASON

VIBRATION ISOLATION AND SEISMIC RESTRAINT PRODUCT APPROVALS

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SLR-MT	FM42
RSC	FM43
SLR & SLREBP	FM44 to FM45
SLRS, SLRSO, SLRSEBP & SLRSOEBP	FM46 to FM51A
SSLFH-X & SSLFH	FM52 to FM54
Z-1011 & Z-1225	FM55 to FM56
SFFS	FM57
HPA	FM58
RAA, RBA, RCA & RDA	FM59
BR	FM60
HG	FM61
SAS & SASE, SAST, SRA	FM62 to FM64



SLR-MT Air Spring Mounts



TYPE SLR-MT RATINGS

Size	Min Load	Max Recom-	Max Load	Approximate
	@ 25 psi	mended Load	@ 100 psi	Frequency
	(lbs)	@ 80 psi (lbs)	(Ibs)	C.P.M. Hertz
SLR-MT-3	345	1100	1375	1382.31202.01081.81021.8
SLR-MT-4	540	1720	2150	
SLR-MT-6	1175	3760	4700	
SLR-MT-8	2120	6780	8475	

TYPE SLR-MT METRIC RATINGS

Size	Min Load @ 1.8 kg/cm ² (<i>kgs</i>)	Max Recom- mended Load @ 5.6 kg/cm ² (<i>kgs</i>)	Max Load @ 7 kg/cm ² (<i>kgs</i>)	Approx Frequ C.P.M.	imate ency Hertz
SLR-MT-3	155	505	625	138	2.3
SLR-MT-4	245	780	980	120	2.0
SLR-MT-6	535	1710	2135	108	1.8
SLR-MT-8	960	3080	3850	102	1.8

NOTE: Air Springs should be selected for 80% of maximum capacity to allow for errors in published equipment weights or weight distribution.

CAUTION: Never inflate Air Springs prior to installation.

SLR mounts include seismic and wind restraints with code compliant all-directional neoprene bushings and 1/4" maximum air gap.

NON-SKID NEOPRENE FRICTION PAD– When not using for seismic or wind resistance, bolting to floor is not necessary.

TYPE SLR-MT DIMENSIONS (inches)

Size	D	Е	Н	L	Т	W	HCL	HCW	MBD
SLR-MT-3	3/4	13/8	10	13	1/2	7	11	41/2	5/8
SLR-MT-4	3/4	13/8	10	13	1/2	7	11	41/2	5/8
SLR-MT-6	3/4	13/8	10	17	5/8	10	15	7	5/8
SLR-MT-8	3/4	13/8	10	21 ³ /4	5/8	14	18 ^{3/} 4	7	5/8

TYPE SLR-MT DIMENSIONS (mm)

Size	D	Е	Н	L	Т	W	HCL	HCW	MBD
SLR-MT-3	19	35	254	330	13	178	280	114	16
SLR-MT-4	19	35	254	330	13	178	280	114	16
SLR-MT-6	19	35	254	432	16	254	380	178	16
SLR-MT-8	19	35	254	552	16	355	476	178	16



All Air Spring Systems must be installed with Leveling Valves and Air Supply Systems.

SeeC ertification Sheet S-302 for additional information



03/2020



Page

350 Rabro Drive • Hauppauge, NY 11788 • 631/348-0282 • FAX 631/348-0279 2101 W. Crescent Ave., Suite D • Anaheim, CA 928017 • 714/535-2727 • FAX 714/535-5738 Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com

IASON INDUSTRIES,



SLR 1"(25mm) Defl. A Springs



for seismic or wind resistance, bolting

to floor is not necessary. Pad can

position. See detail at right.

deflection.

be removed if mounts are welded in

All springs have additional travel

to solid equal to 50% of the rated

Solid Spring Height = Free Height

minus 1.5 times Rated Deflection.

NEOPRENE VERTICAL LIMIT STOPS- Out of contact during normal operation

Illustration shows a 4 spring SLR-4A. SLR-A has 1 spring and SLR-2A has 2 springs.

Mounts are galvanized.

TYPE SLR RATINGS

Type & Size	Rated Capacity (Ibs) (kg)	Rated Defl (in) <i>(mm)</i>	Spring Constant (Ibs/in)(<i>kg/mm</i>)	Spring Color	Max. Horiz Static G Rating [‡]
SLR-A-45	45 20	1.60 41	28 0.5	Blue	17.8
SLR-A-75	75 34	1.50 <i>38</i>	50 0.9	Orange	10.7
SLR-A-125	125 57	1. 33 <i>34</i>	94 <i>1.7</i>	Brown	6.4
SLR-A-200	200 <i>91</i>	1.15 <i>29</i>	174 <i>3.1</i>	Black	4.0
SLR-A-310	310 <i>141</i>	1.00 <i>25</i>	310 5.6	Yellow	2.6
SLR-A-400	400 <i>181</i>	1.00 <i>25</i>	400 7.2	Green	2.0
SLR-A-510	510 231	1.00 <i>25</i>	510 <i>9.2</i>	Red	1.6
SLR-A-625	625 283	1.00 <i>25</i>	625 <i>11.3</i>	White	1.3
SLR-2A-620	620 281	1.00 <i>25</i>	620 <i>11.2</i>	Yellow	1.6
SLR-2A-800	800 <i>363</i>	1.00 <i>25</i>	800 14.5	Green	1.3
SLR-2A-1020	1020 463	1.00 <i>25</i>	1020 18.5	Red	1.0
SLR-2A-1250	1250 567	1.00 <i>25</i>	1250 22.7	White	0.8
SLR-4A-1240	1240 563	1.00 25	1240 22.5	Yellow	1.8
SLR-4A-1600	1600 726	1.00 <i>25</i>	1600 29.0	Green	1.4
SLR-4A-2040	2040 925	1.00 25	2040 37.0	Red	1.1
SLR-4A-2500	2500 1134	1.00 25	2500 45.4	White	0.9

[‡]Horizontal G Ratings are for quick reference only-Use OSHPD Rated Load Curves.





[†]For kN divide kg by 102

NOTE: Maximum G rating applies to mounting only without base plate



SLR mounts include seismic and wind restraints with code compliant all-directional neoprene bushings and 1/4" maximum air gap.

Housing load ratings expressed in max. G's are based on tests with bolted connections to steel top and bottom. SLR housings require uniform support under entire base plate.

TYPE SLR DIMENSIONS (inches mm)

Size	Н	L	Т	W	BD	CS	HCL
SLR-A	51/8	83/4	15/8	21/2	3/8	3/8"-16UNC x 1	6
	<i>130</i>	222	<i>41</i>	<i>64</i>	10	3/8"-16UNC x 25	152
SLR-2A	51/8	115/8	13/4	21/2	3/8	3/8"-16UNC x 1	83/4
	<i>130</i>	295	<i>41</i>	<i>64</i>	10	3/8″-16UNC x 25	222
SLR-4A	51/8	111/8	13/4	41/2	1/2	1/2"-13UNC x11/4	8
	<i>130</i>	<i>283</i>	<i>41</i>	114	<i>13</i>	1/2"-13UNC x 32	203

SPRING DATA

Size	Spring OD	Free	e Ht.	Ratio	Ratio
	(in) (mm)	(in)	(mm)	Kx/Ky	OD/OH
А	13/4 44	3-33/8	76-86	0.50-0.90	0.74-1.25

03/2020



Horizontal and Vertical plotted Ratings are California OSHPD approved values having the OSHPD Anchorage Preapproval Number OPA-0195. Testing and calculations were performed to meet OSHPD criteria.

To use approved OSHPD rated load curves: 1) Calculate Vertical and Horizontal Forces on mounting including translations and overturning moments. 2) Plot Horizontal Load vs Vertical Load. The point must fall within the area below the OSHPD curve.

SLREBP(Extended Base Plate) 1"(25mm) Defl. A Springs



All springs have additional travel to solid equal to 50% of the rated deflection.

Solid Spring Height = Free Height minus 1.5 times Rated Deflection.

TYPE SLREBP RATINGS

Type & Size	Rated Capacity (Ibs) (kg)	Rated Defl (in) <i>(mm)</i>	Spring Constant (Ibs/in)(kg/mm	Spring) Color G	Max. Horiz Static Rating
SLREBP-A-45	45 <i>20</i>	1.60 41	28 0.5	Blue	17.8
SLREBP-A-75	75 34	1. 50 <i>38</i>	50 0.9	Orange	10.7
SLREBP-A-125	125 57	1. 33 <i>34</i>	94 1.7	Brown	6.4
SLREBP-A-200	200 <i>91</i>	1.15 <i>29</i>	174 3.1	Black	4.0
SLREBP-A-310	310 <i>141</i>	1.00 <i>25</i>	310 5.6	Yellow	2.6
SLREBP-A-400	400 <i>181</i>	1.00 <i>25</i>	400 7.2	Green	2.0
SLREBP-A-510	510 231	1.00 <i>25</i>	510 9.2	Red	1.6
SLREBP-A-625	625 283	1.00 <i>25</i>	625 <i>11.3</i>	White	1.3
SLREBP-2A-620	620 281	1.00 25	620 11.2	Yellow	1.6
SLREBP-2A-800	800 363	1.00 25	800 14.5	Green	1.3
SLREBP-2A-1020	1020 463	1.00 25	1020 18.5	Red	1.0
SLREBP-2A-1250	1250 567	1.00 25	1250 22.7	White	0.8
SLREBP-4A-1240	1240 563	1.00 25	1240 22.5	Yellow	1.8
SLREBP-4A-1600	1600 726	1.00 25	1600 <i>29.0</i>	Green	1.4
SLREBP-4A-2040	2040 925	1.00 <i>25</i>	2040 37.0	Red	1.1
SLREBP-4A-2500	2500 1134	1.00 25	2500 45.4	White	0.9



[†]For kN divide kg by 102

Horizontal and Vertical plotted Ratings are California OSHPD approved values having the OSHPD Anchorage Preapproval Number OPA-0195. Testing and calculations were performed to meet OSHPD criteria.

To use approved OSHPD rated load curves: 1) Calculate Vertical and Horizontal Forces on mounting including translations and overturning moments. 2) Plot Horizontal Load vs Vertical Load. The point must fall within the area below the OSHPD curve.

Housing load ratings expressed in max. G's are based on tests with bolted connections to steel top and bottom. SLREBP housings require uniform support under entire base plate.

*NOTE: Maximum G rating applies to mounting only without extended base plate. Typical base plate shown. Extended base plates are submitted for approval on a job by job basis.

SLR mounts include seismic and wind restraints with code compliant all-directional neoprene bushings and 1/4" maximum air gap.

SPRING DATA

	Spring OD	Free Ht.		Ratio	Ratio
Size	(in) (<i>mm)</i>	(in)	(mm)	Kx/Ky	OD/OH
А	13/4 44	3-33/8	76-86	0.50-0.90	0.74-1.25

TYPE SLREBP DIMENSIONS (inches mm)

l	Size	Н	L	Т	W	CS	MBD	HCL
	SLREBP-A	51/4 <i>133</i>	121/4 <i>311</i>	1/4 6	21/2 64	3/8"-16UNC x1 3/8″-16UNC x 25	1/2 13	103/4 273
	SLREBP-2A	51/4 <i>133</i>	155/8 <i>397</i>	1/4 6	3 76	3/8"-16UNC x1 3/8″-16UNC x 25	5/8 16	1 37/8 <i>352</i>
1	SLREBP-4A	51/4 <i>133</i>	155/8 <i>397</i>	1/4 6	41/2 <i>114</i>	1/2"-13UNC x11/4 1/2"-13UNC x 32	3/4 19	135/8 <i>346</i>

[‡]Horizontal G Ratings are for quick reference only Use OSHPD Rated Load Curves.



SLRS 1"(25mm) Defl. B, 1 - 4 Springs



Illustration above shows a SLRS-4 with four C springs. Not shown are SLRS-B, which has one B spring, SLRS-1 with one C spring, SLRS-2 with two C springs.

Housing load ratings expressed in G's are based on tests with bolted connections to steel top and bottom. SLRS housings require uniform support under entire base plate.

SLRS mounts include seismic and wind restraints with code compliant all-directional neoprene bushings and 1/4" maximum air gap.

OSHPD OPA-194 Rated Load Curves (lbs kg)



Horizontal, Vertical and 45° plotted Ratings are California OSHPD approved values having the OSHPD Anchorage Preapproval Number OPA-0194. Testing and calculations were performed to meet OSHPD criteria.

To use approved OSHPD rated load curves:

1) Calculate Vertical and Horizontal Forces on mountings including translations and overturning moments.

2) Plot Horizontal and Vertical Loads. The intersection must fall within the area below the OSHPD curve.



TYPE SLRS DIMENSIONS (inches and mm)

Size	Н	Т	D	Е	L	HCL	W	HCW	MBD	
В	85/8	1/4	1/2	11/8	81/2	7	41/4	23/4	5/8	
	219	6	13	<i>29</i>	216	178	<i>108</i>	70	16	
1	85/8	1/4	5/8	13/8	91/2	71/2	51/4	31/2	5/8	
	219	6	16	<i>35</i>	241	191	133	<i>89</i>	16	
2	85/8	1/4	5/8	13/8	14	121/4	51/4	31/2	5/8	
	219	6	16	<i>35</i>	<i>356</i>	<i>311</i>	133	<i>89</i>	16	
4	85/8	1/4	7/8	13/8	13	11	83/8	61/4	3/4	
	219	6	22	<i>35</i>	<i>330</i>	279	213	159	19	

TYPE SLRS RATINGS

-					
SLRS Size	Rated Capacity (Ibs) (kg)	Rated Defl (in) <i>(mm)</i>	Spring Constant (Ibs/in) <i>(kg/mm)</i>	Max. G Rating	Spring Color
B-65	65 29	2.10 53	31 0.55	24.6	Brown
B-85	85 39	2.10 53	40 0.74	18.9	Wht/Blk
B-115	115 52	2.00 51	57 1.02	13.9	Silver
B-150	150 68	2.00 51	75 1.33	10.6	Orange
B-280	280 127	1.60 41	174 3.10	5.7	Green
B-450	450 204	1.31 33	344 6.18	3.5	Red
B-750	750 340	1.12 28	670 12.14	2.1	White
B-1000	1000 454	1.00 25	1000 18.16	1.6	Blue
1-1000 1-1350 1-1750 1-2100 1-2385 1-2650 1-2935	1000 454 1350 612 1750 794 2100 953 2385 1082 2650 1202 2935 1331	1.00 25 1.00 25 1.00 25 1.00 25 1.00 25 1.00 25 1.00 25 1.00 25	1000 18.16 1350 24.48 1750 31.76 2100 38.12 2385 43.28 2650 48.08 2935 53.24	6.0 4.4 3.4 2.8 2.5 2.3 2.0	Black Yellow Black* Yellow Yellow** Red* Red**
2-3500	3500 <i>1588</i>	1.00 25	3500 63.52	1.5	Black*
2-4200	4200 <i>1905</i>	1.00 25	4200 76.20	1.2	Yellow*
2-4770	4770 <i>2164</i>	1.00 25	4770 86.56	1.1	Yellow**
4-5400	5400 2449	1.00 25	5400 97.96	2.0	Yellow
4-7000	7000 3175	1.00 25	7000 127.00	1.6	Black*
4-8400	8400 3810	1.00 25	8400 152.40	1.3	Yellow*
4-9540	9540 4327	1.00 25	9540 173.08	1.2	Yellow**
4-10600	10600 4808	1.00 25	10600 192.32	1.1	Red*
4-11740	11740 5325	1.00 25	11740 213.00	0.9	Red**

*with Red inner spring **with Green inner spring

SPRING CHARACTERISTICS (inches and mm)

Spring		Free	Ratio	Ratio
Size OD		Height	Kx/Ky	OD/OH
B	23/8 60	4 102	0.70-0.90	0.80-1.25
C	27/8 73	41/8 105	0.90-1.10	0.92

All springs have an additional travel to solid equal to 50% of the rated deflection.

Solid Spring Height = Free Height minus 1.5 times the Rated Deflection.



SLRSO 1"(25mm) Defl. B, 1 - 9 Springs



Non-Skid Pad is used in Non-Seismic zones only. Remove pad prior to bolting. Reduce published height by 1/8" if pad is removed.

Illustration above shows a SLRSO-4 housing with four C springs.



SLRS-9 has nine C springs and has closed sides. Not shown are SLRSO-B with one B spring and SLRSO-1, SLRSO-2 & SLRSO-6 with one, two and six C springs respectively.

All springs have an additional travel to solid equal to 50% of the rated deflection.

SLRSO mounts include seismic and wind restraints with code compliant all-directional neoprene bushings and 1/4" maximum air gap.





Horizontal, Vertical and 45° plotted Ratings are California OSHPD allowable loads based on testing and calculations performed to meet OSHPD criteria.

To use OSHPD rated load curves: 1) Calculate Vertical and Horizontal

Forces on mountings including translations and overturning moments.

2) Plot Horizontal and Vertical Loads. The intersection must fall within the area below the OSHPD curve.

I YPE SLE	TPE SLRSO and SLRS DIMENSIONS (Inches and mm)												
Size	Н	Т	D	E	L	HCL	W	HCW	MBD				
SLRSO-	83/4	3/8	1/2	11/8	81/2	7	41/4	23/4	5/8				
В	222	10	13	29	216	178	108	70	16				
SLRSO-	83/4	3/8	5/8	13/8	91/2	71/2	51/4	31/2	5/8				
1	222	10	16	35	241	191	133	89	16				
SLRSO-	83/4	3/8	5/8	13/8	14	121/4	51/4	31/2	5/8				
2	222	10	16	35	356	311	133	89	16				
SLRSO-	83/4	3/8	7/8	13/8	133/4	11	8	61/4	3/4				
4	222	10	22	35	350	279	203	159	19				
SLRSO-	93/4	3/8	1	15/8	19	157/8	9	6	1				
6	248	10	25	41	483	403	229	152	25				
SLRS-	93/4	5/8	1	2	18	153/4	13	103/4	1				
9	248	16	25	51	457	400	330	273	25				

TYPE SLRSO and SLRS RATINGS 1" 25mm Deflection Series

	oo ana	02.00	1 20mm Demection Demes					
	Ra	ted	Rated	Sp	ring	Max. Ho	riz.	
SLRSO	Cap	acity	(in) (mm)	(lhe/in)	stant	Housin	g Spring	
Size	(adi)	(K <u></u>	(11) (11111)	(III/8dl)	(ку/ппп)	G Ratin	g. Coloi	
B-65	65	29	2.10 53	31	0.55	21.6	Brown	
B-85	85	39	2.10 53	40	0.74	16.5	Wht/Blk	
B-115	115	52	2.00 51	57	1.02	12.2	Silver	
B-150	150	107	2.00 51	15	1.33	9.3	Orange	
B 450	260	204	1.00 47	244	5.10	5.U 2 1	Bod	
B-750	400	204	1.31.33	670	0.10	3.1	White	
B-1000	1000	454	1.00 25	1000	18.2	1.4	Blue	
1-1000	1000	454	1 00 25	1000	18.2	4.8	Black	
1-1350	1350	612	1.00 25	1350	24.5	3.6	Yellow	
1-1750	1750	794	1.00 25	1750	31.8	2.7	Black*	
1-2100	2100	953	1.00 25	2100	38.1	2.3	Yellow	
1-2385	2385	1082	1.00 25	2385	43.3	2.0	Yellow**	
1-2650	2650	1202	1.00 25	2650	48.1	1.8	Red	
1-2935	2935	1331	1.00 25	2935	53.2	1.6	Red ^{**}	
2-3500	3500	1588	1.00 25	3500	63.5	1.7	Black*	
2-4200	4200	1905	1.00 25	4200	76.2	1.4	Yellow [^]	
2-4770	4770	2164	1.00 25	4770	86.6	1.3	Yellow	
4-5400	5400	2449	1.00 25	5400	98.0	2.2	Yellow	
4-7000	7000	3175	1.00 25	7000	127.0	1.7	Black" Vollow*	
4-0400	0400 9540	<i>4</i> 327	1.00 25	0400 0540	173 1	1.4	Yellow**	
4-10600	10600	4808	1.00 25	10600	192.3	1.1	Red*	
4-11740	11740	5325	1.00 25	11740	213.0	1.0	Red**	
6-12600	12600	5715	1.00 25	12600	228.6	1.1	Yellow*	
6-14310	14310	6491	1.00 25	14310	259.6	1.0	Yellow**	
6-15900	15900	7212	1.00 25	15900	288.5	0.9	Red [*]	
6-17610	17610	7988	1.00 25	17610	319.5	0.8	Red**	
SLRS Size								
9-18900	18900	8573	1.00 25	18900	342.9	‡	Yellow*	
9-21465	21465	9736	1.00 25	21465	389.4	+	Yellow**	
9-23850	23850	10818	1.00 25	23850	432.7	+	Red*	

*with Red inner spring **with Green inner spring \$\$LRS-9 under test

[†]Housing load ratings expressed in G's are based on tests with bolted connections to steel top and bottom. SLRSO & SLRS housings require uniform support under entire base plate.

SPRING CHARACTERISTICS (inches and mm)

Size	OD	Height	Kx/Ky	OD/OH	((
B C	23/8 60 27/8 73	40/0 102 41/8 105	0.70-0.80 0.90-1.10	0.80 0.92	= 1

All springs have an additional travel to solid equal to 50% of the rated deflection.

Solid Spring Height = Free Height minus 1.5 times the Rated Deflection. 03/2020



Tested per OPA Standards Developed by California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development

SLRSEBP(Extended Base Plate) 1"(25mm) Defl. B, 1 - 4 Springs



Gummadi Dharma Reddy Civil Engineer

California No. 29627

YPE S	PE SLRSEBP DIMENSIONS (inches and <i>mm</i>)													
Size	Н	Т	D	Е	L	HCL	F	W	HCW	MBD				
В	9 229	3/8 10	1/2 13	11/8 <i>29</i>	13 <i>330</i>	101/2 <i>267</i>	-	5 127	-	5/8 16				
1	9 229	3/8 10	5/8 16	13/8 <i>35</i>	10 <i>254</i>	8 203	-	10 <i>254</i>	8 203	5/8 16				
2	9 229	3/8 10	5/8 16	13/8 <i>35</i>	141/2 <i>368</i>	11 295	-	12 <i>305</i>	9 229	3/4 19				
4	9 229	3/8 10	7/8 22	13/8 <i>35</i>	19 483	16 406	8 203	14 <i>356</i>	11 279	3/4 19				

Illustration at right shows a SLRSEBP-4 with four C springs. SLRSEBP-B has one B spring, SLRSEBP-1 has one C spring, and SLRSEBP-2 (not shown) has two C springs.

Housing load ratings expressed in G's are based on tests with bolted connections to steel top and bottom. SLRSEBP housings require uniform support under entire base plate.

Approval applies to mount only. Baseplate not approved. Baseplate shown is satisfactory for most installations. Anchorage and baseplate calculations are provided for all installations. Baseplate modified when required.

SLRS mounts include seismic and wind restraints with code compliant all-directional neoprene bushings and 1/4" maximum air gap.

TYPE SLRSEBP RATINGS

Size	Rated Capacity (Ibs) (kg)	Rated Defl (in) (mm)	Spring Constant (Ibs/in) <i>(kg/mm)</i>	Max. G Rating	Spring Color
B-65 B-85 B-115 B-150 B-280 B-280 B-450 B-750 B-1000	65 29 85 39 115 52 150 68 280 127 450 204 750 340 1000 454	2.10 53 2.10 53 2.00 51 2.00 51 1.60 41 1.31 33 1.12 28 1.00 25	31 0.55 40 0.74 57 1.02 75 1.33 174 3.10 344 6.18 670 12.14 1000 18.16	24.6 18.9 13.9 10.6 5.7 3.5 2.1 1.6	Brown Wht/Blk Silver Orange Green Red White Blue
1-1000 1-1350 1-1750 1-2100 1-2385 1-2650 1-2935	1000 454 1350 612 1750 794 2100 953 2385 1082 2650 1202 2935 1331	1.00 25 1.00 25 1.00 25 1.00 25 1.00 25 1.00 25 1.00 25 1.00 25	1000 18.16 1350 24.48 1750 31.76 2100 38.12 2385 43.28 2650 48.08 2935 53.24	6.0 4.4 3.4 2.8 2.5 2.3 2.0	Black Yellow Black* Yellow Yellow** Red* Red**
2-3500 2-4200 2-4770	3500 <i>1588</i> 4200 <i>1905</i> 4770 <i>2164</i>	1.00 25 1.00 25 1.00 25	3500 63.52 4200 76.20 4770 86.56	1.5 1.2 1.1	Black* Yellow* Yellow**
4-5400 4-7000 4-8400 4-9540 4-10600 4-11740	5400 2449 7000 3175 8400 3810 9540 4327 10600 4808 11740 5325	1.00 25 1.00 25 1.00 25 1.00 25 1.00 25 1.00 25	5400 97.96 7000 127.00 8400 152.40 9540 173.08 10600 192.32 11740 213.00	2.0 1.6 1.3 1.2 1.1 0.9	Yellow Black* Yellow* Yellow** Red* Red**

*with Red inner spring **with Green inner spring

SPRING CHARACTERISTICS (inches and mm)

Spring)	Free	Ratio	Ratio
Size	OD	Height	Kx/Ky	OD/OH
B	23/8 60	4 102	0.70-0.90	0.80-1.25
C	27/8 73	41/8 105	0.90-1.10	0.92

All springs have an additional travel to solid equal to 50% of the rated deflection.

Solid Spring Height = Free Height minus 1.5 times the Rated Deflection.





SLRSOEBP-2 has two C springs and SLRSEBP-9 has nine C springs and has closed sides. Not shown are SLRSOEBP-B with one B spring, SLRSOEBP-1 with one C spring and SLRSOEBP-6 with six C springs.

OSHPD Rated Load Curves (lbs kg)



Horizontal, Vertical and 45° plotted Ratings are California OSHPD allowable loads based on testing and calculations performed to meet OSHPD criteria.

To use OSHPD rated load curves:

1) Calculate Vertical and Horizontal Forces on mountings including translations and overturning moments. 2) Plot Horizontal and Vertical

Loads. The intersection must fall within the area below the OSHPD curve.

	1								
SLRSOEBP- B	9 229	3/8 10	1/2 1.3	11/8 29	13 330	101/2 267	5 127	_	5/8 16
SLRSOEBP-	9	3/8	5/8	13/8	10	8	10	8	5/8
1	229	10	16	35	254	203	254	203	16
SLRSOEBP-	9	3/8	5/8 16	13/8	141/2	11	12	9	3/4
	229	3/0	7/0	13/0	10	200	14	11	3/4
3LK30EBF- 4	229	10	22	35	482	203	356	280	19
SLRSOEBP-	101/4	1/2	1	15/8	27	12	15	12	1
	200	13	23	41	000	305	301	305	25
SLRSEBP- 9	260	5/8 16	1 25	2 51	686	12 305	19 483	16 406	25
			CEDD	DAT		" <u>25</u> mn	Dofle	otion	Sorios
TPE SLKSU		SLK	SEDP	KAII	NGST	25////	Dene	ction	Series
SLRSOEBP Size (Rated Capacit Ibs) <i>(k</i>	ty (g)	Rate Def (in) <i>(n</i>	ed I n <i>m)</i> (I	Sprin Consta bs/in)(kg	ig I ant GI g <i>/mm)</i> to	Max. H Rating o Conc	oriz. Bolted rete [†]	Spring Color
B-65 B-85	65 85	29 39	2.10 2.10	53 53	31 40	0.55 0.74	21.6 16.5	B B W	rown /ht/Blk
B-115 1	15	52	2.00	51	57	1.02	12.2	2 S	ilver
B-150 1	50	68 27	2.00	51 11	75 174	1.33	9.3		range
B-450 2	150 2	04	1.31	33	344	6.18	3.1	R	ed
B-750 7	750 <u>3</u>	40	1.12	28	670	12.1	1.9) W	/hite
B-1000 10	000 4	54	1.00	25 1	000	18.2	1.4	l B	lue
1-1000 10	000 4	54	1.00	25 1	000	18.2	4.4	l В	lack
1-1350 13	850 6	12	1.00	25 1	350	24.5	3.3	3 Y	ellow
1-1/50 1/	50 /	94	1.002	25 1	2100	37.8	2.5) B	IACK [^]
1-2385 23	85 10	82	1.00 1	25 2	2385	43.3	2.1	A Y	ellow**
1-2650 26	50 12	02	1.00	25 2	2650	48.1	1.7	Ŕ	ed*
1-2935 29	35 13	31	1.00	25 2	2935	53.2	1.5	5 R	ed**

HCL

W HCW

MBD

Т D

2-3500

2 - 4200

2-4770

4-5400

4-7000

4-8400

4-9540

4-10600

4-11740

6-12600

6-14310

6-15900

3500

4200

5400

7000

9540

10600

11740

12600

14310

15900

4770 2164

8400 3810

1588

1905

2449

3175

4327

4808

5325

5715

6491

7212

1.00 25

1.0025

1.00 25

1.00 25

1.00 25

1.00 25

1.00 25

1.00 25

1.00 25

1.00 25

1.00 25

1.00 25

3500

4200

4770

5400

7000

8400

9540

10600

11740

12600

14310

15900

63.5

76.2

86.6

98.0

127.0

152.4

173.1

192.3

213.0

228.6

259.6

288.5

1.7

14

1.3

1.7

1.3

1.1

1.0

0.9

0.8

0.8

0.7

0.65

Black*

Yellow*

Yellow*'

Yellow

Black*

Yellow*

Yellow*

Yellow* Yellow**

Red* Red**

Е

L

Red^{*} Red^{**} 6-17610 7988 1.00 25 17610 319.5 0.6 17610 SLRSEBP Size 9-18900 18900 8573 1.00 25 18900 342.9 Yellow* ‡ 9-21465 21465 9736 Yellow* 1.00 25 21465 389.4 ‡ ‡ 1.00 25 23850 9-23850 23850 10818 432.7 Red*

with Red inner spring **with Green inner spring ‡SLRSEBP-9 under test

[†]Horizontal load ratings expressed in G's are based on calculations with bolted connections to steel on top and concrete inserts on bottom. SLRSOEBP housings require uniform support under entire base plate. Solid Spring Height

All springs have an additional travel to solid equal to 50% of the rated deflection.

					Deflection.
SPRIN	<u>G CHARA</u>	CTERISTIC	CS (inches	and mm	SI RSO m
Spring)	Free	Ratio	Ratio	seismic
Size	OD	Height	Kx/Ky	OD/OH	restraints
B	23/8 60	4 102	0.70-0.80	0.80	compliant
C	27/8 73	41/8 105	0.90-1.10	0.92	neoprene

SLRSO mounts include seismic and wind restraints with code compliant all-directional neoprene bushings and 1/4" maximum air gap.

= Free Height minus 1.5 times the Rated



Tested per OPA Standards Developed by California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development

SLRS 2"(50mm) Defl. B, B2 & C2 Springs



Illustration above shows a SLRS-B housing with one B or B2 spring. SLRS-1 housing has one C2 spring.

Housing load ratings expressed in G's are based on tests with bolted connections to steel top and bottom. SLRS housings require uniform support under entire base plate.

SLRS mounts include seismic and wind restraints with code compliant all-directional neoprene bushings and 1/4" maximum air gap.



Horizontal, Vertical and 45° plotted Ratings are California OSHPD approved values having the OSHPD Anchorage Preapproval Number OPA-0194. Testing and calculations were performed to meet OSHPD criteria.

To use approved OSHPD rated load curves:

1) Calculate Vertical and Horizontal Forces on mountings including translations and overturning moments.

2) Plot Horizontal and Vertical Loads. The intersection must fall within the area below the OSHPD curve.

TYPE SLRS DIMENSIONS	(inches and mm)
-----------------------------	-----------------

				_					
Size	Н	Т	D	Е	L	HCL	W	HCW	MBD
В	85/8	1/4	1/2	11/8	81/2	7	41/4	23/4	5/8
B2	219	6	13	29	216	178	108	70	16
C2	85/8 219	1/4 6	5/8 16	13/8 <i>35</i>	91/2 241	71/2 191	51/4 133	31/2 <i>89</i>	5/8 16

TYPE SLRS RATINGS

*with Red inner spring

SLRS Size	Rated Capacity (Ibs) (kg)	Rated Defl (in) <i>(mm)</i> (Spring Constant Ibs/in)(kg/mm)	Max. G Rating	Spring Color
B-20	20 9	2.40 61	8 0.15	80.0	Tan
B-26	26 12	2.18 55	12 0.22	61.5	Wht/Blue
B-35	35 16	2.20 56	16 0.29	45.7	Purple
B-50	50 23	2.20 56	24 0.41	32.0	Wht/Red
B-65	65 29	2.10 53	31 0.55	24.6	Brown
B-85	85 39	2.10 53	40 0.74	18.8	Wht/Blk
B-115	115 52	2.00 51	57 1.02	13.9	Silver
B-150	150 68	2.00 51	75 1.33	10.7	Orange
B2-210	210 95	2.12 54	99 1.76	7.6	Silver
B2-290	290 132	2.00 51	144 2.59	5.5	Blue
B2-450 [†]	450 204	2.00 51	224 4.00	3.6	Tan
B2-680 [†]	680 308	2.00 51	340 6.04	2.4	Gray
C2-125 C2-170 C2-210 C2-260 C2-330 C2-460 C2-610 C2-880 [†] C2-1210 [†] C2-1540 [†] C2-1540 [†]	125 57 170 77 210 95 260 118 330 150 460 209 610 277 880 399 1210 549 1540 699 1870 848	2.50 64 2.40 61 2.30 58 2.20 56 2.00 51 2.00 51 2.00 51 2.00 51 2.00 51 2.00 51 2.00 51 2.00 51	50 0.89 70 1.26 90 1.64 120 2.11 165 2.94 230 4.10 305 5.43 440 7.82 605 10.76 770 13.71 935 16.63	48.0 35.0 28.3 23.0 18.0 13.0 9.8 6.8 4.9 3.9 3.2	Purple Brown Red White Black Blue Green Gray Silver Gray* Silver*

^tPublished ratings allow minimum 25% additional travel to solid. For a full 50% specified minimum use the following ratings:

Size	Derated Capacity (Ibs)(kg)	Defl. (in)(mm)	Size	Derated Capacity (Ibs) (kg)	Defl. (in)(mm)
B2-450	410 <i>186</i>	1.83 46	C2-1210	1010 458	1.67 <i>42</i>
B2-680	565 <i>256</i>	1.67 42	C2-1540	1285 583	1.67 <i>42</i>
C2-880	800 <i>363</i>	1.82 46	C2-1870	1560 708	1.67 <i>42</i>

SPRING CHARACTERISTICS (inches and mm)

Spring	OD	Free	Ratio	Ratio
Size		Height	Kx/Ky	OD/OH
B	23/8 60	4 102	0.55-0.65	0.95-1.00
B2	23/8 60	41/2 114	0.80-0.90	1.19-1.48
C2	27/8 73	5 127	0.63-0.85	0.96-1.15

All springs without "'" have an additional travel to solid equal to 50% of the rated deflection.

Solid Spring Height = Free Height minus 1.5 times the Rated Deflection except as noted.



SLRSO 2"(50mm) Defl. B, B2 & C2 Springs



Illustration above shows a SLRSO-B housing with one B or B2 spring. SLRSO-1 housing contains one C2 spring.

SLRSO mounts include seismic and wind restraints with code compliant all-directional neoprene bushings and 1/4" maximum air gap.

[†]Housing load ratings expressed in G's are based on tests with bolted connections to steel top and bottom. SLRSO housings require uniform support under entire base plate.

OSHPD Rated Load Curves (lbs kg)



Horizontal, Vertical and 45° plotted Ratings are California OSHPD allowable loads based on testing and calculations performed to meet OSHPD criteria.

To use OSHPD rated load curves:

1) Calculate Vertical and Horizontal Forces on mountings including translations and overturning moments.

2) Plot Horizontal and Vertical Loads. The intersection must fall within the area below the OSHPD curve.

TYPE SLRSO and SLRS DIMENSIONS (inches and mm)

	e una	0210	0 0 111	Elitoria	110 (1			<u> </u>	
Type & Size	Н	Т	D	Е	L	HCL	W	HCW	MBD
SLRSO-	83/4	3/8	1/2	11/8	81/2	7	41/4	23/4	5/8
В	222	10	13	29	216	178	108	70	16
SLRSO-	83/4	3/8	5/8	13/8	91/2	71/2	51/4	31/2	5/8
B2	222	10	16	35	241	191	133	89	16
SLRSO-	83/4	3/8	5/8	13/8	14	121/4	51/4	31/2	5/8
C2	222	10	16	35	356	311	133	89	16

TYPE SLRSO and SLRS RATINGS 2" 50mm Deflection Series

SLRSO Size	Rated Capacit (Ibs) <i>(k</i> g	Rated y Defl g) (in) (mm	Spring Constant) (Ibs/in)(<i>kg/mn</i>	Max. Hori Housing n) G Rating	z. Spring † Color
B-20 B-26 B-35 B-50 B-65 B-85 B-115 B-150	20 26 35 50 65 85 115	9 2.40 61 12 2.18 55 16 2.20 56 23 2.20 56 29 2.10 53 39 2.10 53 52 2.00 51 68 2.00 51	8 0.15 12 0.22 16 0.29 24 0.41 31 0.55 40 0.74 57 1.02 75 1 33	70.0 53.9 40.0 28.0 21.6 16.5 12.2 9 3	Tan Wht/Blue Purple Wht/Red Brown Wht/Blk Silver Orange
B2-210 B2-290 B2-450 ⁺⁺ B2-680 ⁺⁺	210 290 450 680 3	95 2.00 51 95 2.12 54 32 2.00 51 04 2.00 51 08 2.00 51	99 1.76 144 2.59 224 4.00 340 6.04	6.8 4.9 3.2 2.1	Silver Blue Tan Gray
C2-125 C2-170 C2-210 C2-260 C2-330 C2-460 C2-610 C2-880 ⁺⁺ C2-1210 ⁺⁺ C2-1540 ⁺⁺ C2-1540 ⁺⁺	125 ; 170 ; 260 1 ; 330 1; 460 2; 610 2; 880 3; 1210 5; 1540 6; 1870 8;	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	50 0.89 70 1.26 90 1.64 120 2.11 165 2.94 230 4.10 305 5.43 440 7.82 605 10.8 770 13.7 935 16.6	38.4 28.2 22.8 18.5 14.5 10.4 7.9 5.5 4.0 3.1 2.6	Purple Brown Red White Black Blue Green Gray Silver Gray* Silver*

*with Red inner spring

⁺⁺ Published ratings allow minimum	25% additional travel to solid.
For a full 50% specified minimum	n use the following ratings:

Size	Derated Capacity (Ibs)(kg)	Defl. (in)(mm)	Size	Derated Capacity (Ibs) (kg)	Defl. (in)(mm)
B2-450	410 <i>186</i>	1.83 46	C2-1210	1010 458	1.67 <i>42</i>
B2-680	565 <i>256</i>	1.67 42	C2-1540	1285 583	1.67 <i>42</i>
C2-880	800 <i>363</i>	1.82 46	C2-1870	1560 708	1.67 <i>42</i>

SPRING CHARACTERISTICS (inches and mm)

Spring)	Free	Ratio	Ratio
Size	OD	Height	Kx/Ky	OD/OH
B	23/8 60	4 102	0.55-0.65	0.95-1.00
B2	23/8 60	41/2 114	0.80-0.90	1.19-1.48
C2	27/8 73	5 127	0.63-0.85	0.96-1.15

All springs without "⁺⁺" have an additional travel to solid equal to 50% of the rated deflection.

an Solid Spring Height = Free al Height minus 1.5 times the n. Rated Deflection. 03/2020



Tested per OPA Standards Developed by California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development
SLRSEBP(Extended Base Plate) 2"(50mm) Defl. B, B2 & C2 Springs



Approval applies to mount only. Baseplate not approved. Baseplate shown is satisfactory for most installations. Anchorage and baseplate calculations are provided for all installations. Baseplate modified when required.

OSHPD OPA-194 Rated Load Curves (lbs kg)



Horizontal, Vertical and 45° plotted Ratings are California OSHPD approved values having the OSHPD Anchorage Preapproval Number OPA-0194. Testing and calculations were performed to meet OSHPD criteria.

To use approved OSHPD rated load curves:

1) Calculate Vertical and Horizontal Forces on mountings including translations and overturning moments.

2) Plot Horizontal and Vertical Loads. The intersection must fall within the area below the OSHPD curve.



TYPE SLRSEBP DIMENSIONS (inches and mm)

					nunes	anu	/ /)		
Size	Н	Т	D	Е	L	HCL	W	HCW	MBD
B &	9	3/8	1/2	11/8	13	101/2	5	-	5/8
B2	229	10	13	<i>29</i>	<i>330</i>	<i>267</i>	127		16
C2	9	3/8	5/8	13/8	10	8	10	8	5/8
	229	10	16	35	<i>254</i>	203	<i>254</i>	203	16

Housing load ratings expressed in G's are based on tests with bolted connections to steel top and bottom. SLRSEBP housings require uniform support under entire base plate. Tests were run with one bolt in top plate.

SLRS mounts include seismic and wind restraints with code compliant all-directional neoprene bushings and $1/4"\,maximum$ air gap.

*with Red inner spring **TYPE SLRSEBP RATINGS** Spring Rated Rated Max. Capacity Defl Constant G Spring Size (lbs) (kg) (in) (mm) (lbs/in) (kg/mm) Rating Ċolor B-20 20 9 2.40 61 8 0.15 80.0 Tan B-26 26 12 2.18 55 12 0.22 Wht/Blue 61.5 B-35 35 16 2.20 56 16 0.29 45.7 Purple 50 23 2.20 56 24 0.41 B-50 32.0 Wht/Red B-65 65 29 2.10 53 31 0.55 24.6 Brown 85 39 2.10 53 40 0.74 B-85 18.8 Wht/Blk 115 52 2.00 51 57 1.02 B-115 13.9 Silver B-150 150 68 2.00 51 75 1.33 Orange 10.7 **2.12** *54* **2.00** *51* 99 1.76 144 2.59 B2-210 210 95 7.6 Silver B2-290 290 132 5.5 Blue 2.00 51 2.00 51 B2-450⁺ 450 204 224 4.00 3.6 Tan 680 308 **340** 6.04 Gray B2-680 2.4 **125** 57 **170** 77 2.50 64 50 0.89 Purple C2-125 48.0 2.40 61 C2-170 **70** 1.26 35.0 Brown 2.30 58 2.20 56 2.00 51 90 1.64 120 2.11 165 2.94 230 4.10 210 95 C2-210 28.3 Red **260** *118* **330** *150* C2-260 23.0 White C2-330 18.0 Black 2.00 51 460 209 610 277 C2-460 13.0 Blue **305** *5.43* **440** *7.82* C2-610 2.00.51 9.8 Green 880 399 2.00 51 C2-880¹ 6.8 Gray 1210 549 C2-1210⁺ 2.00 51 605 10.76 4.9 Silver C2-1540 1540 699 2 00 51 770 13.71 3.9 Gray 2.00 51 Silver* 935 16.63 3.2 C2-1870 1870 848

¹Published ratings allow minimum 25% additional travel to solid. For a full 50% specified minimum use the following ratings:

Size	Derated Capacity (lbs)(<i>kg</i>)	Defl. (in)(<i>mm</i>)	Size	Derated Capacity (Ibs) (<i>kg</i>)	Defl. (in)(<i>mm</i>)
B2-450	410 <i>186</i>	1.83 46	C2-1210	1010 458	1.67 <i>42</i>
B2-680	565 <i>256</i>	1.67 42	C2-1540	1285 583	1.67 <i>42</i>
C2-880	800 <i>363</i>	1.82 46	C2-1870	1560 708	1.67 <i>42</i>

SPRING CHARACTERISTICS (inches and mm)

Spring	OD	Free	Ratio	Ratio
Size		Height	Kx/Ky	OD/OH
B	23/8 60	4 102	0.55-0.65	0.95-1.00
B2	23/8 60	41/2 114	0.80-0.90	1.19-1.48
C2	27/8 73	5 127	0.63-0.85	0.96-1.15

All springs without "t" have an additional travel to solid equal to 50% of the rated deflection.

Solid Spring Height = Free Height minus 1.5 times the Rated Deflection except as noted.



SLRSOEBP(Extended Base Plate) 2"(50mm) Defl. B, B2 & C2 Springs

Type & Size

SI RSOFBP-

B & B2

SLRSOEBP-

C2

SLRSOEBP

Size

B-20

Н

9

229

9

229

Rated

Capacity

(lbs) (kg)

20

26

Т

3/8

10

3/8

10

9



26	12	2.18 55	12	0.22	53.9	Wht/Blue
35	16	2.20 56	16	0.29	40.0	Purple
50	23	2.20 56	24	0.41	28.0	Wht/Rec
65	29	2.10 53	31	0.55	21.6	Brown
85	39	2.10 53	40	0.74	16.5	Wht/Blk
115	52	2.00 51	57	1.02	12.2	Silver
150	68	2.00 51	75	1.33	6.8	Orange
210	95	2.12 54	99	1.76	9.3	Silver
290	132	2.00 51	144	2.59	4.9	Blue
450	204	2.00 51	224	4.00	3.2	Tan
680	308	2.00 51	340	6.04	2.1	Gray
125	57	2.50 64	50	0.89	35.5	Purple
170	77	2.40 61	70	1.26	26.1	Brown
210	95	2.30 58	90	1.64	21.1	Red
260	118	2.20 56	120	2.11	17.1	White
330	150	2.00 51	165	2.94	13.5	Black
460	209	2.00 51	230	4.10	9.6	Blue
610	277	2.00 51	305	5.43	7.3	Green
880	399	2.00 51	440	7.82	5.0	Gray
1210	549	2.00 51	605	10.8	3.7	Silver
1540	699	2.00 51	770	13.7	2.9	Gray*
	26 35 50 65 85 115 210 290 450 680 125 170 210 260 330 460 610 880 1210 250 1240	$\begin{array}{ccccc} 26 & 12 \\ 35 & 16 \\ 50 & 23 \\ 65 & 29 \\ 85 & 39 \\ 115 & 52 \\ 150 & 68 \\ 210 & 95 \\ 290 & 132 \\ 450 & 204 \\ 680 & 308 \\ 125 & 57 \\ 170 & 77 \\ 210 & 95 \\ 260 & 118 \\ 330 & 150 \\ 460 & 209 \\ 610 & 277 \\ 880 & 399 \\ 1210 & 549 \\ 1540 & 699 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

935

16.6

TYPE SLRSOEBP and SLRSEBP DIMENSIONS (inches and mm)

29

TYPE SLRSOEBP and SLRSEBP RATINGS 2" 50mm Deflection Series

D Е

1/211/8

13

5/8 13/8

16 35

Rated

Defl

2.40 61

HCL

101/2

267

8

203

W

5

127

10

254

Max. Horiz.

70.0

Constant G Rating Bolted

L

13

330

10

254

8 0 15

Spring

(in) (mm) (lbs/in)(kg/mm) to Concrete[†]

HCW MBD

8

203

5/8

16

5/8

16

Spring

Ċolor

Wht/Blue

Tan

Silver*

2.4

with Red inner spring

1870 848

C2-1870⁺⁺

SLRSOEBP mounts include seismic and wind restraints with code compliant all-directional neoprene bushings and 1/4" maximum air gap.

2.00 51

^{††} Published ratings allow minimum 25% additional travel to sol	id.
For a full 50% specified minimum use the following ratings:	

Size	Derated Capacity (lbs)(kg)	Defl. (in)(<i>mm</i>)	Size	Derated Capacity (lbs) (<i>kg</i>)	Defl. (in)(<i>mm</i>)
B2-450	410 <i>186</i>	1.83 46	C2-1210	1010 458	1.67 <i>42</i>
B2-680	565 <i>256</i>	1.67 42	C2-1540	1285 583	1.67 <i>42</i>
C2-880	800 <i>363</i>	1.82 46	C2-1870	1560 708	1.67 <i>42</i>

SPRING CHARACTERISTICS (inches and mm)

-				
Spring)	Free	Ratio	Ratio
Size	OD	Height	Kx/Ky	OD/OH
B	23/8 60	4 102	0.55-0.65	0.95-1.00
B2	23/8 60	41/2 114	0.80-0.90	1.19-1.48
C2	27/8 73	5 127	0.63-0.85	0.96-1.15

All springs without "tt" have an additional travel to solid equal to 50% of the rated deflection.

Solid Spring Height = Free Height minus 1.5 times the Rated Deflection.

03/2020



[†]Horizontal load ratings expressed in G's are based on calculations with bolted connections to steel on top and concrete inserts on bottom. SLRSOEBP housings require uniform support under entire base plate.

OSHPD Rated Load Curves (lbs kg)



Horizontal, Vertical and 45° plotted Ratings are California OSHPD allowable loads based on testing and calculations performed to meet OSHPD criteria.

To use OSHPD rated load curves:

1) Calculate Vertical and Horizontal Forces on mountings including translations and overturning moments.

2) Plot Horizontal and Vertical Loads. The intersection must fall within the area below the OSHPD curve.

Tested per OPA Standards Developed by California Office of Statewide **Health Planning and Development**

SLRS 2"(50mm) Defl. 2-C2, 4-C2 Springs



Illustration above shows a SLRS-4-C2 housing with four C2 springs. Not shown are SLRS-2-C2 with two C2 springs.

Housing load ratings expressed in G's are based on tests with bolted connections to steel top and bottom. SLRS housings require uniform support under entire base plate. Test were run with one bolt in top plate.

SLRS mounts include seismic and wind restraints with code compliant all-directional neoprene bushings and 1/4" maximum air gap.

OSHPD OPA-194 Horizontal, Vertical and Rated Load Curves (lbs kg) 45° plotted Ratings are California 14928 *6785* OSHPD approved values having 14511 the OSHPD Anchorage Preapproval Number OPA-0194. Testing and calculations were performed to meet SLRS-4 OSHPD criteria. AS ATIS To use approved OSHPD rated load curves: 5955 2701 1) Calculate Vertical and Horizontal 5809 Forces on mountings including translations and overturning moments. SLRS-2 2) Plot Horizontal and Vertical Loads. The intersection must fall within the 11028 5013 6520 2957 HORIZONTAL area below the OSHPD curve. MASON INDUSTRIES, Inc. Manufacturers of Vibration Control Products 350 Rabro Drive Hauppauge, NY 11788

631/348-0282

FAX 631/348-0279

Gummadi Dharma Reddy Civil Engineer

California No. 29627

Page

FM50

TYPE SLRS DIMENSIONS (inches and mm)

Size	Н	Т	D	Е	L	HCL	W	HCW	MBD
2-C2	85/8	1/4	5/8	13/8	14	121/4	51/4	31/2	5/8
	219	6	16	35	356	<i>311</i>	<i>133</i>	<i>89</i>	16
4-C2	85/8	1/4	7/8	13/8	13	11	83/8	61/4	3/4
	219	6	22	<i>35</i>	<i>330</i>	279	213	159	19

TYPE SLRS RATINGS

SLRS Size	Rated Capacity (Ibs) (kg)	Rated Defl (in) (mm)	Spring Constant (Ibs/in) <i>(kg/mm)</i>	Max. G Rating	Spring Color
2-C2-340	340 154	2.40 61	140 2.52	15.3	Brown
2-C2-420	420 191	2.30 58	180 3.29	12.4	Red
2-C2-520	520 236	2.20 56	240 4.21	10.0	White
2-C2-660	660 299	2.00 51	330 5.86	7.9	Black
2-C2-920	920 417	2.00 51	460 8.18	5.7	Blue
2-C2-1220 2-C2-1760 [†] 2-C2-2420 [†] 2-C2-3080 [†] 2-C2-3740 [†]	1220 553 1760 798 2420 1098 3080 1397 3740 1696	2.00 51 2.00 51 2.00 51 2.00 51 2.00 51 2.00 51	610 10.84 880 15.65 1210 21.53 1540 27.39 1870 33.24	4.3 3.0 2.2 1.7 1.4	Green Gray Silver Gray [*] Silver [*]
4-C2-4840 [†]	4840 2195	2.00 51	2420 43.04	2.3	Silver
4-C2-6160 [†]	6160 2794	2.00 51	3080 54.78	1.8	Gray*
4-C2-7480 [†]	7480 3393	2.00 51	3740 66.53	1.5	Silver*

*with Red inner spring

[†]Published ratings allow minimum 25% additional travel to solid. For a full 50% specified minimum use the following ratings:

Size	Defl. (in) (<i>mm</i>)		
2-C2-1760 2-C2-2420	1600 2020	726 916	1.67 <i>42</i> 1.67 <i>42</i>
2-C2-3080 2-C2-3740	2570 3120	1166 1415 1922	1.67 42 1.67 42
4-C2-4840 4-C2-6160 4-C2-7480	4040 5145 6245	2334 2833	1.67 42 1.67 42 1.67 42

SPRING CHARACTERISTICS (inches and mm)

Spring)	Free	Ratio	Ratio
Size	OD	Height	Kx/Ky	OD/OH
C2	27/8 73	5 <i>127</i>	0.63-0.85	0.96-1.15

All springs without "+" have an additional travel to solid equal to 50% of the rated deflection.

Solid Spring Height = Free Height minus 1.5 times the Rated Deflection except as noted.



SLRSO 2"(*50mm*) Defl. 2-C2, 4-C2, 6-C2 & 9-C2 Springs

"D" Tap- 4 Holes. Load Ratings are based on bolting to two opposed holes *=



Illustration above shows a SLRSO-4-C2 housing with four C springs. SLRS-9-C2 has nine C2 springs and has closed sides. Not shown are SLRSO-2-C2 with two C2 springs and SLRSO-6-C2 with six C2 springs.

SLRSO mounts include seismic and wind restraints with code compliant all-directional neoprene bushings and 1/4" maximum air gap.

in pad is removed.

SLRS-9-C2

SLRSO-	83/4	3/8	5/8	13/8	14	121/4	51/4 133	31/2	5/8
2-02		10	-10		550	511	155	03	10
SLRSO-	83/4	3/8	7/8	13/8	133/4	11	8	61/4	3/4
4-C2	222	10	22	35	350	279	203	159	19
SLRSO-	93/4	3/8	1	15/8	19	157/8	9	6	1
<u>6-C2</u>	248	10	25	41	483	403	229	152	25
SLRS-	93/4	5/8	1	2	18	153/4	13	103/4	1
9-C2	248	16	25	51	457	400	330	273	25
YPE SLRS	O and	SLR	SRA	TINGS	2 " 50)mm De	eflectio	n Serie	es
	I	Rated		Rated	S	nrina	Max H	loriz	
SI BSO	Ċ	anaci	tv	Defl	Co	nstant	Hous	ing Sn	rina
Size	(os) (k	g) (i	n) <i>(mm)</i>) (Ibs/in	i)(kg/mm	i) G Rat	ing [†] Co	olor
					<u> </u>		,		

TYPE SLRSO and SLRS DIMENSIONS (inches and mm)

Е

L HCL

W

ΤD

Type & Size H

	() (-)	() ()	,			-
2-C2-340	340 154	2.40 61	140	2.52	17.7	Brown
2-C2-420	420 191	2.30 58	180	3.29	14.3	Red
2-C2-520	520 236	2.20 56	240	4.21	11.6	White
2-C2-660	660 299	2.00 51	330	5.86	9.1	Black
2-C2-920	920 417	2.00 51	460	8.18	6.5	Blue
2-C2-1220	1220 553	2.00 51	610	10.8	4.9	Green
2-C2-1760 ⁺⁺	1760 798	2.00 51	880	15.7	3.4	Gray
2-C2-2420 ⁺⁺	2420 1098	2.00 51	1210	21.5	2.5	Silver
2-C2-3080 ⁺⁺	3080 1397	2.00 51	1540	27.4	1.9	Grav*
2-C2-3740 ⁺⁺	3740 1696	2.00 51	1870	33.2	1.6	Silver*
4-C2-4840 ^{††}	4840 2195	2.00 51	2420	43.0	2.4	Silver
4-C2-6160 ⁺⁺	6160 2794	2.00 51	3080	54.8	1.9	Grav*
4-C2 7480 ^{††}	7480 3393	2.00 51	3740	66.5	1.6	Silver*
6-C2-7260 ⁺⁺	7260 3293	2.00 51	3630	64.6	1.9	Silver
6-C2-9240 ⁺⁺	9240 4191	2.00 51	4620	82.2	1.5	Grav*
6-C2-11220 ⁺⁺	11220 5089	2.00 51	5610	99.8	1.3	Silver*
SLRS Size						
9-C2-13860 ⁺⁺	13860 6287	2.00 51	6930	123.2	t	Grav*
9-C2-16830 ⁺⁺	16830 7634	2.00 51	8415	149.7	ŧ	Silver*
*with Red inne	er spring			±:	SLRS-9	under test

[†]Housing load ratings expressed in G's are based on tests with bolted connections to steel top and bottom. SLRSO & SLRS housings require uniform support under entire base plate.

OSHPD Rated Load Curves (lbs kg)



Horizontal, Vertical and 45° plotted Ratings are California OSHPD allowable loads based on testing and calculations performed to meet OSHPD criteria.

To use OSHPD rated load curves:

1) Calculate Vertical and Horizontal Forces on mountings including translations and overturning moments.

2) Plot Horizontal and Vertical Loads. The intersection must fall within the area below the OSHPD curve. ¹¹Published ratings allow minimum 25% additional travel to solid. For a full 50% specified minimum use the following ratings:

50% Travel to Solid			50% Travel to Solid			
SLRSO	Capacity	Defl.	SLRSO	Capacity	Defl.	
Size	(IDS) (<i>KG</i>)	(In)(<i>mm</i>)	Size	(IDS) (<i>KG</i>)	(In) (<i>mm</i>)	
2-C2-1760	1600 726	1.67 42	4-C2-7480	6245 2833	1.67 42	
2-C2-2420	2020 916	1.67 42	6-C2-7260	6060 <i>2749</i>	1.67 42	
2-C2-3080	2570 1166	1.67 42	6-C2-9240	7715 3500	1.67 42	
2-C2-3740	3120 1415	1.67 <i>42</i>	6-C2-11220	9370 <i>4250</i>	1.67 <i>42</i>	
4-C2-4840	4040 1833	1.67 <i>42</i>	9-C2-13860	11570 <i>5248</i>	1.67 <i>42</i>	
4-C2-6160	5145 2334	1.67 42	9-C2-16830	14050 <i>6373</i>	1.67 42	

SPRING CHARACTERISTICS (inches and mm)

Spring Size	OD	Free Height	Ratio Kx/Ky	Ratio OD/OH
C2	27/8 73	5 127	0.63-0.85	0.96-1.15

All springs without "tt" have an additional travel to solid equal to 50% of the rated deflection.

Solid Spring Height = Free Height minus 1.5 times the Rated Deflection.

03/2020

HCW MBD



Tested per OPA Standards Developed by California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development

SLRSEBP(Extended Base Plate) 2"(50mm) Defl. 2-C2 & 4-C2 Springs



Approval applies to mount only. Baseplate not approved. Baseplate shown is satisfactory for most installations. Anchorage and baseplate calculations are provided for all installations. Baseplate modified when required.

OSHPD OPA-194 Rated Load Curves (lbs kg)



Horizontal, Vertical and 45° plotted Ratings are California OSHPD approved values having the OSHPD Anchorage Preapproval Number OPA-0194. Testing and calculations were performed to meet OSHPD criteria.

To use approved OSHPD rated load curves:

1) Calculate Vertical and Horizontal Forces on mountings including translations and overturning moments.

2) Plot Horizontal and Vertical Loads. The intersection must fall within the area below the OSHPD curve.

TYPE SLRSEBP DIMENSIONS (inches and mm)

Size	Н	Т	D	Е	L	HCL	F	W	HCW	MBD
2-C2	9 229	3/8 10	5/8 16	13/8 35	141/2 <i>368</i>	11 295	-	12 <i>305</i>	9 229	3/4 19
4-C2	9 229	3/8 10	7/8 22	13/8 <i>35</i>	19 <i>483</i>	16 406	8 203	14 <i>356</i>	11 279	3/4 19

Illustration at left shows a SLRSEBP-4 with 4 C2 springs. Not shown is SLRSEBP-2 with two C2 springs.

Housing load ratings expressed in G's are based on tests with bolted connections to steel top and bottom. SLRSEBP housings require uniform support under entire base plate. Tests were run with one bolt in top plate.

SLRS mounts include seismic and wind restraints with code compliant all-directional neoprene bushings and 1/4" maximum air gap.

TYPE SLRSEBP RATINGS

Size	Rated Capacity (Ibs) <i>(kg)</i>	Rated Defl (in) <i>(mm)</i>	Spring Constant (Ibs/in)(kg/mm)	Max. G Rating	Spring Color
2-C2-340	340 154	2.40 61	140 2.52	15.3	Brown
2-C2-420	420 191	2.30 58	180 3.29	12.4	Red
2-C2-520	520 236	2.20 56	240 4.21	10.0	White
2-C2-660	660 299	2.00 51	330 5.86	7.9	Black
2-C2-920	920 417	2.00 51	460 8.18	5.7	Blue
2-C2-1220	1220 553	2.00 51	610 10.84	4.3	Green
2-C2-1760 [†]	1760 798	2.00 51	880 15.65	3.0	Gray
2-C2-2420 [†]	2420 1098	2.00 51	1210 21.53	2.2	Silver
2-C2-3080 [†]	3080 1397	2.00 51	1540 27.39	1.7	Gray [*]
2-C2-3740 [†]	3740 1696	2.00 51	1870 33.24	1.4	Silver [*]
4-C2-4840 [†]	4840 2195	2.00 51	2420 <i>43.04</i>	2.3	Silver
4-C2-6160 [†]	6160 2794	2.00 51	3080 <i>54.78</i>	1.8	Gray*
4-C2 7480 [†]	7480 3393	2.00 51	3740 <i>66.53</i>	1.5	Silver*

*with Red inner spring

^tPublished ratings allow minimum 25% additional travel to solid. For a full 50% specified minimum use the following ratings:

Size	Derated Capacity (Ibs) (<i>kg</i>)	Defl. (in)(<i>mm</i>)	Size	Derated Capacity (Ibs) (<i>kg</i>)	Defl. (in) (<i>mm</i>)
2-C2-1760 2-C2-2420 2-C2-3080 2-C2-3740	1600 726 2020 916 2570 1166 3120 1415	1.67 <i>42</i> 1.67 <i>42</i> 1.67 <i>42</i> 1.67 <i>42</i>	4-C2-4840 4-C2-6160 4-C2-7480	4040 1833 5145 2334 6245 2833	1.67 42 1.67 42 1.67 42

SPRING CHARACTERISTICS (inches and mm)

Spring	OD	Free	Ratio	Ratio
Size		Height	Kx/Ky	OD/OH
C2	27/8 73	5 127	0.63-0.85	0.96-1.15

All springs without "'" have an additional travel to solid equal to 50% of the rated deflection.

Solid Spring Height = Free Height minus 1.5 times the Rated Deflection except as noted.







SLRSOEBP (Extended Base Plate) 2"(50mm) Defl. 2-C2, 4-C2, 6-C2 & 9-C2 Springs

6-C2-7260**

6-C2-9240⁺⁺

7260 3293

9240 4191



SLRSOEBP-2-C2 has two C2 springs and SLRSEBP-9-C2 has nine C2 springs and has closed sides. Not shown is SLRSOEBP-6-C2 with six C2 springs.

OSHPD Rated Load Curves (lbs kg)



Horizontal, Vertical and 45° plotted Ratings are California OSHPD allowable loads based on testing and calculations performed to meet OSHPD criteria.

To use OSHPD rated load curves:

1) Calculate Vertical and Horizontal Forces on mountings including translations and overturning moments.

Plot Horizontal and Vertical Loads. The intersection must fall within the area below the OSHPD curve.

TYPE SLRSO	FYPE SLRSOEBP and SLRSEBP DIMENSIONS (inches and mm)								
Type & Size	Н	Т	D	Е	L	HCL	W	HCW	MBD
SLRSOEBP-	9	3/8	5/8	13/8	141/:	2 11	11	9	3/4
2-C2	229	10	16	35	368	280	280	229	19
SLRSOEBP-	9	3/8	7/8	13/8	19	8	14	11	3/4
4-C2	229	10	22	35	482	203	356	280	19
SLRSOEBP-	101/4	1/2	1	15/8	27	12	15	12	1
6-C2	260	13	25	41	686	305	381	305	25
SLRSEBP-	101/4	5/8	1	2	27	12	19	16	1
9-C2	260	16	25	51	686	305	483	406	25
TYPE SLRSO	EBP ar	nd SLF	RSEE	BP R	ATING	S 2 " 50)mm De	flectio	n Serie
	R	ated	Ra	ated	Sp	oring	Max. H	loriz.	
SLRSOEBP	Caj	oacity	D	efl	Cor	istant	G Rating	Bolted	Spring
Size	(lbs)) (kg)	(in)	(mm)) (Ibs/in)	(kg/mm)	to Con	crete [†]	Color
2-C2-340	340	154	2.40) 61	140	2.52	17.	7	Brown
2-C2-420	420	191	2.30) 58	180	3.29	14.	3	Red
2-C2-520	520	236	2.20) 56	240	4.21	11.	6	White
2-C2-660	660	299	2.00) 51	330	5.86	9.	1	Black
2-C2-920	920	417	2.00) 51	460	8.18	6.	5	Blue
2-C2-1220	1220	553	2.00) 51	610	10.8	4.	9	Green
2-C2-1760 [™]	1760	798	2.00) 51	880	15.7	3.	4	Gray
2-C2-2420	2420	1098	2.00) 51	1210	21.5	2.	5	Silver
2-02-3080	3080	1397	2.00) 51) 51	1540	27.4 33.2	1. 1	9	Gray Silver*
4-C2-4840 ⁺⁺	4840	2195	2.00) 51	2420	43.0	1.	9	Silver
4-C2-6160 ⁺⁺	6160	2794	2.00	51	3080	54.8	1.	5	Grav*
4-C2 7480 ⁺⁺	7480	3393	2.00) 51	3740	66.5	1.	2	Silvér*

Silver* 6-C2-11220**11220 5089 2.00 51 5610 99.8 0.9 SLRSEBP Size 2.00 *51* 6930 *123.2* 2.00 *51* 8415 *149.7* 9-C2-13860**13860 6287 Gray* ‡ ± 9-C2-16830⁺⁺16830 7634 Silver* with Red inner spring **‡SLRSEBP-9** under test

2.00 51

2.00 51

Horizontal load ratings expressed in G's are based on calculations with bolted connections to steel on top and concrete inserts on bottom. SLRSOEBP housings require uniform support under entire base plate.

3740

3630

4620

64.6

82.2

Silver*

Silver

Gray*

03/2020

1.4

1.1

⁺⁺Published ratings allow minimum 25% additional travel to solid. For a full 50% specified minimum use the following ratings:

50% Travel to Solid			50% Travel to Solid				
SLRSO	Capacity	Defl.	SLRSO	Capacity	Defl.		
Size	(lbs) (<i>kg</i>)	(in)(<i>mm</i>)	Size	(lbs) (<i>kg</i>)	(in) (<i>mm</i>)		
2-C2-1760	1600 726	1.67 42	4-C2-7480	6245 2833	1.67 42		
2-C2-2420	2020 916	1.67 42	6-C2-7260	6060 <i>2749</i>	1.67 42		
2-C2-3080	2570 1166	1.67 42	6-C2-9240	7715 3500	1.67 42		
2-C2-3740	3120 1415	1.67 42	6-C2-11220	9370 4250	1.67 42		
4-C2-4840	4040 <i>1833</i>	1.67 42	9-C2-13860	11570 5248	1.67 42		
4-C2-6160	5145 <i>2334</i>	1.67 42	9-C2-16830	14050 6373	1.67 42		

SPRING CHARACTERISTICS (inches and mm)

Spring Free Ratio Ratio Size OD Height Kx/Ky OD/OH C2 27/8 73 5 127 0.63-0.85 0.96-1.15

All springs without "++" have an additional travel to solid equal to 50% of the rated deflection.

Solid Spring Height = Free Height minus 1.5 times the Rated Deflection. SLRSOEBP mounts include seismic and wind restraints with code compliant all-directional neoprene bushings and 1/4" maximum air gap.



Tested per OPA Standards Developed by California Office of Statewide **Health Planning and Development**

SSLFH-X 1" (25mm) Defl.



OSHPD OPA-0199 Rated Load Curves (lbs kg)[†]

Horizontal and Vertical plotted Ratings are California OSHPD

approved values having the OSHPD Anchorage

Preapproval Number OPA-

0199. Testing and calculations were performed to meet OSHPD criteria.

To use approved OSHPD

1) Calculate Vertical and

Horizontal Forces on mount-

ings including translations

and overturning moments. 2) Plot Horizontal Load vs

Vertical Load. The point must

fall within the area below the

rated load curves:

OSHPD curve.



[†]For kN divide kg by 102

Mounts are galvanized.

TYPE SSLFH RATINGS

Size	Rated Capacity (Ibs) (kg)	Rated Defl (in)(mm)	Spring Constant (lbs/in)(kg/mm)	Spring Color/) Stripe	Max. G Rating [‡]
SSLFH-X-23	23 10	1.30 <i>33</i>	18 0.33	Brown	15.7
SSLFH-X-33	33 15	1.10 <i>28</i>	30 0.55	Red	10.9
SSLFH-X-54	54 24	1.20 30	45 0.82	White	6.7
SSLFH-X-76	76 34	1.02 26	73 1.32	Black	4.7
SSLFH-X-113	113 <i>51</i>	1.00 25	113 2.06	Yellow	3.2
SSLFH-X-130	130 59	1.00 25	130 2.37	Purple	2.8
SSLFH-X-175	175 79	1.00 25	175 3.19	Silver	2.1
SSLFH-X-210	210 <i>95</i>	1.00 <i>25</i>	210 <i>3.82</i>	Blue	1.7

[‡]Horizontal G Ratings are for quick reference only– Use OSHPD Rated Load Curves.



SPRING DATA

Size	Spring OD	Free Ht.	Ratio	Ratio
	(in) (mm)	(in) (mm)	Kx/Ky	OD/OH
23-130	11/2 <i>38</i>	23/8 60	0.70-0.90	0.88-1.25
125-220	11/2 <i>38</i>	25/8 67	0.75	0.92-1.00

SSLFH-X mounts include seismic and wind restraints with code compliant all-directional neoprene bushings and $1/4"\,$ maximum air gap.

SSLFH 1" (25mm) Defl.



AS ANIS 6600 SSLFH-B 2994 4050 SSLFH-A 183 2150

975

748 1406 1724

SSLFH-C

Horizontal, Vertical and 45° plotted Ratings are California OSHPD approved values having the OSHPD Anchorage Preapproval Number OPA-0198. Testing and calculations were performed to meet OSHPD criteria.

To use approved OSHPD rated load curves:

1) Calculate Vertical and Horizontal Forces on mountings including translations and overturning moments. 2) Plot Horizontal Load vs Vertical Load. The point must fall within the area below the OSHPD curve.

[†]For kN divide kg by 102

SSLFH mounts include seismic and wind restraints with code compliant all-directional neoprene bushings and 1/4" maximum air gap.

TYPE SSLFH RATINGS

Size	Rated	Rated	Spring	Spring Max.
	Capacity	Defl	Constant	Color/ G
	(Ibs) (kg)	(in) (mm)	(Ibs/in)(kg/mm)Stripe Rating [‡]
SSLFH-A-45 SSLFH-A-75 SSLFH-A-125 SSLFH-A-200 SSLFH-A-310 SSLFH-A-400 SSLFH-A-510 SSLFH-A-625	45 20 75 34 125 57 200 91 310 141 400 181 510 231 625 283	1.60 41 1.50 38 1.33 34 1.15 29 1.00 25 1.00 25 1.00 25 1.00 25 1.00 25	28 0.5 50 0.9 94 1.7 174 3.1 310 5.6 400 7.2 510 9.2 625 11.3	Blue37.8Orange22.7Brown13.6Black8.5Yellow5.5Green4.3Red3.3White2.7
SSLFH-B-65	65 29	2.10 53	31 0.6	Brown 47.7 White [‡] 36.5 Silver 27.0 Orange 20.7 Green 11.1 Red 6.9 White 4.1 Blue 3.1 Gray 2.5 Black 1.9
SSLFH-B-85	85 39	2.10 53	40 0.7	
SSLFH-B-150	115 52	2.00 51	57 1.0	
SSLFH-B-280	150 68	2.00 51	75 1.3	
SSLFH-B-450	280 127	1.60 41	174 3.1	
SSLFH-B-450	450 204	1.31 33	344 6.2	
SSLFH-B-750	750 340	1.12 28	670 12.1	
SSLFH-B-1000	1000 454	1.00 25	1000 18.2	
SSLFH-B-1250	1250 567	1.00 25	1250 22.7	
SSLFH-B-1650	1650 748	1.00 25	1650 30.0	
SSLFH-C-1000 SSLFH-C-1350 SSLFH-C-1750 SSLFH-C-2100 SSLFH-C-2385 SSLFH-C-2650 SSLFH-C-2935	1000454135061217507942100953238510822650120229351331	1.00 25 1.00 25 1.00 25 1.00 25 1.00 25 1.00 25 1.00 25	1000 18.2 1350 24.5 1750 31.8 2100 38.1 2385 43.3 2650 48.1 2935 53.2	Black 3.8 Yellow 2.8 Black* 2.2 Yellow* 1.8 Yellow** 1.6 Red* 1.4 Red** 1.3

[‡]with Black stripe ^{*}with Red inner spring ^{**}with Green inner spring [‡]Horizontal G Ratings are for quick reference only - Use OSHPD Rated

TYPE SSLFH DIMENSIONS (inches mm)

Size	А	В	С	D	Е	F	J	K	L	М	Op Ht
SSLFH-A	1/4 6	4 102	61/4 <i>159</i>	43/4 121	4 102	11/8 29	3/4 19	1/2 13	3/8- 16UNC	3/4 19	6 152
SSLFH-B	1/2 13	6 152	91/4 235	71/2 191	51/2 <i>140</i>	15/8 41	3/4 19	5/8 16	1/2- 13UNC	7/8 22	71/2 191
SSLFH-C	1/2 13	7 178	11 279	9 229	6 152	2 51	7/8 22	3/4 19	5/8- 11UNC	1 25	8 203

SPRING DATA

Size	Spring OD	Free	Ht.	Ratio	Ratio
	(in) (mm)	(in)	<i>(mm)</i>	Kx/Ky	OD/OH
A-45-400	13/4 44	3	76	0.70-0.90	0.88-1.25
A-510-625	13/4 44	31/8-33/8	79-86	0.50-0.60	0.74-0.82
B	23/8 60	4	102	0.65-0.90	0.76-1.25
C	27/8 73	41/8	105	0.90-1.00	0.92



SPRING DA					
	Spring OD	Free	Ht.	Ratio	Ratio
Size	(in) (<i>mm</i>)	(in)	(mm)	Kx/Ky	OD/OH
A-45-400	13/4 44	3	76	0.70-0.90	0.88-1.25
A-510-625	13/4 44	31/8-33/8	79-86	0.50-0.60	0.74-0.82
В	23/8 60	4	102	0.65-0.90	0.76-1.25
С	27/8 73	41/8	105	0.90-1.00	0.92

SSLFH 2" (51mm) Defl.



SSLFH mounts include seismic and wind restraints with code compliant all-directional neoprene bushings and 1/4" maximum air gap.

TYPE SSLFH RATINGS

Size	Rated	Rated	Spring	Spring	Max.
	Capacity	Defl	Constant	Color/	G
	(lbs) (kg)	(in) <i>(mm)</i> (Ibs/in)(kg/mm)	Stripe	Rating [‡]
SSLFH-B-20	20 9	2.40 61	8 0.1	Tan	155.0
SSLFH-B-26	26 12	2.18 55	12 0.2	White/Blue	119.2
SSLFH-B-35	35 16	2.20 56	16 0.3	Purple	88.6
SSLFH-B-50	50 23	2.20 56	24 0.4	White/Red	62.0
SSLFH-B-65	65 30	2.10 53	31 0.6	Brown	47.7
SSLFH-B-65	85 39	2.10 53	40 0.7	White/Black	36.5
SSLFH-B-85	115 52	2.00 51	57 1.0	Silver	27.0
SSLFH-B-150	150 68	2.00 51	75 1 3	Orange	20.7
SSLFH-B2-210	210 95 290 131 450 204 680 308	2.12 54	99 1.8	Silver	14.8
SSLFH-B2-290		2.00 51	144 2.6	Blue	10.7
SSLFH-B2-450 ^{‡‡}		2.00 51	224 4.0	Tan	6.9
SSLFH-B2-680 ^{‡‡}		2.00 51	340 6.0	Gray	4.6
SSLFH-C2-125 SSLFH-C2-170 SSLFH-C2-210 SSLFH-C2-260 SSLFH-C2-330 SSLFH-C2-460 SSLFH-C2-460 SSLFH-C2-480 ^{‡‡} SSLFH-C2-1840 ^{‡‡} SSLFH-C2-1540 ^{‡‡}	125 57 170 77 210 95 260 118 330 150 460 209 610 277 880 399 1210 549 1540 699 1870 848	2.50 64 2.40 61 2.30 58 2.20 56 2.00 51 2.00 51 2.00 51 2.00 51 2.00 51 2.00 51 2.00 51	50 0.9 70 1.3 90 1.6 120 2.1 165 2.9 230 4.1 305 5.4 440 7.8 605 10.8 770 13.7 935 16.6	Purple Brown Red White Black Blue Green Gray Silver Gray* Silver*	30.4 22.4 18.1 14.6 11.5 8.3 6.2 4.3 3.1 2.5 2.0

[‡]Horizontal G Ratings are for quick reference only– Use OSHPD Rated Load Curves.

*with RED inner spring





OSHPD OPA-0198

Horizontal, Vertical and 45° plotted Ratings are California OSHPD approved values having the OSHPD Anchorage Preapproval Number OPA-0198. Testing and calculations were performed to meet

OSHPD criteria.

To use approved OSHPD rated load curves:

 Calculate Vertical and Horizontal Forces on mountings including translations and overturning moments.
 Plot Horizontal Load vs Vertical Load. The point must fall within the area below the OSHPD curve.

[†]For kN divide kg by 102

SPRING DATA

Size	Spring OD	Free Ht.	Ratio	Ratio
	(in) (mm)	(in) <i>(mm)</i>	Kx/Ky	OD/OH
B & B2	23/8 60	4 102	0.65-0.90	0.76-1.25
C	27/8 73	41/8 105	0.90-1.00	0.92

TYPE SSLFH DIMENSIONS (inches mm)

Size	А	В	С	D	Е	F	J	К	L	М	Free & Op Ht
SSLFH-B&B2	1/2	6	91/4	71/2	51/2	15/8	3/4	5/8	1/2-	7/8	71/2
	13	152	235	191	<i>140</i>	<i>41</i>	19	16	13UNC	22	191
SSLFH-C2	1/2	7	11	9	6	2	7/8	3/4	5/8-	1	8
	13	178	279	229	152	51	22	19	11UNC	25	203

⁺⁺Published ratings allow minimum 25% additional travel to solid. For a full 50% specified minimum use the following ratings:

				g	angei
Size	Derated Capacity (Ibs) (kg)	Defl (in) <i>(mm)</i>	Size	Derated Capacity (Ibs) (kg)	Defl (in) <i>(mm)</i>
B2-450 B2-680 C2-880	410 186 565 256 800 363	1.83 46.5 1.66 42.2 1.82 46.2	C2-1210 C2-1540 C2-1870	1010 458 1285 583 1560 708	1.67 42.4 1.67 42.4 1.67 42.4

All springs without " \ddagger " have additional travel to solid equal to 50% of the rated deflection.





MASON IND. Z-1011 SEISMIC SNUBBER MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE LOADS & STIFFNESS DATA

Z-1011 Size	LRFD - A Design Lo	llowable ads (lbs) ¹	ASD - All Design Loo	lowable ads (Ibs) ¹	Avg. K1 Stiffness (Ibs/in)	Avg. K3 Stiffness (Ibs/in)	Avg. K1-K3 Transition Load (lbs)	Avg. K1-K3 Transition Displacement (in)
	P _{VA}	2144	P _{VA}	1429	1379	4196	690	0.50
Z-1011-1	P _{THA}	3139	P _{THA}	2092	1708	8123	854	0.50
	P_{LHA}	4047	P _{LHA}	2698	2958	5650	740	0.25
	P _{VA}	5274	P _{VA}	3516	1192	12357	596	0.50
Z-1011-2	P _{THA}	6420	P _{THA}	4280	1042	14625	521	0.50
	P_{LHA}	6523	P _{LHA}	4348	3783	9781	946	0.25
	P _{VA}	6806	P _{VA}	4537	1350	16207	675	0.50
Z-1011-3	P _{THA}	10480	P _{THA}	6986	1300	25367	650	0.50
	P _{LHA}	10082	P _{LHA}	6721	3650	15888	913	0.25
	P _{VA}	10406	P _{VA}	6937	3967	20325	1984	0.50
Z-1011-4	P _{THA}	15267	P _{THA}	10178	3733	33901	1867	0.50
	P_{LHA}	22282	P _{LHA}	14854	6533	33294	1633	0.25
	P _{VA}	13971	P _{VA}	9314	5642	24365	2821	0.50
Z-1011-5	P _{THA}	21135	P _{THA}	14090	6767	36574	3384	0.50
	P _{LHA}	27838	P _{LHA}	18559	13533	37231	3383	0.25

1 - The combined vertical and horizontal loads on each snubber must satisfy the following condition: $(P_V/P_{VA}) + (P_{TH}/P_{THA}) + (P_{LH}/P_{LHA}) < 1.00$

 $P_{\nu}, P_{TH},$ and P_{LH} are calculated vertical, transverse horizontal, and longitudinal horizontal load



Z-1011 SEISMIC SNUBBER INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

- 1) Snubbers are inactive during normal operation and clearance must be maintained.
- 2) If Snubbers are installed on equipment or system with flexible connections that move and remain in a different position during operation, final positioning and ad ustment of Snubbers must be made with equipment in operation.
- Use one piece, full size shim (1/4" maximum thickness) at Upper or Lower Brackets of the Snubbers as required so that no pressure from the equipment dead and live load will be applied on the Rubber Bushings.
- 4) Use the Upper and Lower Bracket bolt holes to layout then drill attachment holes on equipment or frame and on supporting structure if bolting attachment is preferred.
- 5) Bolt or weld the Snubber onto the equipment or frame and to the supporting structure. Follow design example provided in this section by Mason Industries.
- 6) A steel Sole Plate may be bolted or welded to Snubber Baseplate when anchoring into concrete. Consult the Registered Design Professional for design of Sole Plate.
- 7) Snubbers are to be used in con unction with spring isolators without restraints. Snubbers shall not be used to support gravity loads.



Z-1225 Seismic Snubbers



Horizontal, Vertical and 45° plotted Ratings are California OSHPD approved values having the OSHPD Anchorage Preapproval Number OPA-0196. Testing and calculations were performed to meet OSHPD criteria.

Z-1225 mounts include seismic and wind restraints with code compliant all-directional neoprene bushings and 1/4" maximum air gap.

TYPE Z-1225 1G ALL DIRECTIONAL LOAD RATINGS AND DIMENSIONS

	Type & Size	1G All Directional Load Ratings	A	AB	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	т	Equipment Base Anchor Bolt Size & Length
U.S.A. or British (lbs &	Z-1225-250 Z-1225-500 Z-1225-1000 Z-1225-2000	250 lbs 500 lbs 1000 lbs 2000 lbs	2 23/4 3 5	1/2 1/2 5/8 3/4	5 7 8 12	13/4 13/4 21/2 3	5/8 5/8 3/4 7/8	3 4 5 6	21/8 23/8 21/2 3	31/2 4 5 6		1/4 1/4 3/8 1/2	1/2"-13 UNC-4 5/8"-11 UNC-6 3/4"-10 UNC-6 3/4"-10 UNC-6
inches)	Z-1225-3000 Z-1225-5000	3000 lbs 5000 lbs	43/4 6	3/4 1	12 15	5 6	7/8 11/8	10 12	31/4 31/2	63/8 63/8	33/4 43/4	3/8 3/8	7/8"-9 UNC-6 1"-8 UNC-6
Metric (kgs &	Z-1225-250 Z-1225-500 Z-1225-1000 Z-1225-2000	113 kg 227 kg 455 kg 909 kg	51 70 76 127	13 13 16 19	127 178 203 305	44 44 64 76	16 16 19 22	76 102 127 152	54 60 64 76	89 102 127 152		6 6 10 13	1/2"-13 UNC - 102 5/8"-11 UNC - 152 3/4"-10 UNC - 152 3/4"-10 UNC - 152
mm)	Z-1225-3000 Z-1225-5000	1364 kg 2273 kg	121 152	19 25	305 381	127 152	22 29	254 305	83 89	162 162	95 121	10 10	7/8"-9 UNC-152 1"-8 UNC-152

Forces on mounting including translations and overturning moments. 2) Plot Horizontal Load vs Vertical Load. The point must fall within the area below the OSHPD curve.





1272

3100

HORIZONTAL

5000 5100

72 2313

1300

590

[†]For kN divide kg by 102



California CE No. 30112



350 Rabro Drive • Hauppauge, NY 11788 • 631/348-0282 • FAX 631/348-0279 2101 W. Crescent Ave., Suite D • Anaheim, CA 92801 • 714/535-2727 • FAX 714/535-5738 Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com

Γ

Page

FM58





HG WASHER-BUSHINGS



TYPE HG DIMENSIONS

45

(a)ASTM D-676 (b)ASTM D-412 (c)ASTM D-573 (d)ASTM D-1149 (e)ASTM D-395

		,						
Size	Bolt Dia.* (in) <i>(mm)</i>	Allowable Shear Load in a Steel to Steel Connection (lbs) (kN)	Allowable Tension Load in a Steel to Steel Connection (lbs) (kN)	ID (in) <i>(mm)</i>	HD (in) <i>(mm)</i>	OD (in) <i>(mm)</i>	T (in) <i>(mm)</i>	H (in) <i>(mm)</i>
HG-25 HG-38 HG-50 HG-63 HG-75 HG-100 HG-125 HG-150	1/4 6 3/8 10 1/2 13 5/8 16 3/4 19 1 25 11/4 32 11/2 38	490 2.2 1100 4.9 1960 8.7 3070 13.6 4420 19.7 7850 34.9 12270 54.6 17670 78.6	980 4.4 2200 9.8 3920 17.4 6140 27.2 8840 39.4 15700 69.8 24540 109.2 35340 157.2	1/4 6 3/8 10 1/2 13 5/8 16 3/4 19 1 25 11/4 32 11/2 38	1/2 13 5/8 16 3/4 19 7/8 22 1 25 11/4 32 11/2 38 13/4 45	1 25 11/4 32 15/8 41 2 51 21/4 57 23/4 70 31/4 83 33/4 95	1/8 3 1/8 3 1/8 3 3/16 5 3/16 5 1/4 6 1/4 6 1/4 6	3/8 10 1/2 13 1/2 13 5/8 16 5/8 16 7/8 22 7/8 22 1 25

* Retention strength based on diameter of anchor bolt and anchoring method.

HG washer-bushings include seismic and wind restraints with code compliant alldirectional neoprene bushings and 1/4" maximum air gap.



ES, 350 Rabro Drive • Hauppauge, NY 11788 • 631/348-0282 • FAX 631/348-0279 2101 W. Crescent Ave., Suite D • Anaheim, CA 92801 • 714/535-2727 • FAX 714/535-5738 Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com

DUSTRI



SAS & SASE SEISMIC ANCHOR STUDS

STANDARD NUT & WASHER FULL DIAMETER SEISMIC ANCHOR STUD TRI-SEGMENTED CLIP ANCHORS ARE ZINC PLATED

SAS and SASE

TYPE SAS STANDARD LENGTH ANCHOR STUD RATINGS BASED ON ALLOWABLE STRESS DESIGN (ASD) installed into 2500 psi (17.2 Mpa) Normal Weight or Sand-Lightweight Concrete

•	,		• •	0	0 0			
Type	Embedment	Normal We	ight Concrete	Sand-Lightweight Concrete				
and	Depth (Nominal)	Tension [†]	Shear	Tension [†]	Shear			
Size	(in) ` <i>(mm) `</i>	(lbs) (kg)	(lbs) <i>(kg)</i>	(lbs) <i>(kg)</i>	(lbs) <i>(kg)</i>			
SAS-3/8	17/8 50	440 199	760 345	300 136	515 233			
SAS-1/2	23/4 70	975 442	1400 635	665 301	955 433			
SAS-5/8	3 3/8 85	1320 599	3065 1391	895 406	2580 1171			
SAS-3/4	41/8 105	1795 814	5155 2340	1220 553	3505 1591			
SAS-1	5 1/4 <i>135</i>	2220 1007	6300 2860	1510 685	5400 2451			

TYPE SASE EXTENDED LENGTH ANCHOR STUD RATINGS BASED ON ALLOWABLE STRESS DESIGN (ASD) installed into 2500 psi (17.2 Mpa) Normal Weight or Sand-Lightweight Concrete

Туре	Embe	edment	Nor	mal We	ight Cor	crete	Sand-Lightweight Concrete				
and	Depth ((Nominal)	Tens	Tension [†]		Shear		Tension [†]		ear	
Size	(in)	(mm)	(lbs)	(kg)	(lbs)	(kg)	(lbs)	(kg)	(lbs)	(kg)	
SASE-3/8	27/8	75	945	429	815	370	640	290	815	370	
SASE-1/2	37/8	100	1270	576	2955	1341	865	392	2955	1341	
SASE-5/8	51/8	130	2350	1066	4510	2047	1595	724	4510	2047	
SASE-3/4	53/4	145	2895	1314	5350	2428	1970	894	5350	2428	

TYPE SAS & SASE ANCHOR STUD RATINGS BASED ON ALLOWABLE STRESS DESIGN (ASD) installed in the Soffit of 3000 psi (20.7 Mpa) Normal Weight or Sand-Lightweight Concrete-filled Profile Steel Deck Assemblies (minimum 20 gauge 3" *76mm* profile). Anchors must be installed in either the lower or upper flutes of the profile deck no more than 1" *25mm* from flute centerline.

Type and	Embe Depth (edment Nominal)	Tens	sion†	Shear			
Size	(in)	(mm)	(Ibs)	(KG)	(Ibs)	(KG)		
SAS-3/8 SASE-3/8	2 33/8	50 85	350 890	158 404	725 1585	329 719		
SAS-1/2 SASE-1/2	23/4 41/2	70 115	695 930	315 422	870 1870	395 848		
SAS-5/8 SASE-5/8	33/8 55/8	85 145	1825 1700	828 771	1075 2860	488 1298		

For combined allowable stress design tension and shear forces on anchors, use the following equation:

$$\frac{T_{Applied}}{T_{Allowable (ASD)}} + \frac{V_{Applied}}{V_{Allowable (ASD)}} \le 1.2$$

03/2020

TYDE SAS & SASE ANCHOD STUD DIMENSIONS

TIPE SAS	a SASI		SHOK	31001	DINENSIO	13		
Type and Size	A (in) <i>(r</i>	nm)	(in)	B (mm)	Maximum Tightening Torqu (Ft-lbs) (N-m)			
SAS-3/8	31/2	90	3/8	10	30	41		
SAS-1/2	43/4	120	1/2	13	60	81		
SAS-5/8	5	125	5/8	16	90	122		
SAS-3/4	61/4	170	3/4	19	150	203		
SAS-1	7	180	1	25	230	312		
SASE-3/8	5 7	125	3/8	10	30	41		
SASE-1/2	51/2 7	140	1/2	13	60	81		
SASE-5/8	7 7	180	5/8	16	90	122		
SASE-3/4	81/2 2	215	3/4	19	150	203		

Anchors have the following Code Reports:

- ICC-ES-ESR-3037 and City of Los Angeles
- RR25891 for cracked & uncracked concrete
- Florida Statewide Product Approval FL15731 IAPMO ES ER 240 & City of Los Angeles RR25936
- for CMU Walls Underwriter Laboratories file EX3605
- Factory Mutual #3043442



These values are applicable when the anchors are installed with periodic special inspection as set forth in Section 1704.13 of the 2006 IBC, Section 1704.15 of the 2009 IBC or Section 1705.1.1 and Table 1705.3 of the 2012 or 2015 IBC.

[†] The Tension values may be increased for greater compressive strength, up to 8000 psi (55.2 MPa), by multiplying the value by (F²C/2500)^{0.5}, where F²_C is the specified strength of concrete in psi.

For example: SAS-1/2 in 4000 psi normal weight concrete

$$T = \left(\frac{4000}{2500}\right)^{0.5} x$$
 980 lbs = 1240 lbs

NOTES:

1. All values are for single anchors with no edge distance or spacing reduction and assume supplementary reinforcement condition B.

- Anchorage must be designed in accordance with ACI 318-11 Appendix D. 2
- 3. Allowable loads are for the attachment of non-structural components.
- Allowable loads are based on 100% seismic loading in seismic design 4. categories C-F.



SAST SEISMIC ANCHOR SELF-TAPPING



	FLANGED HEX HEAD WITH RATCHET TEETH ON UNDERSIDE TO HELP PREVENT LOOSENING OF ANCHOR	Si Si Si Fo
 A	ANCHORS ARE ZINC PLATED	
	SELF UNDERCUTTING	
	SERRATED TEETH ON SPECIALIZED HEAT- TREATED TIP	τγ Τչ
_*	В	S/ S/

			Installed	l into 2	500psi (17	7.2Mpa)	Installe	d into 2	2500psi (1	17.2Mpa)	Maxir	num
Туре	Embe	dment	Norn	nal We	ight Conc	rete	Lig	htweig	ht Concre	ete	Tightening	Torque
and	De	pth	Tens	sion ⁺	Sh	ear	Tens	sion ⁺	Sh	ear		
Size	(in) ((mm)	(lbs)	(kg)	(lbs)	(kg)	(lbs)	(kg)	(lbs)	(kg)	(Ft-lbs)	(N-m)
SAST-3/8	31/4	83	920	410	1160	525	555	250	695	315	50	68
SAST-1/2	4	102	1500	680	2010	910	900	405	1205	545	65	88
SAST-5/8	41/2	114	1810	820	3870	1755	1085	490	2325	1055	140	190
SAST-3/4	51/2	140	2070	940	3925	1780	1245	565	2355	1065	150	205

For combined allowable stress design tension and shear forces on anchors, use the following equation:

$$\frac{T_{\text{Applied}}}{|A||_{\text{Ovable}}} + \frac{V_{\text{Applied}}}{|V_{\text{Allowable}}|_{\text{ASD}}} \le 1.2$$

* These values are applicable when the anchors are installed with periodic special inspection as set forth in Section 1704.13 of the 2006 IBC, Section 1704.15 of the 2009 IBC or Section 1705.1.1 and Table 1705.3 of the 2012 or 2015 IBC.

[†] The Tension values may be increased for greater compressive strength, up to 8500 psi (58.6 MPa), by multiplying the value by (^{F'C}/2500)^{0.5}, where F'_C is the specified strength of concrete in psi. For example: SAST-1/2 in 4000 psi normal weight concrete

$$T = \left(\frac{4000}{2500}\right)^{0.5} x \ 1500 \ \text{lbs} = 1895 \ \text{lbs}$$

YPE SAST ANCHOR BOLT DIMENSIONS

Type and		А		В
Size	(in)	(mm)	(in)	(mm)
SAST-3/8	4	102	3/8	10
SAST-1/2	5	127	1/2	13
SAST-5/8	6	152	5/8	16
SAST-3/4	7	178	3/4	19

Anchors have the following Code Reports:
ICC-ES-ESR-2713 and City of Los Angeles Report RR25741 for cracked & uncracked concrete
ICC-ES-ESR-1056 and City of Los Angeles Report RR25560 for CMU (Concrete Masonry Units)
Florida Statewide Approval FL11506.7
Factory Mutual 3017082

NOTES:

1. All values are for single anchors with no edge distance or spacing reduction.

2. Anchorage must be designed in accordance with ACI 318-11 Appendix D.

3. Allowable loads are for the attachment of non-structural components.

4. Allowable loads are based on 100% seismic loading in seismic design categories C-F.



RA SEISMIC ROD ANCHOR (ADHESIVE)



TYPE SRA ANCHOR DATA

Type and Size	Threaded Rod Size	Rod Length (in) (mm)		Embedment Depth (in) (mm)		Drill Bit Dia (in)	Mini Con Thic (in)	mum crete kness <i>(mm)</i>	Maxir Tightening After o (Ft-lbs)	num g Torque :uring <i>(N-m)</i>	Number of Anchors that can be installed per 22oz of adhesive
SRA-3/8	3/8-16 UNC	6	152	4	102	1/2	57/8	149	10	14	40
SRA-1/2	1/2-13 UNC	7	178	5	127	5/8	71/2	190	20	27	30
SRA-5/8	5/8-11 UNC	8	203	6	152	3/4	91/4	235	30	41	20
SRA-3/4	3/4-10 UNC	9	229	7	178	7/8	103/4	273	45	61	14
SRA-1	1-8 UNC	11	280	9	229	11/8	14	355	80	108	7

CURE SCHEDULE[†]

For combined allowable stress design tension and shear forces Concrete Temperature Cure Time on anchors, use the following equation: °F °C (Hrs.)

50	10	72	I Applied V Applied	< 1 2
70	21	24	$T_{Allowable}(ASD)$ VAllowable (ASD)	31.2
90	32	24		
110	43	24		

[†]For water saturated concrete, these times should be doubled.

* These values are applicable when the anchors are installed with periodic special inspection as set forth in Section 1704.13 of the 2006 IBC, Section 1704.15 of the 2009 IBC or Section 1705.1.1 and Table 1705.3 of the 2012 or 2015 IBC.

NOTES:

- 1. All values are for single anchors with no edge distance or spacing reduction and assume supplementary reinforcement condition B.
- Anchorage must be designed in accordance with ACI 318-11 Appendix D. 2.
- 3. Allowable loads are for the attachment of non-structural components.
- 4. Allowable loads are based on 100% seismic loading in seismic design categories C-F.
- 5. All values assume installations in dry concrete substrates and service temperature below the following maximums: 75°F 24°C maximum long term temperature and 110°F 43°C maximum short term temperature.

Anchors have the following Code Reports:

ICC-ES-ESR-2508 and City of Los Angeles Report RR25744 for cracked & uncracked concrete
 NSF/ANSI Standard 61 (216in² / 1000 gal)

TYPE SRA ANCHOR RATINGS BASED ON ALLOWABLE STRESS DESIGN (ASD) installed into 2500 psi (17.2 Mpa) Normal Weight Concrete

Туре	A307 Grade	C Tł	hreade	ed Rod	A193 (Grade B	7 Thread	ed Rod	A193 G (Typ	irade B <u>6</u> e 410)	6 Stainle Threaded	ss Steel I Rod	A193 Grade B8 Stainless Stee (Type 18-8, 304) Threaded Roc			
and Size	Tension (in) (mm	FensionShearn) (mm)(lbs) (kg)		ear (kg)	TensionShear(lbs)(kq)(lbs)(kq)		ear (kg)	Tension (Ibs) <i>(kg)</i>		Shear (lbs) (kg)		Tension (lbs) <i>(kg)</i>		(lbs) (kg)		
SRA-3/8	1640 74	!	890	404	1640	744	1225	556	1640	744	1345	610	1640	744	695	315
SRA-1/2	2345 106	! 1	1750	794	2345	1064	3775	1713	2345	1064	3490	1584	2345	1064	1805	819
SRA-5/8	3000 136.	2 2	2430	1103	3000	1362	5235	2376	3000	1362	5080	2306	3000	1362	2630	1194
SRA-3/4	3720 168	3 3	3590	1629	3720	1688	7740	3513	3720	1688	7510	3409	3720	1688	3895	1768
SRA-1	5260 238	8 6	6515	2957	5260	2388	14045	6376	5260	2388	15090	6850	5260	2388	7815	3548



DYNAMIC ANALYSIS OF FLOOR MOUNTED EQUIPMENT

Static calculation methods are used to verify the equipment anchorage is adequate to resist the lateral forces determined by the appropriate design code. These static determinations do not consider the effects of support resonance, restraint resonance or restraint design. Airgaps of over 1/4" (6mm), and no or inadequate cushioning can amplify statically calculated forces by factors as high as 20.

Proper restraint, with maximum airgaps of 1/4" (6mm), and thick, resilient cushioning keep amplification to a minimum and protect equipment from high accelerations that could cause severe damage.

The Z-1011 [FM55] snubber system was designed to minimize amplification and protect equipment components and connections. The design and certification of the snubber system can be used in one of two ways. First, as the basis of design for static code compliant calculations, as shown in previous sections of this manual. The small airgaps and 3/4" (20mm) cushioning will limit forces to the equipment and anchor bolts although it is not calculated.

Second, as a more advanced method, in a dynamic analysis to determine snubber forces, equipment displacements, and maximum acceleration of the equipment components in as many as 26 locations. These analyses are run with site and structure-specific response spectra to accurately model the system's response to the earthquake.

FM66 is a summary of this program.



1ASON 350 Rabro Drive • Hauppauge, NY 11788 • 631/348-0282 • FAX 631/348-0279 2101 W. Crescent Ave., Suite D • Anaheim, CA 928017 • 714/535-2727 • FAX 714/535-5738 Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION of Z-1011 COMPUTER DYNAMIC ANALYSIS PROGRAM

Modeling Assumptions

Equipment is modeled as a single, three-dimensional rigid body composed of several rigidly attached lumped masses. Each support is modeled as a combination of linear springs and air gaps as shown in Sketch A. With these assumptions, the system is conservative and has six natural modes and frequencies.

Method of Analysis

An approximate solution is obtained employing a response spectrum technique. The final solution is obtained as a combination of modal responses in the form of a "most probable" value (rms of six modes) and an "upperbound" value (sum of absolute values of six modes).

The solution technique is motivated by the following three properties of linear systems:

- 1. Rayleigh's principle, which for conservative systems states that in any mode, maximum kinetic energy equals maximum potential energy.
- 2. The earthquake response spectrum which yields the maximum kinetic energy as a function of natural frequency.

These principles are applied to the nonlinear snubber-isolator system by the assumption that:

3. At each support, the nonlinear snubber-isolator spring combi-nation may be replaced by a single equivalent linear spring which is dependent on the displacement amplitudes, as depicted in Sketch B.

Thus, (1) and (2) yield displacement amplitude as a function of natural frequencies, and (3) yields natural frequencies as a function of displacement amplitude.

This transcendental relationship is solved by an iterative procedure as follows: from the non-snubbed natural frequencies, the modal kinetic energies are determined using the response spectrum. By equating kinetic and potential energies, the non-linear displacement amplitudes are obtained numerically. From these displacements, a new estimate of effective natural frequency is obtained using the equivalent linear support stiffnesses. The procedure is continued until the natural frequencies converge.

Our interactive computer program utilizing the above solution technique runs on a PDP-10 time-sharing system. The program provides estimates of maximum response, displacement and acceleration at any location of the system. In particular, the program provides direct read-out of maximum displacement and force load at each equipment component as well as any remote connection. The program can simultaneously accept three different sets of response data (one for each mode) if required.





OSHPD OPM SEISMIC BRACING PREAPPROVAL OPM-0043-13

FM Tested or Approved Seismic Brace Brackets

Mason Industries has submitted several new seismic bracing brackets and current seismic bracing brackets to Factory Mutual Approvals for testing to meet the demanding requirements of their FM-1950 standard for seismic braces.

FM Approval allows these products to be used on all fire sprinkler systems.

The FM-1950 test standard is listed in IBC 2012 and products that are FM Tested or Approved are accepted by OSHPD for use on California hospitals subject to CBC 2013 and all previous code cycles.

These products are included in our pre-approved seismic bracing manual OPM 0043-13 for suspended piping, ductwork and electrical systems. The approved bracing brackets can also be used for suspended equipment bracing with additional overturning calculations and anchorage calculations provided on each project.

The bracing details and installation requirements included in OSHPD OPM 0043-13 are very specialized and recommended for use on California OSHPD hospitals and DSA public schools.

Please refer to the OSHPD approved details from our OPM-0043-13 which have been included on the following pages:

FM68 - The Mason SCB Seismic Cable Bracket which include our cable locking bolts, eliminating the need for thimbles and cable clamps or press fittings. The SCB is designed to limit prying for bolted attachments to the structure. The SCB is FM Tested.

FM69 – The Mason SCBH Seismic Cable Bracket Hook which can be stacked and installed without disconnecting the support rod on trapeze pipe, duct or conduit racks. The SCBH is FM Tested.

FM70 - The Mason SSBS Solid Seismic Brace that can be stacked for multiple braces installed on one rod and used for attachment to the structure. The SSBS is FM Tested and Approved.

FM71 - The Mason SSB Seismic Solid Brace for steel strut or steel angle braces attached to large pipe, duct or conduit racks and used for attachment to the structure. The SSB is FM Tested and Approved.

FM72 - The new Mason SBH Solid Brace Hook, which can be installed without disconnecting the support rod on clevis supported pipe or conduit and trapeze pipe, duct or conduit racks. The SBH is FM Tested and Approved.





TYPE SCB DIMENSIONS (inches mm)

SIZE	ŀ	٩	E	3	C	;	[)		E	l	F	(3		Н
SCB-0	1 ⁵ ⁄16	33	1 1⁄2	38	3⁄4	19	¹⁵ ⁄16	24	1 ¾	44	-	-	7⁄16	11	5⁄8	16
SCB-1	1 ¾	35	2	51	1	25	1	25	3 %	86	1 1⁄2	38	⁹ ⁄16	14	5⁄8	16
SCB-2	1 %	41	2 ³ ⁄ ₄	70	1 3/8	35	1 1/4	32	4 3/8	111	1 3⁄4	44	11/16	17	3⁄4	19

TYPE SCB ASSEMBLY RATINGS (ASD)

				LA	TERAL LO	AD RATING	SS 3					
SIZE	SIZE (in) (mm)			30° - 44° ²			45° - 59° ²					
	(in)	(mm)	lbs	kN	kg	lbs	kN	kg	Ft-lbs	N-m	Kg-m	
SCB-0	3/32	2.4	283	1.3	128	200	0.9	91	30	41	4.2	
SCB-1	1⁄8	3	565	2.5	256	400	1.8	181	25	34	3.5	
SCB-2	3/16	5	1188	5.3	539	840	3.7	381	45	61	6.2	

1. CABLES SHALL MEET THE FOLLOWING SPECIFICATIONS: MIL-DTL-83420M WITH AMENDMENT 2 AND RR-W-410F.

ASON

2. BRACE ANGLE MEASURED FROM HORIZONTAL.

3. LATERAL LOADS ARE FROM TESTING PERFORMED BY FACTORY MUTUAL APPROVALS IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEST PROTOCOL 1950 TITLED, "STANDARD FOR SEISMIC SWAY BRACES FOR AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER SYSTEMS".



-M68

350 Rabro Drive • Hauppauge, NY 11788 • 631/348-0282 • FAX 631/348-0279 2101 W. Crescent Ave., Suite D • Anaheim, CA 928017 • 714/535-2727 • FAX 714/535-5738 Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com

IST

R

LJ,

NDU



SIZE	FOR U ROD	SE WITH SIZES	ļ	4	В	С	D	Е	F	G	н
SCBH-0	3⁄8	10	1 3⁄8	35	2 ½ 52	¹ ¹ / ₁₆ 17	¹⁵ ⁄ ₁₆ 24	1 ¾ 44		³ ∕ ₈ 10	⁵ ∕ ₈ 16
SCBH-1	$\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{8}$	13, 16	1 1 1/8	48	2 ¾ 60	1 25	1 25	3 ³ ⁄ ₈ 86	1 ½ 38	⁵ ∕ ₈ 16	⁵ ∕ ₈ 16
SCBH-2	3⁄4, 7⁄8	19, 22	2 %	73	3 ¾ 95	1 ¼ 35	1 ¼ 32	4 ¾ 111	1 ³ ⁄ ₄ 44	⁷ ∕ ₈ 22	³ ⁄ ₄ 19

TYPE SCBH ASSEMBLY RATINGS (ASD)

				LA	FERAL LO	AD RATING	€S ⁴						
SIZE				30° - 44° ²			45° - 59° ²						
	(in)	(mm)	lbs	kN	kg	lbs	kN	kg	Ft-lbs	N-m	Kg-m		
SCBH-0	³ / ₃₂	2.4	283	1.3	128	200	0.9	91	30	41	4.2		
SCBH-1	1⁄8	3	565	2.5	256	400	1.8	181	25	34	3.5		
SCBH-2	3/16	5	1030	4.6	467	480	2.2	218	45	61	6.2		

1. CABLES SHALL MEET THE FOLLOWING SPECIFICATIONS: MIL-DTL-83420M WITH AMENDMENT 2 AND RR-W-410F.

2. BRACE ANGLE MEASURED FROM HORIZONTAL.

3. STANDARD WASHER REQUIRED FOR ROD SIZES SMALLER THAN THE HOOK INSIDE DIAMETER 'G'.

ASON

4. LATERAL LOADS ARE FROM TESTING PERFORMED BY FACTORY MUTUAL APPROVALS IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEST PROTOCOL 1950 TITLED, "STANDARD FOR SEISMIC SWAY BRACES FOR AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER SYSTEMS".



350 Rabro Drive • Hauppauge, NY 11788 • 631/348-0282 • FAX 631/348-0279 2101 W. Crescent Ave., Suite D • Anaheim, CA 928017 • 714/535-2727 • FAX 714/535-5738 Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com

DUSTR

^{03/2020} Page FM69



LATERAL LOAD RATINGS ROD/BOLT Α SIZF 30° - 44° 45° - 59° 1 SIZE (in) (mm) (in) (mm)kg kg lbs kΝ lbs kΝ 17/32 SSBS-12 13 3/8 10 660 2.90 299 970 4.30 440 17/32 SSBS-12 13 1/2 13 660 2.90 299 970 4.30 440 ²⁵/₃₂ SSBS-20 20 5∕8 16 660 2.90 299 970 4.30 440 ²⁵/32 3⁄4 SSBS-20 20 19 660 2.90 299 970 4.30 440 SSBS-25 7∕8 1 ¹/₃₂ 660 2.90 26 22 299 970 4.30 440 SSBS-25 1 ¹/₃₂ 26 1 25 660 2.90 299 970 4.30 440

1. BRACE ANGLE MEASURED FROM HORIZONTAL

2. ATTACHMENT TO STEEL OR OTHER SUBSTRATES (e.g., CONCRETE, WOOD) MAY GOVERN THE DESIGN OF THE OVERALL BRACE ASSEMBLY AND SHALL BE EVALUATED ON A PROJECT BY PROJECT BASIS.

Page

м70∥

350 Rabro Drive • Hauppauge, NY 11788 • 631/348-0282 • FAX 631/348-0279 2101 W. Crescent Ave., Suite D • Anaheim, CA 928017 • 714/535-2727 • FAX 714/535-5738 Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com



FINISH: ALL PARTS ARE ZINC ELECTROPLATED

NOTE: NOT TO BE USED AS A HANGER FOR EQUIPMENT, DUCTWORK OR PIPING. TO BE USED AS A SEISMIC RESTRAINT ONLY.

BRACE MEMBER AXIAL RATING (ASD) (lbs kg)

	MAX LENGTH (ft m)								
ANIAL WIEWIDER	5'-0" 1.5m	9'-6" 2.9m	14'-6" 4.4m						
L3x3x ¹ ⁄ ₄	14400 6534	6200 2813	3000 1360						
L4x4x ¹ ⁄ ₄	20600 9347	13600 6170	6800 3085						
NOTE: ANGLE MUST BE A36 STEEL.									

TYPE SSB DIMENSIONS (inches mm)

					,															
SIZE	A	۱.	E	3	С		D			E	F		G	i	H	1	J		I	<
SSB-3	2	51	31/2	89	13/4	44	17/16	37	43/4	121	2	51	13/16	21	9/16	14	3/4	19	1/2	13
SSB-4	31/8	79	5	127	21/2	64	115/16	49	53/4	146	21/4	57	1 5/16	33	11/16	17	11/4	32	5/8	16

TYPE SSB ASSEMBLY RATINGS (ASD)

	ROD/BOLT	LATERAL LOAD RATINGS ²							
SIZE ³	SIZE		30° - 4 4° ¹		45° - 59° ¹				
	(in) (mm)	(lbs)	(kN)	(kg)	(lbs)	(kN)	(kg)		
SSB-3	3/4 19	5640	25.0	2557	3360	14.9	1523		
SSB-4	1 25	6410	28.5	2906	4280	19.0	1940		
SSB-4	11/4 32	6410	28.5	2906	4280	19.0	1940		

1. BRACE ANGLE MEASURED FROM HORIZONTAL.

2. ATTACHMENT TO STEEL OR OTHER SUBSTRATES (e.g., CONCRETE, WOOD) MAY GOVERN THE DESIGN OF THE OVERALL BRACE ASSEMBLY AND SHALL BE

EVALUATED ON A PROJECT BY PROJECT BASIS. 3. WHEN USING SSB-4 WITH 1" ROD/BOLT. 11/16" ID RING IS REQUIRED.



INDUSTRIES, ASON 350 Rabro Drive • Hauppauge, NY 11788 • 631/348-0282 • FAX 631/348-0279 2101 W. Crescent Ave., Suite D • Anaheim, CA 928017 • 714/535-2727 • FAX 714/535-5738 Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com





TYPE SHB DIMENSIONS & RATINGS (ASD)

	ROD DIA. CO (RD) DI		COUNTERB	ORED HOLE	14/				LATERAL LOAD RATINGS						
SIZE			DIA. (CH) x DEPTH (D)						30° - 44 ° ¹			45° - 59° ¹			
	(in)	(mm)	(in)	(mm)	(in)	(mm)	(in)	(mm)	lbs	kN	kg	lbs	kN	kg	
SHB-3/8	3⁄8	10	³ ⁄ ₄ x ³ ⁄ ₃₂	19 x 24	2	51	2	51	1420	6.3	644	1000	4.5	454	
SHB-1/2	1/2	13	1 x ⁵ ⁄ ₃₂	25 x 4	2	51	2	51	1710	7.6	775	1280	5.7	581	
SHB-5/8	5⁄8	16	1 ³ ⁄ ₁₆ x ⁵ ⁄ ₃₂	30 x 4	2½	54	1 ¹⁵ ⁄16	49	1520	6.8	690	1100	4.9	499	
SHB-3/4	3⁄4	19	1 ⁷ ⁄ ₁₆ x ⁵ ⁄ ₃₂	37 x 4	2 ½	57	1 1 1/8	48	1660	7.4	753	1040	4.6	471	

1. BRACE ANGLE MEASURED FROM HORIZONTAL.

2. ATTACHMENT TO STEEL OR OTHER SUBSTRATES (e.g., CONCRETE, WOOD) MAY GOVERN THE DESIGN OF THE OVERALL BRACE ASSEMBLY AND SHALL BE EVALUATED ON A PROJECT BY PROJECT BASIS.

ASON

03/2020





350 Rabro Drive • Hauppauge, NY 11788 • 631/348-0282 • FAX 631/348-0279 2101 W. Crescent Ave., Suite D • Anaheim, CA 928017 • 714/535-2727 • FAX 714/535-5738 Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com

JST

NDU

R

IES,

FLEXIBLE CONNECTORS FOR EQUIPMENT CONNECTIONS

There are (10) different requirements in the IBC building code that address differential piping motion due to seismic motion of the building. Of all the requirements piping connections to equipment may be the most critical. Piping very seldom breaks in an earthquake, but broken equipment piping nozzles contributed to a large number of equipment failures.

While required by code, there is very little guidance regarding the actual piping design or type of flexible connector to be used at equipment connections. The design engineer can look at the overall system flexibility and design the piping to accept the motion without overloading the equipment connection. This may require pipe vees, flexible supports and anchors that must be installed exactly as designed. Or movement requirements can be addressed directly with flexible connectors at the piping connections to simplify the solution and limit dependence on overall system flexibility.

Mason Safeflex connectors can be used for vibration isolation and seismic protection at equipment connections where temperature, fluid type, system pressure and movements are acceptable. They are intended for installation in mechanical rooms where access is readily available for monitoring and service. They are not intended for installation in ceiling spaces or other concealed spaces. Safeflex connectors are designed to extend to a pressure balance length and can restrain the piping pressure thrust without adding control rods. On vibration isolated systems Safeflex connectors can be pre-extended to their pressure balance length during installation to avoid short circuiting the seismic snubbers. The Safeflex angular movement capability and low angular stiffness can be utilized to limit piping loads and moments on equipment connections.

Please refer to Figure 1 which illustrates a solid pipe drop to equipment, a pipe drop with a Safeflex flexible connector, a pipe drop with an FFL Flexible Braided Hose and a pipe drop with a VFL Flexible Braided Vee. Since the piping header is braced to the deck overhead and the equipment is anchored to the floor, the building sway and interstory drift causes differential displacement to occur between the piping header and the equipment.

The solid pipe drop will bend to accommodate the displacement but will develop the highest loads on the pipe, pipe braces and equipment connections. The solid pipe drop also transfers a moment to the equipment that can lead to equipment connection failure.

The Safeflex connector can accept some differential displacement but will also reduce the moment on the equipment connection and reduce the bending loads from the pipe. Please refer to FM75 for more information on the Safeflex connector.

A Mason FFL Flexible Braided Hose, selected to accommodate the full displacement, can also reduce the force on the equipment connection, with flexible support on the piping to allow the braided hose to move laterally without axial restraint. Please refer to FM76 for more information on the Mason FFL Flexible Braided Hose.

A Mason VFL Flexible Braided Vee installed at the equipment connection may be the best selection of all. It will allow large amounts of differential displacement in any direction and virtually eliminate loads on the equipment connections. Please refer to FM82 for more information on the Mason VFL Flexible Braided Vee.



Solid equipment connection, Mason Safeflex SFEJ equipment connection, Mason FFL Flexible Braided Hose equipment connection and Mason VFL Flexible Braided Vee equipment connection



SFDEJ SAFEFLEX DOUBLE SPHERE EPDM CONNECTOR & EXPANSION JOINT



SAFEFLEX SFDEJ DIMENSIONS AND ALLOWABLE MOVEMENTS

Pipe	Face	Pipe	Face	Face Allowable Movements						
Size (in)	to Face (in)	Size (mm)	to Face (mm)	Angular (degrees)	Comp (in)	ression (mm)	Elong (in)	gation (mm)	Trans ± (in) ±	verse (mm)
11/ 2 21/ 3 4 5 6	2 2 7	40 50 65 75 100 125 150	175	36 34 32 30 28 24 22	11/4	32	3/4	19	3/4	19
8 10 12	8	200 250 300	200	20 18 16	11/2	38	7/8	22	7/8	22
14	10	350	250	14	15/8	41	1	25	1	25
16 18	11 11	400 450	275 275	13 12	13/4	44	1	25	1	25
20 24	12 12	500 600	300 300	11 10	17/8	47	11/8	28	11/8	28

SAFEFLEX SFDEJ Standard and High Pressure Construction-Pressure Reduction at Higher Temperatures

Construction	Non	ninal Ra	ating In	PSI Ba	r at:	Max. Vacuum
Types & Sizes	170°F	190°F	210°F	230°F	250°F	(in Hg)
(in) (mm)	77°C	<i>88°C</i>	<i>99°C</i>	110°C	121°C	<i>(Minus Bar)</i>
SFDEJ Standard	250	245	235	225	215	14"
11/2" - 16" 40 - 400mm	<i>17</i>	16.5	<i>16</i>	15	<i>14</i>	<i>0.5</i>
SFDEJ Standard	180	175	170	165	155	14"
18" - 24" 450 - 600mm	<i>12</i>	11.5	<i>11</i>	10.5	<i>10</i>	0.5
SFDEJ High Pressure	335	325	315	300	285	22"
11/2" - 16" 40 - 400mm	23	22	21	20	<i>19</i>	<i>0.7</i>
SFDEJ High Pressure	225	220	210	200	190	22"
18" - 24" <i>450 - 600mm</i>	15	14.5	<i>14</i>	13.5	<i>13</i>	<i>0.7</i>

Burst pressures are a minimum of three times Operating Pressures.

When Expansion Joints are used for piping expansion or contraction, anchors must be provided on both sides of the expansion joint at the extreme ends of the protected run or the joints will not function properly.

Standard Pressure Safeflex Connectors do not require control rods or cables in anti-vibration applications when preextended during installation in accordance with installation instructions.

High Pressure Connectors should be installed with control rods or cables over 275 psi/19 Bar.

Pressure Ratings— Nominal 250 psi *17 Bar* Nominal 335 psi *23 Bar* Nominal 180 psi *12 Bar* Nominal 180 psi *12 Bar* Nominal 225 psi *15 Bar* High Pressure 18" - 24"



FFL SS BRAIDED HOSE WITH CARBON STEEL FIXED & FLOATING FLANGES



RATED PRESSURES @

ELEVATED	TENTERP	TUKES (usi) (ky/ch
Hose	250°F	350°F	450°F
Size	<i>121°C</i>	176°C	232°C
(in) <i>(mm)</i>	Factor 0.92	Factor 0.86	Factor 0.81
11/2 40	400 28	370 26	350242902023516
2 50	330 23	310 21	
21/2 65	270 19	250 17	
 3 80 4 100 5 125 	260 18 210 15 190 13	240 16 200 14 180 12	230 16190 13170 11
6 150	190 13	180121801215010	170 11
8 200	190 13		170 11
10 250	160 11		140 9
123001435016400	160 11	150 <i>10</i>	140 9
	160 11	150 <i>10</i>	140 9
	160 11	150 <i>10</i>	140 9

SATURATED STEAM

11	. ' .	RECOMMENDED FRESSORE LIMITS											
		S (in)	ize (mm)	M Ga (psi) <i>(k</i>	ax uge :g/cm²)	Temp Reference (F) (°C)							
		11/ 2 21/	2 40 50 2 65	150 150 125	11 11 9	362 362 355	183 183 179						
		3 4 5	80 100 125	125 125 100	9 9 7	355 355 337	179 179 169						
		6 8 10	150 200 250	100 75 60	7 5 4	337 320 307	169 160 153						
		12 14 16	300 350 400	60 60 60	4 4 4	307 307 307	153 153 153						

Vacuum rating varies with size and application. Consult factory on all vacuum applications.

Our steam service ratings are very low in the interest of safety although our 70°F (21°C) pressure ratings are as high or higher then our competitors. All locations where failure could lead to personal injury or suffocation must be avoided. In dangerous locations we suggest housed expansion joints, solid loops, ball joints, packed devices etc. rather than thin walled flexible products regardless of manufacturer.

Consult factory with full location description as well as service conditions for higher pressure or temperature applications.

304 SS can be used up to $850^{\circ}F(454^{\circ}C)$ in applications such as engine exhaust.

When using FFL products in copper or brass water or steam systems, dielectric flanges must be used on each end to prevent leakage from galvanic action.

CARBON STEEL PLATE FLANGE THICKNESS

Pipe	Flange Thickness T	
(in)	(mm)	(in) <i>(mm)</i>
11/2 thru 4 5 thru 6 8 thru 16	40 thru 100 125 thru 150 200 thru 400	5/8 16 3/4 19 1 25

Face to Face Tolerance: minus 1% plus 3%. Minimum Burst is four times the Rated Pressure. Safety factor of 4.

Lateral Offset one side of centerline and normal machinery vibration. If intermittent in both directions, reduce by 50%.

Sizes 12" - 16" (300-400mm) have double braid.

FM76

350 Rabro Drive • Hauppauge, NY 11788 • 631/348-0282 • FAX 631/348-0279 2101 W. Crescent Ave., Suite D • Anaheim, CA 928017 • 714/535-2727 • FAX 714/535-5738 Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com

INDUSTRIES.

PRESSURE RATINGS (American Units) Pipe Size Corru-Maximum Rated & Face Live gations Permanent Pressure to Face Length per Lateral @70°F . foot Offset (in) Type (in) (in) (psi) 11/2 X 12 93/4 FFI 63 11/4 450 153/4 FFL 11/2 X 18 63 31/2450 11/2 X 24 FFL 213/4 63 61/2 450 FFL 2 X 12 2 X 18 93/4 360 58 11/8153/4 21/2 FFL 58 360 2 X 24 213/4 5 FFI 360 58 FFL 21/2 X 12 9 48 290 1 FFL 21/2 X 18 21/4 15 48 290 21/2 X 24 48 43/4 290 FFI 21 7/8 280 FFL 3 X 12 93/4 46 3 X 18 2 FFL 153/4 46 280 3 X 24 213/4 4 FFL 46 280 3 X 36 333/4 FFL 46 8 280 FFL 4 X 12 93/4 32 3/4 225 FFL 4 X 18 153/4 32 11/2 225 4 X 24 213/4 31/2 7 225 FFI 32 225 4 X 36 333/4 32 FFL FFL 5 X 18 143/4 29 11/4 200 5 X 24 5 X 36 203/4 29 21/4 200 FFL FFL 323/4 29 51/2 200 FFL 6 X 18 143/425 1 200 2 FFL 6 X 24 203/4 25 200 FFL 6 X 36 323/4 25 5 200 FFL 8 X 18 141/27/8 23 200 8 X 24 8 X 36 FFI 201/2 23 11/2200 200 FFL 321/2 23 4 FFI 10 X 18 141/2 21 3/4 170 10 X 24 10 X 36 201/2 11/4FFL 21 170 321/2 FFI 21 3 170 FFL 12 X 24 201/2 20 1 170 FFL 12 X 36 321/2 20 21/2 170 14 X 36 321/2 FFL 18 11/4 170 FFL 16 X 36 321/2 16 1 170

ASON

FFL DIMENSIÇ AND

FFL DIMENSIONS AND PRESSURE RATINGS (Metric Units)

	Pipe Size		Corru-	Maximum	Rated
	& Face	Live	gations	Permanent	Pressure
Type	(mm)	(mm)	meter	Offset (mm)	(ka/cm^2)
	10 V 205	210	207	22	21
FFL	40 X 305 40 X 457	400	207	32 89	31
FFL	40 X 610	552	207	165	31
FFL	50 X 305	248	190	29	25
FFL	50 X 457	400	190	64	25
FFL	50 X 610	552	190	127	25
	65 X 305	248	157 157	25 57	20
FFL	65 X 610	<i>400</i> 552	157	121	20
FFL	80 X 305	248	151	22	19
FFL	80 X 457	400	151	51	19
IFFL	80 X 610 80 X 914	552 857	151 151	102 203	19
FFL	100 X 305	248	105	19	15
FFL	100 X 457	400	105	38	15
FFL	100 X 610	552	105	89	15
	100 X 914	275	105	1/8	15
	125 X 457 125 X 610	375 527	95 05	32 57	14 17
FFL	125 X 914	832	95	140	14
FFL	150 X 457	375	82	25	14
FFL	150 X 610	527	82	51	14
	150 X 914	832	82	127	14
	200 X 457 200 X 610	368 521	75 75	22	14 17
FFL	200 X 914	826	75	102	14
FFL .	250 X 457	368	69	19	11
FFL	250 X 610	521	69	32	11
FFL	250 X 914	826	69	76	11
FFL	300 X 610 300 X 914	521 826	66 66	25 64	11 11
FFL	350 X 914	826	59	32	11
FFL	400 X 914	826	52	25	11

PIPING CROSSING BUILDING JOINTS

Buildings or portions of buildings that will move differently in an earthquake are separated by building joints to prevent catastrophic structural damage. For very small amounts of relative displacement it is possible for piping systems crossing building joints to operate without damage or special design.

For larger amounts of differential motion the piping system can be designed to accept the motion. A typical pipe run is shown in Figure 1. The entire pipe run must be analyzed for possible excessive motion problems and potential failure of pipe supports. Failure of rigid piping connections to equipment is a real possibility, especially if the equipment is attached to very short pipe branches. Installation of flex connectors on the equipment piping connections may be necessary to insure these very vulnerable connections are protected.





There are several advantages when using Flexible Braided Vees over traditional flexible connectors.

Advantage #1: Flexible Braided Vees do not require anchorage for piping pressure thrust. This is a huge advantage. All inline expansion devices must be installed in anchored systems. The forces on the anchors are a function of the pressure x the effective area. In some cases the anchors must be designed for the test pressures. This requires welded steel members to attach the piping to the building. And the building must be designed for this continuous operating load. Flexible Braided Vees are pressure balanced and applies zero pressure thrust on the building. Welded anchor members are not required. In most cases the standard seismic braces can be used to act as anchors. The small forces allow the piping to be vibration isolated without serious short-circuits.

Advantage #2: Floating flanges on both ends of the flanged Vee allow the Vee to be rotated in any direction, to minimize space requirements and fit into ceilings and other confined spaces.

Advantage #3: The Vee design allows standard Vees to be nested to minimize space and simplify support.

Advantage #4: Vees have a very low spring rate. Mason Flexible Braided Vees consist of (2) very flexible braided hose sections connected by hard elbows. The hoses are designed to offer maximum flexibility with close pitched corrugations. This reduces the spring rate of the hose, further reducing loads on the structure. The low forces and subsequent lack of required anchors and guides represent a huge advantage in installation and long term operation of piping systems. We have been able to use Vees instead of more traditional expansion compensators on many projects. They are becoming the new standard for both thermal and seismic movement allowance.

Flexible Braided Vee installation details are shown on the following pages:

FM79 - Mason VFL Vee on a single pipe restrained with Mason SSBS seismic braces.

FM80 - Mason VFL Vee on multiple pipes support by a trapeze and restrained with Mason SSBS seismic braces.

FM81 - Mason VFL Vee on a single pipe, supported by Mason 30N spring hangers and restrained with Mason SCB/SCBH cable braces.

Refer to FM82 for more information on the Mason VFL Vee.

Refer to FM86 for the specification for the Mason VFL Vee.

For very large pipe sizes it may be necessary to utilize Mason ASG Sliding Guides at Vee locations. Refer to FM87 for more information.

1ASON INDUST







RIES.



NOTES:

- 1) Insulation shall be installed to maintain proper vapor barrier without inhibiting, restricting or preventing movement of the flexible vee.
- 2) Flexible vees are designed and usable for expansion and contraction applications, provided each individual application has been engineered.
 3) Seismic bracing shall not pass through building seismic and/or expansion and contraction oints. Seismic bracing shall not connect or tie
- together different sides or parts of the building structure.
- 4) Flexible vees installed in any orientation other than hanging straight down, shall require the installation of a support at the support clip to prevent Flexible vee from sagging. This additional support shall include a spring hanger so as to not inhibit, restrict or prevent movement of the flexible vee.




Flexible vees are designed and usable for expansion and contraction applications, provided each individual application has been engineered.
 Seismic bracing shall not pass through building seismic and/or expansion and contraction oints. Seismic bracing shall not connect or tie

- together different sides or parts of the building structure.
- 4) Flexible vees installed in any orientation other than hanging straight down, shall require the installation of a support at the support clip to prevent flexible vee from sagging. This additional support shall include a spring hanger so as to not inhibit, restrict or prevent movement of the flexible vee.





NOTES:

- 1) Insulation shall be installed to maintain proper vapor barrier without inhibiting, restricting or preventing movement of the flexible vee.
- 2) Flexible vees are designed and usable for expansion and contraction applications, provided each individual application has been engineered.
 3) Seismic bracing shall not pass through building seismic and/or expansion and contraction oints. Seismic bracing shall not connect or tie together different sides or parts of the building structure.
- 4) Flexible vees installed in any orientation other than hanging straight down, shall require the installation of a support at the support clip to prevent flexible vee from sagging. This additional support shall include a spring hanger so as to not inhibit, restrict or prevent movement of the flexible vee.



VFL 60VEE SS BRAIDED HOSE WITH CARBON STEEL FLOATING FLANGES



RATED PRESSURES @

SATURATED STEAM

ELEVAII	<u>-</u>		EKA	IUKE	. (JSI) (K	.y/cm)	RECOMMENDED FRESSORE LIMITS					
Hose Size (in) <i>(mm)</i>		250°F 121°C Factor 0.92		350°F 176°C Factor 0.86		450°F 232°C Factor 0.81			S (in)	ize (mm)	M Ga (psi) <i>(i</i>	ax uge kg/cm²)	Te Refe (F)	mp rence <i>(°C)</i>
2 5	5	330	23	310	21	290	20		2	50	150	11	362	183
21/2 6	5	270	19	250	17	235	16		21/	2 65	125	9	355	179
3 8	70	260	18	240	16	230	16		3	80	125	9	355	179
4 10	10	210	15	200	14	190	13		4	100	125	9	355	179
5 12	25	190	13	180	12	170	11		5	125	100	7	337	169
6 15	50	190	13	180	12	170	11		6	150	100	7	337	169
8 20	10	190	13	180	12	170	11		8	200	75	5	320	160
10 25	10	160	11	150	10	140	9		10	250	60	4	307	153
12 30	10	160	11	150	10	140	9		12	300	60	4	307	153

1 1 11 1

RATED MOVEMENTS

±4"(100mm) All Directional Seismic Movement ±6"(150mm) Guided Thermal Movement Only

Туре	Pipe Size & Face to Face (in)	Live Length (in)	Corru- gations per foot	A (in)	B (in)	C (in)	Rated Pressure @70°F (psi)					
VFL	2 X 33	20	58	231/4	241/4	25	360					
VFL	21/2 X 37	22	48	26	27	273/4	290					
VFL	3 X 42	24	46	287/8	301/8	311/8	280					
VFL	4 X 49	26	32	321/2	333/4	343/4	225					
VFL	5 X 58	30	29	38	391/2	401/2	200					
VFL	6 X 66	33	25	425/8	441/8	453/8	200					
VFL	8 X 80	36	23	491/4	50 ^{3/4}	52	200					
VFL	10 X 96	42	21	581/2	60 ^{1/4}	61 ^{3/4}	170					
VFL	12 X 112	48	20	673/4	69 ^{1/2}	71	170					

VFL DIMENSIONS AND PRESSURE RATINGS (American Units) VF

Vacuum rating varies with size and application. Consult factory on all vacuum applications.

Our steam service ratings are very low in the interest of safety although our 70°F (21°C) pressure ratings are as high or higher then our competitors. All locations where failure could lead to personal injury or suffocation must be avoided. In dangerous locations we suggest housed expansion joints, solid loops, ball joints, packed devices etc. rather than thin walled flexible products regardless of manufacturer.

Consult factory with full location description as well as service conditions for higher pressure or temperature applications.

304 SS can be used up to 850°F (454°C) in applications such as engine exhaust.

When using VFL products in copper or brass water or steam systems, dielectric flanges must be used on each end to prevent leakage from galvanic action.

VFL DIMENSIONS AND PRESSURE RATINGS (Metric Units)

Туре	Pipe Size & Face to Face (mm)	Live Length (mm)	Corru- gations per meter	A (mm)	В (<i>mm</i>)	C (mm)	Rated Pressure @21°C (kg/cm²)
VFL	50 X 838	508	190	591	616	635	25
VFL	65 X 940	559	157	660	686	705	20
VFL	80 X 1067	610	151	733	765	791	19
VFL	100 X 1245	660	105	826	857	883	16
VFL	125 X 1473	762	95	965	1003	1029	14
VFL	150 X 1676	838	82	1083	1121	1153	14
VFL	200 X 2032	914	75	1251	1289	1321	14
VFL	250 X 2438	1067	69	1486	1530	1568	12
VFL	300 X 2849	1219	66	1721	1765	1803	12

03/2020

Face to Face Tolerance: minus 1% plus 3%. Minimum Burst is four times the Rated Pressure. Safety factor of 4. Size 12" (300mm) has double braid.

Page

M82

350 Rabro Drive • Hauppauge, NY 11788 • 631/348-0282 • FAX 631/348-0279 2101 W. Crescent Ave., Suite D • Anaheim, CA 928017 • 714/535-2727 • FAX 714/535-5738 Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com

5

FLEXIBLE CONNECTIONS FOR INLINE COIL PIPING CONNECTIONS

Broken piping connections on inline coils installed in ceiling spaces have caused a great deal of damage in earthquakes. The small piping is typically unbraced. The duct may be braced or unbraced. In either case the differential motion of the piping and coil section has caused problems. The piping itself does not break; instead it is the smaller copper tubes connecting to the coils that have failed. This problem has been generally addressed in several places in ASCE 7 and specifically in a bracing exception for inline coils in section 13.6.7:

Components that are installed in-line with the duct system and have an operating weight greater than 75 lb. (334 N), such as fans, heat exchangers, and humidifiers, shall be supported and laterally braced independent of the duct system and such braces shall meet the force requirements of Section 13.3.1. Appurtenances such as dampers, louvers, and diffusers shall be positively attached with mechanical fasteners. *Unbraced piping attached to in-line equipment shall be provided with adequate flexibility to accommodate differential displacements.*

The "adequate flexibility" requirement can be explained:

- 1. Unbraced piping must have adequate flexibility to accommodate differential displacements of the piping and component. This is usually achieved by using flexible connectors on the piping connections. *This applies to piping attached to all inline components, seismically braced or unbraced, regardless of weight.*
- 2. Braced piping attached to seismically braced or unbraced components require flexible connectors per the code.
- 3. For components with an Ip=1.5 the design engineer should require the coil manufacturer to supply "acceptable nozzle loads" so a flexible connector can be selected to accept the differential displacement without breaking the piping nozzle. For components with an Ip=1.0 the design engineer should verify that the connections will remain intact since a broken piping connection is a life safety hazard.

Installing straight braided hoses at the piping connection can provide adequate flexibility for side to side motions, but for all directional motion Mason Flexible Braided Vees should be installed. Figure 1 shows an unbraced inline coil with Flexible Braided Vees installed on the piping at the coil piping connections.



The installation of Flexible Braided Vees is also required on inline coils that are seismically braced. Figure 2 shows the installation with Mason SCB/SCBH Seismic Cable Braces attached to a threaded rod and horizontal strut assembly. The struts must be attached to the coil section housing carefully with sheet metal screws.



Mason Industries has tested Flexible Braided Vees under a range of operating pressures and has published the forces developed by the vee at 2" and 4" of differential displacement in all directions. See Figure 3. Equipment coil connections should be designed to accept these forces to insure that the piping connection will remain intact in an earthquake.

Refer to page FM85 for more information.

TEST DATA VCPSB Bronze Braided Vee with Copper Sweat Ends

SEISMIC TRAVEL

Force Required to Move Standard Length VCPSB

			2"	50mm	ment (ll	os) <i>(k</i> g	g)	4" 100mm Max Seismic Movement (lbs) (kg)								
Type &	Pre	ssure					Tr	ans-					Tra	ans-		
Size	(psi) ((kg/cm²)	A	xial	Ve	Vertical		Verse		xial	Vertical		Verse			
	0	0	1	1 0.5		0.5	1	0.5	2	0.9	1	0.5	2	0.9		
1/2" 15mm	50	3.5	1	0.5	1	0.5	2	0.5	3	1.4	1	0.5	3	1.4		
VCPSB	100	7.0	2	0.5	1	0.5	2	0.5	3	1.4	1	0.5	3	1.4		
	175	12.3	2	2 0.5 1		0.5	2	0.5	3	1.4	2	0.5	4	1.8		
	0	0	2	0.5	1	0.5	2	0.9	3	1.4	3	1.4	4	1.8		
3/4" 20mm	50	3.5	2	0.5	2	0.5	2	0.9	4	1.8	4	1.8	4	1.8		
VCPSB	100	7.0	2	0.5	2	0.5	4	1.8	5	2.3	5	2.3	6	2.7		
	175	12.3	3	1.4	2	0.5	5	2.3	6	2.7	7	3.2	8	3.6		
	0	0	2	0.5	3	1.4	3	1.4	3	1.4	4	1.8	5	2.3		
1" 25mm	50	3.5	2	0.5	3	1.4	3	1.4	3	1.4	5	2.3	7	3.2		
VCPSB	100	7.0	2	0.5	4	1.8	4	1.8	4	1.8	7	3.2	8	3.6		
	175	12.3	3	1.4	6	2.7	5	2.3	7	3.2	8	3.6	10	4.5		
					Figure 3											

Refer to page FM85 for more information on the Mason VCPSB Flexible Braided Vee.

03/2020



FM84

VIASON INDUSTRIES, INC.350 Rabro Drive • Hauppauge, NY 11788 • 631/348-0282 • FAX 631/348-02792101 W. Crescent Ave., Suite D • Anaheim, CA 928017 • 714/535-2727 • FAX 714/535-5738Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com

VCPSB BRONZE BRAIDED 60VEE HOSE WITH COPPER FEMALE SWEAT ENDS



CLIP THICKNESS

	STAINLESS	STEEL SUPP	ORT CLIP
ł	Pipe	SUPPORT	CLIP
	Size	Hole Diameter	Thickness
	(in) <i>(mm)</i>	(in) (mm)	(in) <i>(mm)</i>
	1/2 13 3/4 20 1 25 11/4 32 11/2 40	1/2 13 1/2 13 1/2 13 1/2 13 1/2 13 1/2 13	1/8 3 1/8 3 1/8 3 1/8 3 1/8 3 1/8 3
IL	2 50	5/8 16	1/8 <i>3</i>
	21/2 65	5/8 16	1/8 <i>3</i>
	3 80	3/4 19	1/8 <i>3</i>
	4 100	3/4 19	1/8 <i>3</i>

RATED PRESSURES @ ELEVATED TEMPERATURES (psi) (kg/cm²)

Ho	se	150	° F	300	°F	400°F		
Siz	ze	66°	°C	149	°℃	204°C		
(in) ((mm)	Factor	0.92	Factor	∙ 0.83	Factor 0.78		
1/2	15	460	32	415	29	390	27	
3/4	20	432	30	390	27	367	25	
1	25	414	29	373	26	351	24	
11/4	32	368	25	332	23	312	22	
11/2	40	308	21	278	19	261	18	
2	50	216	15	195	13	183	13	
21/2	65	212	15	191	13	179	12	
3	80	207	14	187	12	175	12	
4	100	202	14	183	12	172	12	

When using VCPSB products in stainless steel water systems, dielectric unions must be used on each end to prevent leakage from galvanic action.

INSTALLATION:

- 1. Thoroughly clean male and female ends using steel wool and steel brushes.
- 2. Apply flux.
- 3. Wrap base of copper fitting on connector and 2" (50mm) of the braid with a wet cloth to prevent overheating during soldering.
- 4. Direct the torch away from the base of the copper fitting and braided section. Avoid contact of the flame with the base of the copper fitting and braid.
- Heat end of copper fitting for proper flow of silver solder.
 Silver solder flows at approximately 430°F (*221°C*).
 Use caution with brazing rod or other higher temperature temperature.
- techniques. Overheating will cause leaks. 6. Remove wet cloth and remove all soldering flux
- immediately after installation. Flux chlorides will cause premature failure of joint.

RATED MOVEMENTS

±4"(100mm) All Directional Seismic Movement
±6"(150mm) Guided Thermal Movement Only

VCPSB DIMENSIONS AND PRESSURE RATINGS (American Units)

Туре	Tubing Size & End to End (in)	Live Length (in)	Corru- gations per foot	A (in)	B (in)	C (in)	Rated Pressure @70°F (psi)
VCPSB	1/2x211/2	14	73	15	157/8	16 ^{3/8}	500
VCPSB	3/4x215/8	15	67	15 ^{3/} 4	161/2	17	470
VCPSB	1 x 243/8	16	58	17	177/8	183/8	450
VCPSB	11/4 x 263/4	17	55	183/8	191/8	195/8	400
VCPSB	11/2 x 301/8	19	53	205/8	213/8	217/8	335
VCPSB	2x343/8	20	51	221/2	231/2	241/8	235
VCPSB	21/2x40	22	34	257/8	263/4	273/8	230
VCPSB	3x45	24	30	285/8	297/8	303/4	225
VCPSB	4x531/8	26	28	323/8	335/8	341/2	220

Vacuum rating varies with size and application. Consult factory on all vacuum applications.

VCPSB DIMENSIONS AND PRESSURE RATINGS (Metric Units)

Т Туре	ubing Size & End to End (<i>mm</i>)	Live Length (<i>mm</i>)	Corru- gations per meter	A (<i>mm</i>)	В (<i>mm</i>)	C (<i>mm</i>)	Rated Pressure @21°C (kg/cm²)
VCPSB	15x546	356	240	381	403	416	34
VCPSB	20x549	381	220	400	419	432	32
VCPSB	25 x 594	406	190	432	454	468	31
VCPSB	32 x 679	432	180	467	486	498	28
VCPSB	40 x 765	483	174	524	543	556	23
VCPSB	50 x 873	508	167	572	597	613	16
VCPSB	65 x 1016	559	112	657	679	695	16
VCPSB	80 x 1143	610	98	727	759	781	15
VCPSB	100 x 1349	660	92	822	854	876	15

End to End Tolerance: minus 1% plus 3%. Minimum Burst is four times the Rated Pressure. Safety factor of 4. Female end fits over copper tubing, e.g. $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{211}{2}$ (15 x 546mm) fits over $\frac{1}{2}$ (15mm) tubing.





Mason Flexible Braided Vees - Specification

Flexible Braided Vees shall consist of two braided hoses joined by a 60° Vee fitting at the base and 120° return elbows. Flexible vees for steel pipe shall be manufactured using type 304 stainless steel hose and braid. Raised-face free-floating carbon steel flanges may be used on each end in sizes 2" through 12" (50mm through 300mm) to allow for misalignment of piping flange holes and to allow for 360° rotation during installation. Fixed flanges are not acceptable. Carbon steel grooved ends may be used in sizes 2" through 12" (50mm through 200mm). Welding is not acceptable. Carbon steel threaded male ends may be used in sizes 1/2" through 4" (13mm through 100mm). Flexible vees for copper pipe shall be manufactured using bronze hose and braid with copper sweat ends. Size 4" (100mm) or smaller, with copper sweat ends, may have stainless steel hose and braid for gas service or bronze hose and braid for water service. All flexible braided stainless steel hoses used in the flexible vees shall have close pitch with the following minimum number of corrugations per foot (CPF) of hose length:

Size (in)	1/2	3/4	1	1-1/4	1-1/2	2	2-1/2	3	4	5	6	8	10	12
Size (mm)	15	20	25	32	40	50	65	80	100	125	150	200	250	300
CPF	92	80	72	67	63	58	48	46	32	29	25	23	21	20

All flexible braided bronze hoses used in the flexible vees shall have close pitch with the following minimum number of corrugations per foot (CPF) of hose length:

Size (in)	1/2	3/4	1	1-1/4	1-1/2	2	2-1/2	3	4
Size (mm)	15	20	25	32	40	50	65	80	100
CPF	73	67	58	55	53	51	34	30	28

All flexible braided hoses used in the flexible vees shall have the minimum hose live length (MLL) as follows:

Size (in)	1/2	3/4	1	2-1/2	1-1/2	2	2-1/2	3	4	5	6	8	10	12
MLL (in)	14	15	16	17	19	20	22	24	26	30	33	36	42	48
Size (mm)	15	20	25	32	40	50	65	80	100	125	150	200	250	300
MLL (mm)	350	375	400	425	475	500	550	600	650	750	825	900	1050	1200

Flexible vees shall be capable of plus or minus 4" (100mm) seismic motion in all planes and 6" (150mm) axial piping expansion and contraction. Flexible vees shall have a minimum burst pressure of four times their rated pressure at 70° F (21° C). Forces required to displace flexible vees under operating pressure shall be determined by testing, and certified by a professional engineer. Submittals shall include original test data showing force/displacement, fittings, material, live lengths, number of corrugations per foot and safety factor at pressure ratings. Flexible vees shall be type VMN, VGWN, VCPSB, or VFL as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.



MASON ASG ADJUSTABLE SLIDING GUIDES FOR PIPING

Mason ASG pipe guides have many advantages over standard spider guides including:

- 1. ASG pipe guides are adjustable to handle different insulation thickness.
- 2. ASG pipe guides are fabricated with stainless steel sliding surfaces to reduce friction and avoid corrosion issues that can lead to failure.
- 3. ASG pipe guides are supplied with multiple holes to facilitate easy bolting to different steel beams and concrete walls and slabs.
- ASG pipe guides have published load ratings and can be installed in various positions including base mounted, overhead, or on walls.



ASG WELDED POSITIONS and WELD LOCATIONS



Refer to page FM88 for ASG dimensions and details. Refer to FM90 for the ASG specification.



ASG ASSEMBLY



ASG LOWER POSITION CL & HL

ASG UPPER POSITION CU & HU Sizes 1" to 16" for 3" to 4" Insulation

Sizes	3/4" to	16" 2 ¹ /2" li	nsulation M	Ax. Note: 3/4" size cannot be raised									······································	1 m
Dino	G Pipe	Overall Height without	Maximum Insulation				Dine	Q Pipe	Overall Height without	Maximum Insulation	ASG	Rated		
Sizo			Lower Desition	Δ	В	W	Sizo	reign		Linner Position	Pipe	Base Mounted	Rated Hanging	Rated Transverse
(in)	(in)	(in)	(in)	(in)	(in)	(in)	(in)	(in)	(in)	(in)	(in)	(lbs)	(lbs)	(lbs)
3/4	33/4	41/2	2	51/2	63/4	31/4	3/4	33/4	41/2	2	3/4	1200	1200	750
1	41/8	5	2	6	71/4	35/8	1	51/8	6	3	1	1200	1200	750
11/4	43/8	53/8	2	6	71/4	4	11/4	53/8	63/8	3	11/4	1200	1200	750
11/2	41/2	55/8	2	6	71/4	41/4	11/2	51/2	65/8	3	11/2	1200	1200	750
2	43/4	61/8	2	6	71/4	43/4	2	53/4	71/2	3	2	1200	1200	750
21/2	5	65/8	2	6	71/4	51/4	21/2	6	75/8	3	21/2	1200	1200	750
3	53/8	71/4	21/2	61/2	73/4	6	3	63/8	81/4	3	3	1850	1700	1000
4	65/8	9	21/2	71/4	81/2	71/4	4	81/8	101/2	4	4	1900	1800	1050
5	71/8	101/16	21/2	8	91/4	81/2	5	85/8	119/16	4	5	1925	1830	1100
6	75/8	111/8	21/2	83/4	10	91/2	6	91/8	125/8	4	6	1950	1950	1300
8	9	131/2	21/2	101/2	121/4	113/4	8	101/2	15	4	8	3050	2775	1850
10	103/4	161/4	21/2	111/2	131/4	145/8	10	121/4	173/4	4	10	5550	4350	2750
12	117/8	183/4	21/2	13	143/4	163/4	12	133/8	201/4	4	12	5600	5600	3950
14	125/8	20	21/2	16	173/4	181/8	14	141/8	211/2	4	14	7000	7000	5500
16	137/8	221/4	21/2	181/2	201/2	201/2	16	153/8	233/4	4	16	8800	8800	7300

Copper pipe will require Dielectric Spacers supplied by Mason. Safety Factor of 5.

03/2020



Page

350 Rabro Drive • Hauppauge, NY 11788 • 631/348-0282 • FAX 631/348-0279 2101 W. Crescent Ave., Suite D • Anaheim, CA 928017 • 714/535-2727 • FAX 714/535-5738 Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com

1ASON INDUSTRIES,



ASG LOWER POSITION CL & HL

ASG UPPER POSITION CU & HUASG LOAD RATINGS Sizes 1 to 16 76 to 102mm Insulation +

Sizes 3/4 t	o 16	64mm l	nsulation M	ax.				Note: A	SG-3/4 canno	t be raised	$\square \land \square$		1 m
	Pine	C Pipe	Overall Height without	Maximum Insulation Thickness				C Pipe	Overall Height without	Maximum Insulation Thickness	Rated		
Туре	Size	C	H	Lower Position	A	В	W	CII	HII	Upper Position	Pipe Load	Pipe Load	Pine Load
& Size	(mm)	(<i>mm</i>)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(kgs)	(kgs)	(kgs)
ASG-3/4	20	95	114	51	140	172	83	95	114	51	544	544	340
ASG-1	25	105	127	51	152	184	92	130	152	76	544	544	340
ASG-11/4	32	111	137	51	152	184	102	137	162	76	544	544	340
ASG-11/2	40	114	143	51	152	184	108	140	168	76	544	544	340
ASG-2	50	121	156	51	152	184	121	146	181	76	544	544	340
ASG-21/2	65	127	168	51	152	184	133	152	194	76	544	544	340
ASG-3	80	137	184	64	164	196	152	162	210	76	839	771	454
ASG-4	100	168	229	64	184	216	184	206	267	102	862	816	476
ASG-5	125	181	255	64	204	235	216	219	294	102	873	830	499
ASG-6	150	194	283	64	222	254	240	232	321	102	885	885	590
ASG-8	200	229	343	64	267	311	298	267	381	102	1383	1259	839
ASG-10	250	273	413	64	292	337	372	311	451	102	2517	1973	1247
ASG-12	300	302	476	64	330	375	426	340	514	102	2540	2540	1792
ASG-14	350	321	508	64	406	451	460	359	546	102	3175	3175	2495
ASG-16	400	352	565	64	470	521	521	391	603	102	3992	3992	3311

Copper pipe will require Dielectric Spacers supplied by Mason. Safety Factor of 5.



ASON INDUSTRIES, INC 350 Rabro Drive • Hauppauge, NY 11788 • 631/348-0282 • FAX 631/348-0279 2101 W. Crescent Ave., Suite D • Anaheim, CA 928017 • 714/535-2727 • FAX 714/535-5738 Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com



Mason Adjustable Sliding Guide Specification

Pipe guides shall be manufactured with stainless steel wrapping the carbon steel sliding foot where it passes through horizontal U guides similarly lined to prevent corrosion. Sliding guides must allow 4" (100mm) axial movements for pipe sizes 3/4" through 2-1/2" (19 through 63mm), and 6" (150mm) axial movement for pipe sizes 3" through 12" (75 through 300mm). Should motion exceed these numbers, guides must be built to order.

Height must be adjustable to accept different thicknesses of insulation up to 4" (100mm). The base plate shall have multiple holes for bolting to beam flanges or flat surfaces. Bases may be welded into position in lieu of bolting.

Load ratings shall be determined by testing, and certified by a professional engineer. Load ratings shall include both pipe support and guide loads for all guide orientations including bottom mounted, overhead, side mounted or riser positioning. Sliding Guide shall be type ASG as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.



PIPING RISER SUPPORTS AND SEISMIC RESTRAINT

Piping risers for most HVAC systems should be designed with welded steel or soldered copper pipe. If standard grooved pipe couplings are used they must be pre-extended during construction to avoid excessive expansion of riser when pressurized. This is a difficult process, so rigid type grooved couplings should be considered. Riser clamps should be welded to steel pipe. Riser clamps can be clamped to copper risers but a split coupling should be soldered above the clamp to eliminate slippage.

The water column load can be carried up the riser and shared by multiple supports to distribute piping loads out to many floors. Since most risers undergo significant thermal change during operation flexible SLF spring supports or 30N hangers must be used. In general springs with higher deflections are used at locations with higher pipe growth to minimize the change in floor loads. Branch piping and horizontal mains must be flexibly supported and designed to allow riser motion without excessive stress. Pipe expansion/contraction will occur around a point of zero motion as defined by support stiffness considerations (including riser supports, branch piping supports and main piping supports).

Risers may be free-floating or anchored. Mason ADA anchors can be used but they must be designed for a theoretical no support load and to resist upward motion when water is drained from riser. Mason VSG guides must be pre-extended to design clearances and held with a shear pin to facilitate proper installation. VSG guides also allows angular offset of the riser to compensate for floor drift in an earthquake. Guides support no dead load during installation or normal operation but will act as emergency support in a catastrophic situation.

Riser installation details are included on pages FM92-95.

1ASON

Mason 2" deflection SLF spring mounts are included on FM96. These are one example of the many spring sizes and rated deflection that can be used as riser supports.

Mason 2" deflection 30N Spring Hanger an included on FM97.

Mason VSG Vertical Sliding Guide product information is included on page FM98.

Mason ADA All Directional Anchor product information is included on page FM99.



350 Rabro Drive • Hauppauge, NY 11788 • 631/348-0282 • FAX 631/348-0279 2101 W. Crescent Ave., Suite D • Anaheim, CA 928017 • 714/535-2727 • FAX 714/535-5738 Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com

INDUSTRIES.

Page

FM9









SLF 2" 51mm DEFLECTION 100 SERIES SPRING MOUNTS



Cap Screw secures Height Saving Bracket (or Equipment Base) to Tapped Concentric Hole in Mounting Adjustment Bolt.

All springs have additional travel to solid equal to 50% of the rated deflection.

Solid Spring Height = Free Height minus 1.5 times Rated Deflection.

OD/OH = Ration of Spring Outside Diameter to Operating Height =0.82 - 1.15

Holders for mounts SLF-101 thru SLF-117 are castings. Holders for mounts SLF-118 are steel.

Type SLF Load Ratings and Dimensions

Type and Size	Ra Cap (lbs)	ited acity <i>(kg)</i>	Rat De (in) <i>(i</i>	ed fl. mm)	Sp Cor (lbs/in)	oring hstant (kg/mm)	Spring Color/ Stripe	Spr O	Spring ing D	g Only Fre Hei	ee ght	Free Op Hi	e & er t	L A	٨	B		Adjust- ment Bolt AB	Locking Cap Screw CS
SLF-101 SLF-102 SLF-103 SLF-104 SLF-105 SLF-106 SLF-107	125 200 310 500 740 1050 1400	57 91 141 227 336 476 635	2.50 2.50 2.50 2.50 2.40 2.10 2.00	64 64 64 61 53 51	50 80 125 200 310 500 700	0.89 1.42 2.20 3.55 5.51 8.98 12.45	Purple Brown Pink Green Red White Blue	33/4 33/4 33/4 33/4 33/4 33/4 33/4	95 95 95 95 95 95 95	53/4 53/4 53/4 53/4 53/4 57/8 57/8	146 146 146 146 146 149 149	71/4	184	41/4	108	43/4	120	^{7/8x53/4} x 146	1/2x11/4 x 34
SLF-108 SLF-109 SLF-110 SLF-111	1660 2250 3000 4000	753 1021 1361 1814	2.05 2.00 2.00 2.00	52 51 51 51	810 1125 1500 2000	14.48 20.02 26.69 35.57	Silver Orange Gray Tan	41/2 41/2 5 5	114 114 127 127	63/4 71/2 71/2 71/2	171 191 191 191	83/8 9 9 9	213 229 229 229	5 5 51/2 51/2	127 127 140 140	51/4 51/4 61/2 61/2	133 133 165 165	7/8x53/4 x 146	1/2x11/4 x 34
SLF-112 SLF-113 SLF-114 SLF-115	5300 7100 9300 12600	2404 3221 4218 5715	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	51 51 51 51	2665 3550 4650 6300	47.14 63.16 82.71 112.06	Black Yellow Blue/Orng Blue/Red	51/2 6 63/4 63/4	140 152 171 171	81/2 83/4 10 10	216 222 254 254	101/8 101/2 12 12	257 267 305 305	6 65/8 71/2 71/2	152 168 191 191	7 71/2 71/2 71/2 71/2	178 191 191 191	1 x 6 x 152 11/4x6	1/2x11/4 x 34 5/8x11/2x38
SLF-116 SLF-117 SLF-118	16800 28500 40000	7620 12927 18144	2.00 2.55 2.10	51 65 53	8400 11175 19000	149.41 198.88 342.34	Blue/White Blue/Silver Blue/Gray	73/4 83/4 93/8	197 222 238	101/8 131/8 131/8	257 333 333	13 16 16	330 406 406	81/2 91/2 101/2	216 241 267	81/2 91/2 101/2	216 241 267	11/2 x 8 x 203 2 x 8	3/4x2 x 51 1x21/2 x64

Page

FM96

350 Rabro Drive • Hauppauge, NY 11788 • 631/348-0282 • FAX 631/348-0279 2101 W. Crescent Ave., Suite D • Anaheim, CA 928017 • 714/535-2727 • FAX 714/535-5738 Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com

ASON INDUSTRIES,

30N 2" 51mm DEFLECTION 100 SERIES SPRING HANGERS

NOTE: Illustration shows typical construction. Components vary depending on capacity.



TYPE 30N	RATING	s							
Type and Size	Ra Cap (lbs)	ted acity (<i>kg</i>)	Ra Defle (in)	ated ection† (<i>mm</i>)	Sp Cons (Ibs/in)	oring tant†† (<i>kg/mm</i>)	Avg Defle (in)	LDS ection (<i>mm</i>)	Spring Color/ Stripe
30N-101 30N-102 30N-103 30N-104 30N-105 30N-106 30N-107 30N-108 30N-109 30N-110 30N-111 30N-111 30N-111 30N-1113 30N-114	125 200 310 500 740 1400 1660 2250 3000 4000 5300 7100 9300 12600	57 91 141 227 336 476 635 753 1021 1361 1814 2404 3221 4218 5715	2.90 2.90 2.90 2.80 2.50 2.40 2.45 2.40 2.40 2.40 2.40 2.40 2.40 2.40 2.40	74 74 74 71 64 61 61 61 61 61 61	50 80 125 200 310 500 700 810 1125 1500 2060 2665 3550 4650 6300	0.77 1.23 1.91 3.07 4.73 7.44 10.41 12.15 16.74 22.31 29.74 39.41 52.80 69.15 93.69	0.4	10	Purple Brown Pink Green Red White Blue Silver Orange Gray Tan Black Yellow Blue/Or Blue/Rd

[†] includes double deflection LDS Rubber element.
^{††}applies to spring only.

TYPE 30N DIMENSIONS

Size	D –	Depth	H - H	leight	W -	Width	LR	RP	UF	RP	Μ	RD	SF	RD
Range	(in)	(<i>mm</i>)	(in)	(<i>mm</i>)	(in)	(<i>mm</i>)	(in) (mm)	(in)	(<i>mm</i>)	(in)	(<i>mm</i>)	(in)	(<i>mm</i>)
30N-101	5	127	131/2	343	6	152	71/2	191	31/4	83	7/8	22	5/8	16
30N-102	5	127	131/2	343	6	152	71/2	191	31/4	83	7/8	22	5/8	16
30N-103	5	127	131/2	343	6	152	71/2	191	31/4	83	7/8	22	5/8	16
30N-104	5	127	131/2	343	6	152	71/2	191	31/4	83	7/8	22	5/8	16
30N-105	5	127	131/2	343	6	152	71/2	191	31/4	83	7/8	22	5/8	16
30N-106	5	127	131/2	343	6	152	71/2	191	31/4	83	7/8	22	5/8	16
30N-107	5	127	131/2	343	6	152	71/2	191	31/4	83	7/8	22	5/8	16
30N-108	6	152	153/8	391	71/4	184	11	279	31/4	83	7/8	22	5/8	16
30N-109	6	152	153/8	391	71/4	184	11	279	31/4	83	7/8	22	5/8	16
30N-110	6	152	16	406	71/4	184	111/2	292	31/4	83	7/8	22	3/4	19
30N-111	6	152	16	406	71/4	184	111/2	292	31/4	83	7/8	22	3/4	19
30N-112	7	178	17	432	91/4	235	121/4	311	31/4	83	11/8	29	7/8	22
30N-113	7	178	17	432	91/4	235	121/4	311	31/4	83	11/8	29	7/8	22
30N-114	8	203	22	559	10	254	151/2	394	61/2	165	11/8	29	1	25
30N-115	8	203	22	559	10	254	151/2	394	61/2	165	11/8	29	1	25

LDS stands for Low Dynamic Stiffness AASHTO Bridge Bearing Natural Rubber to minimize noise and vibration transmission. Maximum Dynamic Stiffness is 1.4.

LRP - Lower Rod Pe	enetration
URP - Upper Rod Pe	enetration
MRD - Maximum Ro	d Diameter
SRD - Minimum Roc	l Diameter
(to maintain s	pring stability)

All springs have additional travel to solid equal to 50% of the Rated Deflection. Hanger elements have straight line deflection curves.



VASON INDUSTRIES, INC. 350 Rabro Drive • Hauppauge, NY 11788 • 631/348-0282 • FAX 631/348-0279 2101 W. Crescent Ave., Suite D • Anaheim, CA 928017 • 714/535-2727 • FAX 714/535-5738 Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com 03/2020 Page



SG VERTICAL SLIDING PIPE GUIDES



DH MH DHH MH 31/4" 83mm 15/8" *41mm* DOWNWARD UPWARD or DOWNWARD MOVEMENT MOVEMENT SETTING SETTING

Each pair of VSG guides provides high frequency noise and vibration isolation for those locations where movement must be guided in the axial direction.

- Standard VSG Guides can be set to accommodate: a) 0 Upward Movement and 31/4" 83mm Downward Movement. b) 31/4" 83mm Upward Movement and 0 Downward Movement.
 - c) 15/8" 41mm Upward or Downward Movement.
 d) Special settings as required and certified.

Guides are always used in pairs.

When pairs of VSG Guides are used as shown in the illustrations below right, radial motion is controlled while axial motion is guided.





Туре	Size	per Pair (Ibs) (<i>kg</i>)	Deflection (in) (<i>mm</i>)	Pipe Sizes (in) (<i>mm</i>)
VSG- VSGH-	75 200 350	1,000 453 8,000 3629 11,300 5126	0.1 2.5 0.1 2.5 0.1 2.5	thru 5 <i>125</i> 6 <i>150</i> thru 12 <i>300</i> 14 <i>350</i> thru 24 <i>600</i>

Possible

Horizontal

TYPE VSG and VSGH DIMENSIONS (inches and mm)

TYPE VSG and VSGH RATINGS

Horizontal

Capacity

									31/4" Dowr Move	83mm nward ement	31/4" Upv Move	83mm vard ement	15/8" Up or Move	41mm Down ement
Туре	Size	А	В	L	Т	HC	RBD	TH	DH	DHH	UH	UHH	MH	MHH
VSG-	75 200	3 76 41/2 114	3 76 4	61/4 159 93/4 248	1/4 6 3/8	5 127 8 203	3/8 10 5/8 16	1/2-13UNC 7/8-9UNC	101/4 260 101/2 267	101/2 267 107/8 276	7 178 71/4 184	71/4 184 75/8	85/8 219 87/8 225	87/8 225 91/4 235
VSGH-	350	6 152	5 127	11 280	1/2 13	9 229	3/4 19	1-8UNC	103/4 273	270 111/4 <i>286</i>	71/2 <i>191</i>	8 203	91/8 232	233 95/8 244

For use

with



Page

FM98

350 Rabro Drive • Hauppauge, NY 11788 • 631/348-0282 • FAX 631/348-0279 2101 W. Crescent Ave., Suite D • Anaheim, CA 928017 • 714/535-2727 • FAX 714/535-5738 Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com

IASON INDUSTRIES,



ADA(H) ALL DIRECTIONAL ANCHORS FOR PIPE CLAMPS OR GUIDES

ADA



TYPE ADA and ADAH RATINGS

		Ancł Cap per	noring bacity Pair	Rated Defl				
Туре	Size	(lbs)	(kg)	(in) <i>(mm)</i>				
	75	1,000	453	0.1 2.5				
ADA-	200	6,000	2722	0.1 2.5				
	350	24,000	10886	0.1 2.5				
ADAH-	600	60,000	27216	0.1 2.5				
	800	100.000	45359	0.1 2.5				

Each pair of ADA(H) all directional anchors provides high frequency noise and vibration isolation for those locations where movement must be controlled.

When the anchors are attached to piping as shown in the illustrations below, all expansion will be directed from this point.

Anchors are always used in pairs.

	TYPE ADA and ADAH DIMENSIONS (inches and mm) RBD-Required Bolt Dia. for Max. Loading												
Туре	Size	А	Н	L	Т	HC	HH	RBD	TH				
	75	3 76	41/2 <i>114</i>	6 152	1/4 6	5 127	43/4 121	3/8 10	1/2-13UNC				
ADA-	200	4 102	7 178	11 279	3/8 10	81/2 216	73/8 187	5/8 16	5/8-11UNC				
	350	*	71/4 184	12 <i>305</i>	1/2 13	91/2 241	73/4 197	3/4 19	None				
ADAH-	600	9 229	11 279	141/2 <i>368</i>	3/4 19	12 <i>305</i>	113/4 <i>298</i>	11/4 <i>32</i>	None				
	800	11 279	13 1/2 <i>343</i>	171/2 <i>445</i>	1 25	141/2 <i>368</i>	141/2 <i>368</i>	11/2 <i>38</i>	None				

Pipe Clamp (by others) Welded to Pipe *Size 350 –

Top is 5" 127mm x 5" 127mm, Bottom is 6" 152mm x 6" 152mm.

INC



350 Rabro Drive • Hauppauge, NY 11788 • 631/348-0282 • FAX 631/348-0279 2101 W. Crescent Ave., Suite D • Anaheim, CA 928017 • 714/535-2727 • FAX 714/535-5738 Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com

ASON INDUSTRIES,

03/2020 Page



RISER DESIGN EXAMPLE

The 4" CWS & R riser system shown on FM101 is designed per our recommendations.

Please refer to the riser diagram as the system is discussed below.

These condenser water piping risers are designed to be installed at 50°F and operate at 90°F, so the maximum temperature change is 40°F. The risers are a total of 95 feet in overall length. The change in overall length due to thermal growth is small; less than 3/8". But this small amount of expansion would result in a potentially dangerous support condition in a non-engineered riser with pipe clamps on each floor. As the riser expands the supports on the upper floors would lift off the floors, transferring the riser loads to the lower floor supports, assuming the floors and pipe clamps could handle the load. The relative stiffness of the clamps and floors are unknown. The resulting loads are completely unpredictable.

Neoprene pads are not a solution. They are non-adjustable and there is no way to guarantee their deflection at installation or operation. A 1/16" elevation change could double the floor load.

In this case Mason SLF-105 springs are the solution. They are installed at Level 2 and 6. The diagram shows that they are to be initially adjusted to 1.4 inches spring deflection for a total support load of 869 lbs. per pair of springs. Then as the riser expands the springs located on Level 2 will deflect another approximately 1/8 of an inch and support 931 lbs. The springs on Level 6 will unload approximately 1/8 of an inch and support 807 lbs. Mason ADA-75 Anchors are installed on Level 4 to resist any inadvertent pipe motion. Under normal conditions there is no load change on the ADA-75 anchors which is at the zero point of the riser. The initial loads on the springs are set by adjustment bolts and the final load is completely predictable. The flexibility of the spring will easily correct for any variation in floor stiffness or pipe clamp stiffness.

Mason VSG-75 Guides are installed on Levels 1, 3, 5 and PH. Along with the ADA-75 Anchors they will resist pipe sway during normal operation and provide lateral seismic restraint in an earthquake. Maximum horizontal seismic load will occur at the PH due to the increased floor elevation at PH and greater assigned load.

The notes indicate important design considerations and installation requirements including temperature change, load definition, pipe clamp requirements, and branch piping and main horizontal piping support requirements. In general, spring hangers are required to allow connected horizontal piping to move with the riser.

This is a fully engineered riser system that will provide years of trouble free service. The support and guide system is virtually maintenance free. Loads on the building are predictable and will remain consistent throughout the life of the building.

IASON

Page



350 Rabro Drive • Hauppauge, NY 11788 • 631/348-0282 • FAX 631/348-0279 2101 W. Crescent Ave., Suite D • Anaheim, CA 928017 • 714/535-2727 • FAX 714/535-5738 Info@Mason-Ind.com • www.Mason-Ind.com

INDUST

R

Riser Design Example

Maximum Horizontal Seismic Load @1.0g	Anchor, Spring Support or Guide Size	Initial Load @ Initial Spring Deflection	Final Load @ Final Spring Deflection	Thermal Movement	Riser Diagram	Floor Level (Elevation)
410 LBS	(4) VSG-75			0.15"		рн
						(+92'-3")
	(4) SLF-105	869 LBS @ 1.4"	807 LBS @ 1.3"	0.10"		L6
						(+//-3)
393 LBS	(4) VSG-75			0.02"		L5
						(+63'-3")
256 LBS	(4) ADA-75	0"	0"	0.00"		L4
						(+49'-3")
					4" CW	
423 LBS	(4) VSG-75			0.05"		L3
						(+35'-3")
	(4) SLF-105	869 LBS @ 1.4"	931 LBS @ 1.5"	0.10"		L2
						(+17'-0")
301 LBS	(4) VSG-75			0.15"		L1
						(+2'-6")
					,	G

NOTES:

- 1 Maximum temperature change = +40° F
- (2) Loads shown are per pair of supports, guides or anchors.
- ③ Pipe clamps must be capable of accepting vertical loads from riser supports
- (4) Branch piping and main horizontal piping must be supported on spring hangers for the first (3) supports from the riser.





RISER DESIGN AND PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Riser Design Specification:

Risers shall be suspended from 30N spring hangers or supported by SLF spring mounts, anchored with ADA isolated anchors, and guided with VSG sliding guides. Steel springs shall be a minimum of 0.75" deflection except in those expansion locations where additional deflection is required to limit load changes to 25% of the initial load. Suspend branch piping and main piping runs from spring hangers or support on springs mounts for the first (3) locations from the riser. Submittals must include riser diagrams and calculations showing anticipated expansion and contraction at each support point, initial and final loads on the building structure, spring deflection changes and seismic loads. Submittal data shall include certification that the riser system has been examined for excessive stresses and that none will exist in the proposed design.

Supports, Guides and Anchors Specifications:

Spring isolators shall be free standing and laterally stable without any housing and complete with a molded neoprene cup or 1/4" neoprene acoustical friction pad between the base plate and the support. All mountings shall have leveling bolts that must be rigidly bolted to the equipment. Spring diameters shall be no less than 0.8 of the compressed height of the spring at rated load. Springs shall have a minimum additional travel to solid equal to 50% of the rated deflection. Submittals shall include spring diameters, deflection, compressed spring height and solid spring height. Mountings shall be type SLF as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.

Springs hangers shall consist of rigid steel frames containing minimum 1-1/4" thick rubber elements at the top and a steel spring with type SLF general characteristics seated in a steel washer reinforced rubber cup on the bottom. The rubber element and the cup shall have rubber bushings projecting through the steel box. To maintain stability the boxes shall not be articulated as clevis hangers nor the rubber element stacked on top of the spring. Spring diameters and hanger box lower hole sizes shall be large enough to permit the hanger rod to swing through a 30 degree arc from side to side before contacting the rod bushing and short circuiting the spring. Submittals shall include a hanger drawing showing the 30 degree capability. Hangers shall be type **30N** as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.

All-directional acoustical pipe anchor shall consist of two sizes of steel tubing separated by a minimum 1/2" thick 60 durometer neoprene. Vertical restraint shall be provided by similar material arranged to prevent vertical travel in either direction. Allowable loads on the isolation material should not exceed 500 psi and the design shall be balanced for equal resistance in any direction. All-directional anchors shall be type **ADA** as manufactured by Mason Industries, Inc.

Pipe guides shall consist of a telescopic arrangement of two sizes of steel tubing separated by a minimum 1/2" thickness of 60 durometer neoprene. The height of the guides shall be preset with a shear pin to allow vertical motion due to pipe expansion or contraction. Shear pin shall be removable to allow for selection of pipe movement. Guides shall be capable of 1-5/8" motion, or to meet location requirements. Pipe guides shall be type **VSG** as manufactured by Mason Industries.

Page





RI

Es